

Industrial Automation Headquarters

Delta Electronics, Inc. Taoyuan Technology Center No.18, Xinglong Rd., Taoyuan City, Taoyuan County 33068, Taiwan TEL: 886-3-362-6301 / FAX: 886-3-371-6301

Asia

Delta Electronics (Jiangsu) Ltd. Wujiang Plant 3 1688 Jiangxing East Road, Wujiang Economic Development Zone Wujiang City, Jiang Su Province, P.R.C. 215200 TEL: 86-512-6340-3008 / FAX: 86-769-6340-7290

Delta Greentech (China) Co., Ltd. 238 Min-Xia Road, Pudong District, ShangHai, P.R.C. 201209 TEL: 86-21-58635678 / FAX: 86-21-58630003

Delta Electronics (Japan), Inc. Tokyo Office 2-1-14 Minato-ku Shibadaimon, Tokyo 105-0012, Japan TEL: 81-3-5733-1111 / FAX: 81-3-5733-1211

Delta Electronics (Korea), Inc. 1511, Byucksan Digital Valley 6-cha, Gasan-dong, Geumcheon-gu, Seoul, Korea, 153-704 TEL: 82-2-515-5303 / FAX: 82-2-515-5302

Delta Electronics Int'I (S) Pte Ltd. 4 Kaki Bukit Ave 1, #05-05, Singapore 417939 TEL: 65-6747-5155 / FAX: 65-6744-9228

Delta Electronics (India) Pvt. Ltd. Plot No 43 Sector 35, HSIIDC Gurgaon, PIN 122001, Haryana, India TEL : 91-124-4874900 / FAX : 91-124-4874945

Americas Delta Products Corporation (USA) Raleigh Office P.O. Box 12173,5101 Davis Drive, Research Triangle Park, NC 27709, U.S.A. TEL: 1-919-767-3800 / FAX: 1-919-767-8080

Delta Greentech (Brasil) S.A. Sao Paulo Office Rua Itapeva, 26 - 3° andar Edificio Itapeva One-Bela Vista 01332-000-São Paulo-SP-Brazil TEL: 55 11 3568-3855 / FAX: 55 11 3568-3865

Europe

Delta Electronics (Netherlands) B.V. Eindhoven Office De Witbogt 20, 5652 AG Eindhoven, The Netherlands

De Witbogt 20, 5652 AG Eindhoven, The Netherlands TEL : +31 (0)40-8003800 / FAX : +31 (0)40-8003898

AS-0249420-03

*We reserve the right to change the information in this manual without prior notice.

5 S **P**ri Φ 5 C σ Ō 5 **D** 0 5 Ζ 2 5 0



AS Series Operation Manual



AS Series Operation Manual

Revision History

Version	Revision	Date
1 st	The first version was published.	2016/11/30
2 nd	 Add information concerning new models AS08AD-B, AS08AD-C and UB-10-IO32D. Update module weights. Update information concerning Emergency Request Message. 	2018/02/09
3 rd	1. Chapter 2: Specification Corrections	2018/03/22

AS Series Operation Manual

Table of Contents

Chapter 1 Product Introduction

1.1	0\	verview
1.	1.1	Related Manuals I
1.1	1.2	Models Descriptions 1-2
1.2	0\	verview
1.3	Ch	aracteristics1-1
Chap	oter	2 Specifications and System Configuration
2.1	Ge	eneral Specifications2-3
2.2	CF	2-3 2-3 2-3 2-3 2-3 2-3 2-3 2-3 2-3 2-3
2.2	2.1	Functional specifications2-3
2.2	2.2	Electrical specifications
2.2	2.3	Ethernet Specifications
2.2	2.4	CPU Module Profiles2-
2.2	2.5	CPU Module Input/Output Terminals
2.3	Di	gital Input/Output Module Specifications2-1
2.3	3.1	General Specifications 2-1
2.3	3.2	Digital Input/Output Module Profiles
2.3	3.3	Digital Input/Output Module Terminals 2-2
2.4	Ar	alog Input/Output Module Specifications
2.4	4.1	General Specifications 2-33
2.4	4.2	Analog Input/Output Module Profiles 2-40
2.4	4.3	Analog Input/Output Terminals 2-4
2.4	4.4	Analog Input/Output Device Settings 2-42
2.5	Те	mperature Measurement Modules Specifications
2.5	5.1	General Specifications 2-4
2.5	5.2	Temperature Measurement Module Profiles
2.5	5.3	Temperature Measurement Module Dimensions
2.5	5.4	Temperature Measurement Module Device Setting 2-50
2.6	Pc	sitioning Module Specifications2-52
2.6	5.1	General Specifications 2-52
2.6	5.2	Positioning Module Profiles
2.6	5.3	Positioning Module Terminals 2-54
2.7	Ne	etwork Module Specifications2-55

2.7.1	General Specifications	
2.7.2	Network Module Profiles	
2.7.3	Network Module Device Setting	2-59
2.8 Lo	ad Cell Module Specifications	2-60
2.8.1	General Specifications	2-60
2.8.2	Load Cell Module Profiles	2-61
2.8.3	Load Cell Module Dimensions	2-62
2.8.4	Load Cell Module Device Setting	2-62
2.9 Ex	tension Card Specifications	2-63
2.9 Ex 2.9.1	tension Card Specifications General Specifications	
2.9 Ex 2.9.1 2.9.2	tension Card Specifications General Specifications Extension Card Profiles	
 2.9 Ex 2.9.1 2.9.2 2.9.3 	tension Card Specifications General Specifications Extension Card Profiles Function Card Weights	2-63 2-63 2-66 2-67
 2.9 Ex 2.9.1 2.9.2 2.9.3 2.10 Po 	tension Card Specifications General Specifications Extension Card Profiles Function Card Weights wer Supply Module Specifications	2-63 2-63 2-66 2-67 2-68
 2.9 Ex 2.9.1 2.9.2 2.9.3 2.10 Po 2.10.1 	tension Card Specifications General Specifications Extension Card Profiles Function Card Weights wer Supply Module Specifications General Specifications	2-63 2-63 2-66 2-67 2-67 2-68 2-68
 2.9 Ex 2.9.1 2.9.2 2.9.3 2.10 Po 2.10.1 2.10.2 	tension Card Specifications General Specifications Extension Card Profiles Function Card Weights wer Supply Module Specifications General Specifications Power Supply Module Profiles	2-63 2-63 2-66 2-67 2-68 2-68 2-68 2-68

Chapter 3 Installing Software

3.1 Ins	stalling and Uninstalling ISPSoft	
3.1.1	Installing ISPSoft	
3.1.2	Uninstalling ISPSoft	
3.2 Ins	stalling and Uninstalling COMMGR	3-7
3.2 Ins 3.2.1	stalling and Uninstalling COMMGR	

Chapter 4 Installing Hardware

4.1	Ins	tallation	4-2
4.2	Wir	ing	4-5
4.2.	1	Wiring a Power Supply Module	4-5
4.2.	2	Wiring I/O Modules	4-5

Chapter 5 Devices

5.1 Introd	luction of Devices	5-2
5.1.1	Device Table	5-2
5.1.2	Basic Structure of I/O Storages	5-3
5.1.3	Relation Between the PLC Action and the Device Type	5-3
5.1.4	Latched Areas in the Device Range	5-4

5.2. Funct	ions of Devices5-5
5.2.1	Values and Constants
5.2.2	Floating-point Numbers
5.2.3	Strings 5-10
5.2.4	Input Relays (X) 5-11
5.2.5	Output Relays (Y) 5-11
5.2.6	Auxiliary Relays (M) 5-12
5.2.7	Special Auxiliary Relays (SM) 5-13
5.2.8	Stepping Relays (S) 5-13
5.2.9	Timers (T) 5-13
5.2.10	Counters
5.2.11	32-bit Counters (HC) 5-17
5.2.12	Data Registers (D) 5-19
5.2.13	Special Data Registers (SR) 5-20
5.2.14	Index Register (E) 5-20
5.2.15	File Registers (FR) 5-20

Chapter 6 Writing a Program

6.1	Quio	ck Start	. 6-2
6.1.	1	Example	. 6-2
6.1.	2	Hardware	. 6-2
6.1.	3	Program	. 6-3
6.2	Pro	cedure for Creating a Project in ISPSoft	. 6-4
6.3	Crea	ating a Project	. 6-5
6.4	Har	dware Configuration	. 6-6
6.4.	1	Configuring a Module	. 6-6
6.4.	2	Setting the Parameters	. 6-6
6.5	Crea	ating a Program	. 6-8
6.5 6.5.	Crea 1	ating a Program Adding a Ladder Diagram	. 6-8 . 6-8
6.5 6.5. 6.5.	Crea 1 2	ating a Program Adding a Ladder Diagram Basic Editing – Creating a Contact and a Coil	. 6-8 . 6-8 6-10
6.5 6.5. 6.5. 6.5.	Crea 1 2 3	ating a Program Adding a Ladder Diagram Basic Editing – Creating a Contact and a Coil Basic Editing – Inserting a Network and Typing an Instruction	. 6-8 . 6-8 6-10 6-13
6.5 6.5. 6.5. 6.5.	Crea 1 2 3 4	ating a ProgramAdding a Ladder DiagramBasic Editing – Creating a Contact and a CoilBasic Editing – Inserting a Network and Typing an InstructionBasic Editing – Selection of a Network and Operation	. 6-8 . 6-8 6-10 6-13 6-15
6.5 6.5. 6.5. 6.5. 6.5.	Crea 1 2 3 4 5	ating a Program Adding a Ladder Diagram Basic Editing – Creating a Contact and a Coil Basic Editing – Inserting a Network and Typing an Instruction Basic Editing – Selection of a Network and Operation Basic Editing – Connecting a Contact in Parallel	. 6-8 . 6-8 6-10 6-13 6-15 6-17
6.5 6.5. 6.5. 6.5. 6.5. 6.5.	Crea 1 2 3 4 5 6	Ating a Program Adding a Ladder Diagram Basic Editing — Creating a Contact and a Coil Basic Editing — Inserting a Network and Typing an Instruction Basic Editing — Selection of a Network and Operation Basic Editing — Connecting a Contact in Parallel Basic Editing — Editing a Comment	. 6-8 . 6-8 6-10 6-13 6-15 6-15 6-17
6.5 6.5. 6.5. 6.5. 6.5. 6.5.	Crea 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	ating a Program Adding a Ladder Diagram Basic Editing – Creating a Contact and a Coil Basic Editing – Inserting a Network and Typing an Instruction Basic Editing – Selection of a Network and Operation Basic Editing – Connecting a Contact in Parallel Basic Editing – Editing a Comment Basic Editing – Inserting an Applied Instruction	. 6-8 6-10 6-13 6-15 6-15 6-17 6-18 6-19
6.5 6.5. 6.5. 6.5. 6.5. 6.5. 6.5.	Crea 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Ating a Program Adding a Ladder Diagram Basic Editing – Creating a Contact and a Coil Basic Editing – Inserting a Network and Typing an Instruction Basic Editing – Selection of a Network and Operation Basic Editing – Connecting a Contact in Parallel Basic Editing – Editing a Comment Basic Editing – Inserting an Applied Instruction Basic Editing – Creating a Comparison Contact and Typing a Constant of Basic Editing – Creating a Comparison Contact and Typing a Constant of Basic Editing – Creating a Comparison Contact and Typing a Constant of Basic Editing – Creating a Comparison Contact and Typing a Constant of Basic Editing – Creating a Comparison Contact and Typing a Constant of Basic Editing – Creating a Comparison Contact and Typing a Constant of Basic Editing – Creating a Comparison Contact and Typing a Constant of Basic Editing – Creating a Comparison Contact and Typing a Constant of Basic Editing – Creating a Comparison Contact and Typing a Constant of Contact and Typing a Contact and Typing	. 6-8 6-10 6-13 6-15 6-17 6-18 6-19 6-21
 6.5. 6.5. 6.5. 6.5. 6.5. 6.5. 6.5. 	Crea 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	ating a Program Adding a Ladder Diagram Basic Editing – Creating a Contact and a Coil Basic Editing – Inserting a Network and Typing an Instruction Basic Editing – Selection of a Network and Operation Basic Editing – Connecting a Contact in Parallel Basic Editing – Editing a Comment Basic Editing – Inserting an Applied Instruction Basic Editing – Creating a Comparison Contact and Typing a Constant of Contact and Typing a Constant of Contact and Typing a Constant of Contact and Program	. 6-8 6-10 6-13 6-15 6-17 6-17 6-18 6-19 6-21 6-22

6.6	Test	ting and Debugging a Program6	5-25
6.6.	1	Creating a Connection	6-25
6.6.	2	Downloading a Program and Parameters	6-27
6.6.	3	Connection Test	6-29
6.7	Sett	ing a Real-time Clock	5-37

Chapter 7 Memory Card

7.1	Overview of Memory Cards	7-2
7.1	.1 Appearances of Memory Cards	
7.1	.2 Memory Card Specifications	7-2
7.2	Before using a Memory Card	7-3
7.2	.1 Formatting a Memory Card	
7.3	Installing and Removing a Memory Card	7-3
7.3	.1 Memory Card Slot in a CPU Module	7-3
7.3	.2 Installing a Memory Card	
7.3	.3 Removing a Memory Card	
7.4	Memory Card Contents	7-4
7.4	.1 Initializing a Memory Card	
7.4	.2 Folder Structure in a Memory Card	7-5
7.5	Introduction to the CARD Utility	7-6
7.6	Backing Up a Project	7-7
7.7	Restoring a Project	7-11
7.8	Restoration Starts Once CPU is supplied with Power	7-15
7.9	CPU Error Log	7-15

Chapter 8 Hardware Configuration and Data Exchange Setups

8.1 Hardware Configuration Tool for AS Series Modules - HWCONFIG 8 8.1.1 Introduction of the HWCONFIG Environment	8-2 8-2
8.1.2 Configuring a Module	8-4
8.2 Setting the Parameters in an AS Series CPU Module	-16
8.2.1 Opening the PLC Parameter Setting Window8-	-16
8.2.2 Setting the Basic CPU Parameters8-	-18
8.2.3 Configuring AS - Series Remote Modules8-	-36
8.3 Data Exchange - COM1, Data Exchange - COM2 and Data Exchange -	
Ethernet8-	-40
8.3.1 Device Settings Dialog Box Descriptions8-	-40

8.	4 Setting Parameters in a Module	8-44
	8.4.1 Parameters in a Module	8-44
	8.4.2 Exporting and Importing the Parameters in a Module	8-47
	8.4.3 Updating Parameters in a Module	8-47
	8.4.4 Setting Parameters in an SCM	8-48

Chapter 9 EtherNet/IP

9.1 Introduction	9-4
9.1.1 EtherNet/IP	
9.1.2 Definitions of Common Network Terms	
9.1.3 Ethernet Features	
9.1.3.1 Delta EIP Architecture	
9.1.3.2 EIP Features	
9.2 Installation	9-6
9.2.1 EtherNet/IP Device	
9.2.2 Network Cable Installation	
9.2.2.1. Single Port Device	
9.2.2.2. Dual Port Device	
9.2.2.3 EIP Builder Software	
9.3 Specifications	9-10
9.3.1 Ethernet Specification	9-10
9.3.2 EtherNet/IP Specification	9-10
9.3.3 EtherNet Communication Port	9-12
9.3.3.1 Communication Port Pin Assignment	9-12
9.3.3.2 Communication LED Indicator	9-12
9.4 EIP Builder	9-13
9.4.1 Run the EIP Builder	9-13
9.4.1.1 Run the EIP Builder via an EIP Scanner	9-13
9.4.2 Set up the IP Address	9-15
9.4.2.1 IP Address Types	9-15
9.4.2.2 Set the IP Address (Static IP)	9-16
9.4.2.3 Set the IP Address (BOOTP/DHCP)	9-17
9.4.2.4 Re-enable BOOTP/DHCP	
9.4.3 Network	9-22
9.4.3.1 Scan Network	9-25
9.4.3.2 Add devices (Manually)	9-27
9.4.3.3 Set EIP parameters	9-29
9.4.4 Data Mapping	9-32

9.4.5 Diagnosis	9-38
9.5 Programming	
9.5.1 Explicit Message	9-40
9.5.2 TAG	
9.5.2.1 Produced TAG	9-41
9.5.2.2 Consumed TAG	9-42
9.6 Troubleshooting	
9.6.1 Error Code Classification	9-45
9.6.2 Error Codes & How to fix them	9-45
9.6.2.1 Configuration Errors	9-45
9.6.2.2 Application Error	9-48
9.7 Studio 5000 Software Operation	9-48
9.7.1 Architecture	9-48
9.7.2 Create a New Project	9-50
9.7.3 Create a Scanner	9-51
9.7.3.1 Create a New Ethernet/IP Module	9-52
9.7.4 Connect to a Delta Adapter	9-54
9.7.4.1 Import an EDS File	9-54
9.7.4.2 Create an Adapter	9-56
9.7.5 Download	9-59
9.7.6 Data Mapping	9-60
9.8 CIP Object	
9.8.1 Object List	9-62
9.8.2 Data Type	
9.8.3 Identity Object (Class ID: 01 Hex)	9-66
9.8.4 Message Router Object (Class ID: 02 Hex)	9-68
9.8.5 Assembly Object (Class ID: 04 Hex)	9-69
9.8.6 Connection Manager Object (Class ID: 06 Hex)	9-71
9.8.7 Port Object (Class ID: F4 Hex)	9-73
9.8.8 TCP/IP Interface Object (Class ID: F5 Hex)	9-75
9.8.9 Ethernet Link Object (Class ID: F6 Hex)	9-77
9.8.10 X Register (Class ID: 350 Hex)	9-79
9.8.11 Y Register (Class ID: 351 Hex)	
9.8.12 D Register (Class ID: 352 Hex)	9-81
9.8.13 M Register (Class ID: 353 Hex)	9-82
9.8.14 S Register (Class ID: 354 Hex)	9-83
9.8.15 T Register (Class ID: 355 Hex)	9-84
9.8.16 C Register (Class ID: 356 Hex)	9-85
9.8.17 HC Register (Class ID: 357 Hex)	9-86
9.8.18 SM Register (Class ID: 358 Hex)	

9.8.	19 SR Register (Class ID: 359 Hex)	9-88
9.9	Delta EIP Product List9	-89
9.9.	1 Delta EIP Products	9-89
9.9.	2 Delta EIP Products, DLR (Device Level Ring) Supported	9-89
9.9.	3 Delta EIP Products, Scanner Supported	9-89
9 10	Operation and Monitor on the Web	-90
9. 10		- 20
9.10	2 Information	- <u> </u>
9.10	3 Data Monitor	-90 0_01
7.10		/-/1
9.11	Delta EIP Product Application (with OMRON Products)9	-94
9.11	1.1 Architecture	9-94
9.11	1.2 TAG Connection 9	9-95
9.11	1.3 IO Connection9-	110
Chapt	ter 10 CANopen Function and Operation	
10.1	Introduction to CANopen1	0-2
10.1	1.1 CANopen Function Descriptions 1	0-2
10.1	1.2 The Input/Output Mapping Areas 1	0-3
10.2	Installation and Network Topology	0-4
10.2	2.1 The Dimensions of AS-FCOPM	0-4
10.2	2.2 AS-ECOPM on AS300 PLC	0-5
10.2	2.3 Configure the AS-ECOPM with HWCONFIG	0-5
10.2	2.4 The CAN Interface and Network Topology	
10.2		10-0
10.3	The CANopen Protocol10	-10
10.3	Introduction to the CANopen Protocol 10	0-10
10.3	3.2 The CANopen Communication Object10)-12
10.3	3.3 The Predefined Connection Set10)-17
10 4	Sending SDO_NMT and Reading Emergency Message through the La	dder
10.4	Diagram	-18
10.4	4.1 Data Structure of SDO Request Message)-19
10 4	4.2 Data Structure of NMT Message 10)-21
10 /	1.3 Data Structure of EMERGENCY Request Message 10)_22
10.4	14 Example of Sonding SDO through the Ladder Diagram))/
10.4	+. + Example of Sending SDO through the Lauder Diagram	J-∠4
10.5	Troubleshooting10	-26
10.5	5.1 CANopen Network Node State Display10)-26
10.6	Application Example	-28
10.7	Object Dictionary10	-35

Chapter 11 CPU Module Operating Principles

11.1 CPL	J Module Operations11-	2
11.1.1	Procedure	2
11.1.2	I/O Refreshing and Communication Service11-	3
11.2 CPL	J Module Operating Modes11-	3
11.2 CPL 11.2.1	J Module Operating Modes	3 3

Chapter 12 Troubleshooting

12.1 Tro	oubleshooting	12-2
12.1.1	Basic troubleshooting steps	
12.1.2	Clear the Error States	
12.1.3	Troubleshooting SOP	
12.1.4	System Log	12-4
12.2 Tro	oubleshooting for CPU Modules	
12.2.1	ERROR LED Indicators Are ON	
12.2.2	ERROR LED Indicators Blinking Every 0.5 Seconds	
12.2.3	ERROR LED Indicators Blinking Rapidly Every 0.2 Seconds	
12.2.4	ERROR LED Indicators Slow Blinking Every 3 Seconds and Ligh	ting up
	for 1 Second	
12.2.5	BAT. LOW LED Indicators Are ON	
12.2.6	BAT. LOW LED Indicators Blinking Every 0.5 Seconds	
12.2.7	The LED RUN and ERROR Indicators are Blinking Simultaneous	ly Every
	0.5 Seconds	
12.2.8	The RUN and LED Indicators are Blinking One After Another Ev	ery
	0.5 Seconds.	
12.2.9	Other Errors (Without LED Indicators)	
12.3 Tro	oubleshooting for I/O Modules	12-14
12.3.1	Troubleshooting for Analog Modules (AD/DA/XA) and Temperat	ure
	Modules (RTD/TC)	
12.3.2	Troubleshooting for the Load Cell Module AS02LC	
12.3.3	Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Communication	
	Module	
12.3.4	Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Remote Module.	
12.3.5	Troubleshooting for AS01DNET Modules	

12.4 Eri	ror Codes and LED Indicators for CPU Modules
12.4.1	Error Codes and LED Indicators for CPU Modules12-19
12.4.2	Error Codes and LED Indicators for Analog/Temperature Modules12-24
12.4.3	Error Codes and LED Indicators for Load Cell Module AS02LC12-25
12.4.4	Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS00SCM as a Communication
	Module
12.4.5	Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS00SCM as a Remote
	Module
12.4.6	Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS01DNET
	(Master/Slave Mode) 12-26
12.4.7	Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS01DNET (RTU Mode) 12-27

Appendix A Installing a USB Driver

A.1 Installing the USB Driver for an AS Series CPU module in Windows XP with SP3
A.2 Installing the USB Driver for an AS Series CPU module in Windows 7 A-6
A.3 Installing the USB Driver for an AS Series CPU module in Windows 8 .A-11
A.4 Installing the USB Driver for an AS Series CPU module in Windows 8 .A-13
Appendix B Device Addresses
B.1 Device AddressesB-2



Chapter 1 Product Introduction

Table of Contents

1.1	Overview	1-2
1.1.	1 Related Manuals	
1.1 1.2	Overview	1-11
1.3	Characteristics	1-11

1.1 Overview

This manual introduces the AS Series CPU functions, devices, module tables, troubleshooting, and so forth.

1.1.1 Related Manuals

The related manuals for AS Series programmable logic controllers are listed below.

• AS Series Quick Start

This guides you in how to use the system before reading the related manuals.

- AS Series Programming Manual AS Series Programming Manual This introduces programming for the AS Series programmable logic controllers, basic instructions, and applied instructions.
- ISPSoft User Manual This introduces the use of the ISPSoft software, programming language (Ladder, IL, SFC, FBD, and ST), POUs, and tasks.
- AS Series Hardware Manual This introduces electrical specifications, appearances, dimensions, and so forth.
- AS Series Operation Manual This introduces CPU functions, devices, module tables, troubleshooting, and so forth.
- AS Series Module Manual

This introduces special I/O modules such as network modules, analog I/O modules, temperature measurement modules, motion control modules, and so forth.

Classification	Model Name	Description
Power supply	AS-PS02	Input: 100-240 VAC, 50/60 Hz
		Output: 24VDC/2A, 48W (for PLC internal use)
	AS-PS02A	Input: 100-240 VAC, 50/60 Hz
module		Output: 24VDC/1.5A, 36W (for PLC internal use)
		Output: 24VDC/0.5A, 12W (for external use)
		CPU module, PNP output, 1x Ethernet port, 2x RS-485
		ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD interface, 2x function cards
	AS332P-A	(optional), supporting 32 I/Os (16DI+16DO) and up to 1024
		I/Os. Program capacity:128K steps, high-density terminal
		blocks
AS200 Sorios		CPU module, NPN output, 1x Ethernet port, 2x RS-485
CPU modulo	AS332T-A	ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD interface, 2x function cards
CFO module		(optional), supporting 32 I/Os (16DI+16DO) and up to 1024
		I/Os. Program capacity:128K steps, high-density terminal
		blocks
		CPU module, NPN differential output, 1x Ethernet port, 2x
	AS324MT-A	RS-485 ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD interface, 2x
		function cards (optional), supporting 24 I/Os (12DI+12DO)

1.1.2 Models Descriptions

Classification	Model Name	Description
		and up to 1016 I/Os. Program capacity:128K steps,
		high-density terminal blocks
		CPU module, PNP output, 1x Ethernet port , 2x RS-485
		ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD interface, 2x function cards
	AS320P-B	(optional), supporting 20 I/Os (8DI+12DO) and up to 1024
		I/Os. Program capacity:128K steps, removable terminal
		blocks
		CPU module, NPN output, 1x Ethernet port, 2x RS-485
		ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD interface, 2x function cards
	AS320T-B	(optional), supporting 20 I/Os (8DI+12DO) and up to 1024
		I/Os. Program capacity:128K steps, removable terminal
		blocks
		CPU module, no I/Os, 1x Ethernet port, 2x RS-485 ports, 1x
	45200N 4	USB port, 1x Micro SD interface, 2x function cards
	A3300N-A	(optional), and supporting up to 1024 I/Os. Program
		capacity:128K steps
		CPU module, PNP output, 1x Ethernet port , 2x RS-485
		ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD interface, CAN
	AS228P-A	communication port, supporting 28 I/Os (16DI+12DO) and
		up to 1024 I/Os. Program capacity: 64K steps, removable
		terminal blocks
		CPU module, NPN output, 1x Ethernet port , 2x RS-485
		ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD interface, CAN
	AS228T-A	communication port, supporting 28 I/Os (16DI+12DO) and
		up to 1024 I/Os. Program capacity: 64K steps, removable
AS200 Series		terminal blocks
CPU module		CPU module, Relay output, 1x Ethernet port , 2x RS-485
		ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD interface, CAN
	AS228R-A	communication port, supporting 28 I/Os (16DI+12DO) and
		up to 1024 I/Os. Program capacity: 64K steps, removable
		terminal blocks
		CPU module, PNP output, 1x Ethernet port , 2x RS-485
		ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD interface, CAN
	AS218PX-A	communication port, supporting 18 I/Os
		(8DI+6DO+2AI+2AO) and up to 1024 I/Os. Program
		capacity: 64K steps, removable terminal blocks

Classification	Model Name	Description
		CPU module, NPN output, 1x Ethernet port , 2x RS-485
		ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD interface, CAN
	AS218TX-A	communication port, supporting 18 I/Os
		(8DI+6DO+2AI+2AO) and up to 1024 I/Os. Program
		capacity: 64K steps, removable terminal blocks
		CPU module, Relay output, 1x Ethernet port , 2x RS-485
		ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD interface, CAN
	AS218RX-A	communication port, supporting 18 I/Os
		(8DI+6DO+2AI+2AO) and up to 1024 I/Os. Program
		capacity: 64K steps, removable terminal blocks
		24VDC
		5mA
	ASU8AMTUN-A	8 inputs
		Spring-clamp terminal block
		5 - 30VDC
		0.5A
	AS08AN01P-A	8 outputs
		Sourcing output
		Spring-clamp terminal block
	AS08AN01R-A	240VAC/24VDC
		2A
Digital		8 outputs
		Relay
modulo		Spring-clamp terminal block
module		5 - 30VDC
	AS08AN01T-A	0.5A
		8 outputs
		Sinking output
		Spring-clamp terminal block
		24VDC
	AS16AM10N-A	5mA
		16 inputs
		Spring-clamp terminal block
		5 - 30VDC
	AS16AN01P-A	0.5A
		16 outputs

Classification	Model Name	Description
		Sourcing output
		Spring-clamp terminal block
		240VAC/24VDC
		2A
	AS16AN01R-A	16 outputs
		Relay
		Spring-clamp terminal block
		5 - 30VDC
		0.5A
	AS16AN01T-A	16 outputs
		Sinking output
		Spring-clamp terminal block
		24VDC
		5mA
		8 inputs
	AS16AP11P-A	5 - 30VDC
		0.5A
		8 outputs
		Sourcing output
		Spring-clamp terminal block
	AS16AP11R-A	24VDC
		5mA
		8 inputs
		240VAC/24VDC
		2A
		8 outputs
		Relay
		Spring-clamp terminal block
		24VDC
		5mA
	AS16AP11T-A	8 inputs
		5 - 30VDC
		0.5A
		8 outputs
		Sinking output
		Spring-clamp terminal block

Classification	Model Name	Description		
		24VDC		
		3.2mA		
	AS32AM10N-A	32 inputs		
		MIL connector		
		5 - 30VDC		
		0.1A		
	AS32AN02T-A	32 outputs		
		Sinking output		
		MIL connector		
		24VDC		
		3.2mA		
	A304AM TUN-A	64 inputs		
		MIL connector		
		5 - 30VDC		
		0.1A		
	AS64AN02T-A	64 outputs		
		Sinking output		
		MIL connector		
		4-channel analog input module		
		Hardware resolution: 16 bits		
	AS04AD-A	0–10V, 0/1–5V, -5 to +5V, -10 to +10V, 0/4–20mA,		
		-20-+20mA		
		Conversion time: 2 ms/channel		
		8-channel analog input module		
	AS08AD-B	Hardware resolution: 16 bits		
Analog		0 to +10V, 0/1–5V, -5V to +5V, -10V to +10V		
input/output		Conversion time: 2 ms/channel		
module		8-channel analog input module		
	AS08AD-C	Hardware resolution: 16 bits		
		0/4–20mA, -20mA–+20mA		
		Conversion time: 2 ms/channel		
		4-channel analog input module		
	AS04DA-A	Hardware resolution: 12 bits		
	Neo Ibrin	-10 to +10V, 0–20mA, 4–20mA		
		Conversion time: 2 ms/channel		
	AS06XA-A	4-channel analog input module		

Classification	Model Name	Description				
		Hardware resolution: 16 bits				
		0–10V, 0/1–5V, -5 to +5V, -10 to +10V, 0/4–20mA, -20 to				
		+20mA				
		Conversion time: 2 ms/channel				
		2-channel analog input module				
		Hardware resolution: 12 bits				
		-10 to +10V, 0–20mA, 4–20mA				
		Conversion time: 2 ms/channel				
		4-channe, 2-wire/3-wire RTD				
		Sensor type: Pt100 / Ni100 / Pt1000 / Ni1000 / JPt100 /				
		LG-Ni1000 / Cu50 / Cu100 / 0-300 Ω / 0-3000 Ω input				
	AS04RTD-A	impedance				
		Resolution: 0.1°C/0.1°F (16 bits)				
		Conversion time: 200ms/channel				
		6-channe, 2-wire/3-wire RTD				
		Sensor type: Pt100 / Ni100 / Pt1000 / Ni1000 / JPt100 /				
Temperature	AS06RTD-A	LG-Ni1000 / Cu50 / Cu100 / 0-300 Ω / 0-3000 Ω input				
measurement		impedance, Resolution: 0.1°C/0.1°F (16 bits)				
module		Conversion time: 200ms/channel				
		4-channel thermocouple				
	AS04TC-A	Sensor type: J, K, R, S, T, E, N, B and -100 to +100 mV				
		Resolution: 0.1°C/0.1°F (24 bits)				
		Conversion time: 200ms/channel				
		8-channel thermocouple				
		Sensor type: J, K, R, S, T, E, N, B and -100 to +100 mV				
	AS061C-A	Resolution: 0.1°C/0.1°F (24 bits)				
		Conversion time: 200ms/channel				
		2-channel, 4-wire/6-wire load cell sensor				
		Eigenvalues for a load cell: 1, 2, 4, 6, 20, 40, 80 mV/V				
	AS02LC-A	Highest precision 1/10000 @ 50ms of conversion time				
module		ADC Resolution : 4 bits				
		Conversion time: 2.5–400ms (nine options to choose from)				
		2-axis motion control,				
Positioning		5-24 VDC, 1 differential input,				
module	AOUZPU-A	maximum high-speed frequency at 200 k Hz				
		24 VDC, 5 mA, 5 inputs				

Classification	Model Name	Description			
		5 VDC, 2-axis, 4 differential outputs,			
		maximum high-speed frequency at 200 k Hz			
		4-axis motion control			
		24 VDC, 5mA, 6 outputs			
	A304F 0-A	5-30 VDC, 0.1A, 4-axis, 8 outputs, maximum high-speed			
		frequency at 100 kHz			
		Serial communication module, 2x communication ports for			
Network	A3003CM-A	communication cards, supporting MODBUS protocols			
module		DeviceNet communication port, functioning as master or			
	ASUIDNET-A	slave			
	AS00SCM-A				
	+	For AS-FCOPM function cards			
	AS-FCOPM				
Romoto I/O	AS00SCM-A				
	+	For AS-FEN02 function cards			
module	AS-FEN02				
	AS01DNET-A (RTU)	DeviceNet remote IO slave, its right side connects with AS			
		Series extension modules, including digital modules, analog			
		modules, temperature modules, etc.			
	AS 5000	Serial communication port, RS232, functioning as master or			
	A3-F232	slave			
	AS E422	Serial communication port, RS422, functioning as master or			
	A3-F422	slave			
		Serial communication port, RS485, functioning as master or			
	A3-F405	slave			
		CANopen communication port, supporting DS301, AS			
Eurotion cards	AS-FCOFM	series remote modules and Delta servo systems			
T unction cards		2-channel analog input			
	AS-F2AD	0-10V (12 bits), 4-20mA (11 bits)			
		Conversion time: 3ms/channel			
		2-channel analog input			
	AS-F2DA	0-10V, 4-20mA (12 bits)			
		Conversion time: 2ms/channel			
		2x Ethernet ports, supporting MODBUS TCP, EtherNet/IP			
		Adapter, AS Series remote control, and DLR function			
Programming	UC-PRG015-01A	Used for the connection between a PLC and a PC via a mini			

Classification	Model Name	Description			
cable	(1.5M)	USB port, use for AS332T-A, AS332P-A, and AS324MT-A			
		Use for the connection between a PLC and a PC with a mini			
	0C-FRG030-0TA (3NI)	USB port, use for AS332T-A, AS332P-A, and AS324MT-A			
	UC-PRG030-20A (3M)	Use for the connection between a PLC and a PC with a			
		RJ45 port, use for AS332T-A, AS332P-A and AS324MT-A			
	UC-ET010-24B (1M)	MIL connector, 40Pin \leftrightarrow 40Pin, shielded, use for			
	UC-ET020-24B (2M)	AS32AM10N-A, AS32AN02T-A, AS64AM10N-A and			
I/O extension	UC-ET030-24B (3M)	AS64AN02T-A			
cable	UC-ET010-24D (1M)	MIL connector, 40Pin \leftrightarrow 2x 20Pin, shielded, use for			
	UC-ET020-24D (2M)	AS332T-A, AS332P-A, AS324MT-A, AS32AM10N-A,			
	UC-ET030-24D (3M)	AS32AN02T-A, AS64AM10N-A, and AS64AN02T-A			
		16 inputs/outputs, 20-Pin MIL connector, use for AS332T-A,			
	UB-10-ID16A	AS332P-A, AS324MT-A, AS32AM10N-A, AS32AN02T-A,			
		AS64AM10N-A and AS64AN02T-A			
	UB-10-ID32A	32 inputs, 40-Pin MIL connector, use for AS32AM10N-A and			
		AS64AM10N-A			
External	UB-10-IO32D	Terminal block (spring clamp/MIL connector), MIL connector			
terminal		to 40-Pin spring clamp terminal block, use for AS332T-A,			
module		AS332P-A, AS324MT-A, AS32AM10N-A, AS32AN02T-A			
	UB-10-OR16A	16 relay outputs, 20-Pin MIL connector, NPN, use for			
		AS332T-A, AS32AN02T-A and AS64AN02T-A			
	UB-10-OR16B	16 relay outputs, 20-Pin MIL connector, PNP, use for			
		AS332P-A			
	UB-10-OT32A	32 transistor outputs, 40-Pin MIL connector, NPN, use for			
		AS32AN02T-A and AS64AN02T-A			
	UC-CMC003-01A (0.3M)	CANopen communication cable, use for AS-FCOPM series			
	UC-CMC005-01A (0.5M)	CANopen communication cable, use for AS-FCOPM series			
Network cables	UC-CMC010-01A (1M)	CANopen communication cable, use for AS-FCOPM series			
	UC-CMC015-01A (1.5M)	CANopen communication cable, use for AS-FCOPM series			
	UC-CMC020-01A (2M)	CANopen communication cable, use for AS-FCOPM series			
	UC-CMC030-01A (3M)	CANopen communication cable, use for AS-FCOPM series			
	UC-CMC050-01A (5M)	CANopen communication cable, use for AS-FCOPM series			
	UC-CMC100-01A (10M)	CANopen communication cable, use for AS-FCOPM series			
	UC-CMC200-01A (20M)	CANopen communication cable, use for AS-FCOPM series			

Classification	Model Name	Description
		Ethernet communication cable, use for AS Series, CPU and
	00-LW0003-02A (0.5W)	AS-FEN02 Series.
		Ethernet communication cable, use for AS Series, CPU and
	00 Em0000 02/((0.0m)	AS-FEN02 Series.
		Ethernet communication cable, use for AS Series, CPU and
	00-Em0010-02A(1m)	AS-FEN02 Series.
		Ethernet communication cable, use for AS Series, CPU and
	00-LW0020-02A (2W)	AS-FEN02 Series.
		Ethernet communication cable, use for AS Series, CPU and
	00-Lino030-02A (3m)	AS-FEN02 Series.
		Ethernet communication cable, use for AS Series, CPU and
		AS-FEN02 Series.
		Ethernet communication cable, use for AS Series, CPU and
		AS-FEN02 Series.

1.2 Overview

An AS series CPU module is an advanced controller with built-in 6 high speed counters for inputs, up to 6-axis (pulse), and can optionally work with a total of 8-axis (CANopen) position outputs. It provides a strong network function for users, and users can create connection among devices on the network through software. An AS series CPU module also provides structured programming. Users can assign programs to different tasks, and write a program which is frequently executed in a function block. Besides, users can choose different programming languages ladder diagrams (LD), structured texts (ST), sequential function charts (SFC), and continuous function chart (CFC) dealt with by IEC 61131-3 according to their needs when writing programs. They can create the AS series hardware configuration by means of hardware configuration software. They can also restore or back up a system rapidly through the built-in SD interface in an AS series Series CPU module. This manual introduces the basic operation of an AS series system, and help users familiarize themselves with the AS series system.

1.3 Characteristics

Characteristics of the AS series CPU module:

(1) High efficiency

- The AS Series CPU module uses a 32-bit high-speed processor. The module executes basic instructions at 25 ns each and moving instructions at 150ns each. The module executes instructions at a speed of 40k steps/ms (40% of the instructions are basic instructions, and 60% of the instructions are applied instructions).
- The CPU of the AS Series uses the Soc architecture, built with six (or 3) high speed counters. The maximum frequency is 200 kHz for each counter (differential output models can reach 4 MHz); six-axis high speed position output at 200 kHz (differential output models can reach 4 MHz).

(2) Supporting more inputs and outputs

- The AS series CPU module supports up to 1024 digital I/Os or 32 I/O modules (any type) or 16 analog I/O modules.
- The AS series works with SCM/DNETcommunication modules (AS-FCOPM, and AS-FEN02 included) to create a remote connection, and you can connect up to 15 remote modules.

Note: For the connections between the CPU modules and the remote modules, the I/O points cannot exceed 1024 I/Os, 32 I/O modules (any type), or 16 analog I/O modules.

(3) Multiple I/O modules

• The AS series CPU module supports the following I/O modules: digital input/output modules, analog

Module	Description			
Digital	AS08AM10N-A, AS08AN01T-A, AS08AN01P-A, AS08AN01R-A,			
	AS16AM10N-A, AS16AN01T-A, AS16AN01P-A, AS16AN01R-A,			
modulo	AS16AP11T-A, AS16AP11P-A, AS16AP11R-A, AS32AM10N-A,			
module	AS32AN02T-A, AS64AM10N-A, AS64AN02T-A			
Analog				
input/output				
module	AS04AD-A, AS08AD-B, AS08AD-C, AS04DA-A, AS06XA-A, AS04RTD-A			
(Temperature	AS06RTD-A, AS04TC-A, AS08TC-A			
measurement				
module)				
Positioning				
module	A502PU-A, AS04PU-A			
Network module	AS00SCM-A, AS01DNET-A			
Communication	AS-E232 AS-E422 AS-E485 AS-ECOPM AS-EENO2			
card	A3-F232, A3-F422, A3-F400, A3-FCOPM, A3-FENU2			
Function card	AS-F2AD, AS-F2DA			

input/output modules, temperature measurement modules, network modules, and function cards.

(4) Larger program capacity and memory

- The AS300 Series advanced CPU modules have 128k steps of program capacity. 60000 general registers (30000 for specific use and 30000 for programming editing), and 64k words of memory (that can be used for storing parameters).
- The AS200 Series advanced CPU modules have 64k steps of program capacity. 60000 general registers (30000 for specific use and 30000 for programming editing), and 64k words of memory (that can be used for storing parameters).

(5) Supporting IEC 61131-3

- The AS series CPU module supports IEC 61131-3.
- Supported programming languages are ladder diagrams (LD), sequential function chart (SFC), structured text (ST), and continuous function chart (CFC).



• You can select a programming language according to your preference. Programming languages support one another so that programs written by different users are compatible.

(6) Strong function block

- Both standard IEC61131-3 function blocks and convenient functions blocks provided by Delta Electronics, Inc. are supported. You can use function blocks for frequently used programs for greater structure and convenience.
- The symbol for a function block in a ladder diagram is similar to an integrated circuit (IC) in a circuit diagram. Because the ladder diagram is based on the traditional circuit diagram, the operation of a function block is similar to the function of an integrated circuit. You only need to send the signal to the corresponding input of the function block. You do not need to consider the processing procedure inside the function block.



- A function block is a program element equipped with the operation function. It is similar to a subroutine, and is a type of POU (Program Organization Unit). It cannot operate by itself, and must be called through the main program POU. The function defined by the function block is executed after being called with the related parameters. The final result can be sent to the device or variable in the superior POU after the function block completes.
- You can set passwords in ISPSoft to provide function block security. The program inside a function block cannot be read, and business patents cannot be compromised.

(7) Task



- You can assign 283 tasks at most to a program. Among these tasks, 32 are cyclic, 32 are I/O interrupts, 4 are timer interrupts, two are communication interrupts, one is an external 24 V low-voltage interrupt, and 212 are user-defined tasks.
- You can enable and disable a task when running a program by using the TKON and TKOFF instructions.

(8) Increasing hardware configuration efficiency through a USB cable and ISPSoft

• The AS Series CPU module provides a standard USB 2.0 interface. USB 2.0 increases the data transfer rate and decreases the time it takes to download the program, monitor the program, and configure the hardware. You do not need to buy a special communication cable for the CPU module. You can use a general USB cable to connect to the AS Series CPU module.

(9) Serial control interface with multiple functions

- AS Series CPU modules provide two RS-485 serial control interfaces, COM1 and COM2, which can be set as a either master or slave.
- You use the communication cards to work with two extension serial communication ports and to set the port as a master or slave.

(10) High-speed Ethernet communication interface

- AS Series CPU modules are equipped with a 10/100 M Ethernet communication interface and support email, web, and socket services.
- System error messages can be sent to your email immediately. You do not need to be on location to understand the problem.

(11) Memory card

• The memory card has the following functions.

System backup: user program, CPU parameters, module table, and the device setting values

System recovery: user program, CPU parameters, module table, and device setting values

Parameter storage: device value

Log storage: system error log and system status log

(12) I/O module installation

 The AS Series PLC supports slide-and-lock installation on I/O modules when the power is off. After the PLC is powered off, you can remove the defective module and replace it with a new one without removing other modules.



(13) Supporting on-line debugging mode

- You can use the on-line debugging mode in the AS series CPU module after a single instruction step completes, or after a breakpoint is specified, to find bugs in the program.
- The CPU module must be running to enter the debugging mode. After enabling the on-line monitoring

function, click . The debugging screen varies from programming language to programming language, but the same operation applies to these programming languages. For the AS series PLC, structured text does not support debugging mode, and sequential function charts supports debugging mode during the action and the transition.

Step 1: Set the PLC to RUN





Step 3: Enter debugging mode

(14) On-line editing mode

- You can use the on-line editing mode when the system is running to update the program without affecting the system operation.
- When the system is in the on-line monitoring mode, enter the on-line editing mode by clicking



• After the program is modified and compiled, you can update the program in the CPU module by

clicking 🗾 to download it to the CPU.



Chapter 2 Specifications and System Configuration

Table of Contents

2.1	General Specifications	2-3
2.2	CPU Module Specifications	2-3
2.2	2.1 Functional specifications	
2.2	2.2 Electrical specifications	
2.2	2.3 Ethernet Specifications	
2.2	2.4 CPU Module Profiles	
2.2	2.5 CPU Module Input/Output Terminals	2-14
2.3	Digital Input/Output Module Specifications	2-17
2.3	3.1 General Specifications	2-17
2.3	3.2 Digital Input/Output Module Profiles	2-19
2.3	3.3 Digital Input/Output Module Terminals	2-27
2.4	Analog Input/Output Module Specifications	2-33
2.4	4.1 General Specifications	2-33
2.4	Analog Input/Output Module Profiles	2-40
2.4	Analog Input/Output Terminals	2-41
2.4	Analog Input/Output Device Settings	2-42
2.5	Temperature Measurement Modules Specifications	2-45
2.5	5.1 General Specifications	2-45
2.5	5.2 Temperature Measurement Module Profiles	2-47
2.5	5.3 Temperature Measurement Module Dimensions	
2.5	5.4 Temperature Measurement Module Device Setting	2-50
2.6	Positioning Module Specifications	2-52
2.6	6.1 General Specifications	2-52
2.6	5.2 Positioning Module Profiles	2-53
2.6	6.3 Positioning Module Terminals	
2.7	Network Module Specifications	2-55
2.7	7.1 General Specifications	2-55
2.7	7.2 Network Module Profiles	2-56
2.7	7.3 Network Module Device Setting	2-59
2.8	Load Cell Module Specifications	2-60
2.8	3.1 General Specifications	

2.8.2	Load Cell Module Profiles	2-61
2.8.3	Load Cell Module Dimensions	2-62
2.8.4	Load Cell Module Device Setting	2-62
2.9 Ext	ension Card Specifications	2-63
2.9.1	General Specifications	2-63
2.9.2	Extension Card Profiles	2-66
2.9.3	Function Card Weights	2-67
2.10 Pov	wer Supply Module Specifications	2-68
2.10.1	General Specifications	2-68
2.10.2	Power Supply Module Profiles	2-68
2.10.3	Power Supply Module Terminals	2-69

ltem	Specifications
Operating temperature	-20 to 60°C
Storage temperature	-40 to 80°C
On anothing the maidlife	5–95%
Operating numidity	No condensation
Storago humidity	5–95%
Storage number	No condensation
Work environment	No corrosive gas exists.
Installation location	In a control box
Pollution degree	2
EMC (electromagnetic compatibility)	Refer to Chapter 7 for more information.
	Tested with:
	5 Hz \leq f \leq 8.4 Hz, constant amplitude 3.5 mm;
Vibration resistance	8.4 Hz \leq f \leq 150 Hz, constant acceleration 1g
Vibration resistance	Duration of oscillation: 10 sweep cycles
	per axis on each direction of the three mutually perpendicular axes
	International Standard IEC 61131-2 & IEC 60068-2-6 (TEST Fc)
	Tested with:
	Half-sine wave:
Shock resistance	Strength of shock 15 g peak value, 11 ms duration;
	Shock direction: The shocks in each in direction per axis, on three mutually
	perpendicular axes (total of 18 shocks)
Sofoty	
Salety	

2.1 General Specifications

2.2 CPU Module Specifications

2.2.1 Functional specifications

ltem	AS324MT-A / AS332T-A AS228T-A / AS228P-A AS332P-A / AS320T-B AS228R-A / AS218TX-A AS320P-B / AS300N-A AS218PX-A / AS218RX-A	Remark
Execution	The program is executed cyclically.	
Input/Output control	Regenerated inputs/outputs Direct inputs/outputs	The inputs and outputs can be controlled through the direct inputs and direct outputs.
	IEC 61131-3	
Programming language	Ladder diagrams, continuous function charts, structured text, and sequential function charts	
Instruction execution speed	40K steps/ms	
Number of instructions Approximately 666 instructions		
Constant scan cycle (ms)	1-32000 (The scan cycle can be increased by one millisecond.)	Setting the parameter

ltem	AS324MT-A / AS332T-A AS332P-A / AS320T-B AS320P-B / AS300N-A	Remark	
Program capacity (step)	128K steps 64K steps		
Installation	DIN rails or screws		
Installation of a module	No backplane installation	; only module after module	
Maximum number of modules which can be installed	32 modules		
Number of tasks	283 tasks (32 cyclic tasks timed interrupts, etc.)	Refer to the AS Series Operation manual for more information.	
Number of inputs/outputs	Maximum 1024	Number of inputs/outputs accessible to an actual input/output module	
Input relays [X]	1024		
Output relays [Y]	1024		
Internal relays [M]	8192 (M0–M8191)		
Timers [T]	512 (T0–T511)		
Counters [C]	512 (C0–C511)		
32-bit counter [HC]	256 (HC0–HC255)		
Data register [D]	30000 (D0–D29999)		
Data register [W]	30000 (W0–W29999)		
Stepping relay [S]	2048 (S0–S2047)		
Index register [E]	10 (E0–E9)		
Special auxiliary relay [SM]	2048 (SM0–SM2047)		
Special data register [SR]	2048 (SR0–SR2047)		
Serial communication port	2x RS-485		
Ethernet port	10/100 M		
USB port	Mini USB		
Storage interface	SD Card (Micro SD); max	kimum storage: 32G	
Real-time clock	Years, months, days, hou weeks	*Batteries (CR1620) are not included.	
Function card interface	2x function cards, supporting communication card, AD/DA analog function cards		
CANopen DS301 (Master)	Maximum node: 64; maximum bytes: 2000		*A function card
CANopen DS301 (Slave)	Maximum PDO: 8; maxin	AS-FCOPM is required for AS300 Series.	

Model Item	AS332T-A/ AS332P-A/ AS324MT-A	AS320T-B/ AS320P-B	AS300N-A	AS228T-A/ AS228P-A	AS218TX-A/ AS218PX-A	AS228R-A/ AS218RX-A
Supply voltage	24 VDC (20.4	24 VDC (20.4 VDC-28.8 VDC) (-15% to +20%)				
Power consumption (W)	3.6	3.6	3	3.4	4.9	4.3 / 5.3
Weight (g)	260	285	235	285	290	325 / 310

2.2.2 Electrical specifications

• Electrical specifications for the inputs on digital input/output module. The signals passing through the inputs are 24 VDC signals.

ltem	Model	AS332T-A AS332P-A	AS320T-B AS320P-B	AS324MT-A	
Number of inputs		16 (X0.0-X0.15)	8 (X0.0-X0.7)	12 (X0.0-X0.11)	
Connector type		MIL connector	Removable terminal blocks	MIL connector	
Input type		Digital input			
Input form		Direct current (sinking or sourcing)		X0.0+-X0.3+/X0.0- to X0.3-: differential input X0.4-X0.11: Direct current (sinking or sourcing)	
Input voltage/ current		24 VDC 5 mA		X0.0+–X0.3+/X0.0- to X0.3-: 5 VDC, 5 mA X0.4–X0.11: 24 VDC, 5 mA	
Action level	OFF→ON	>15 VDC		X0.0+-X0.3+/X0.0- to X0.3-: >0.2VDC X0.4-X0.11: >15VDC	
	ON→OFF	<5 VDC		X0.0+-X0.3+/X0.0- to X0.3-: <-0.2VDC X0.4-X0.11: <5VDC	
Response time	OFF→ON	X0.0~X0.11:< 2.5μs X0.12~X0.15:< 50μs		X0.0+–X0.3+/X0.0- to X0.3-: < 0.125 μs X0.4–X0.11: < 2.5μs	
	ON→OFF	X0.0~X0.1 X0.12~X0.	1 : < 2.5µs 15 : < 50µs	X0.0+–X0.3+/X0.0- to X0.3-: < 0.125 μs X0.4–X0.11: < 2.5μs	
Maximum input frequency		X0.0~X0.1 X0.12~X0.	1 : 200KHz 15 : 10KHz	X0.0+-X0.3+/X0.0- to X0.3-: < 4 MHz X0.4-X0.11: < 200 kHz	
Input impedance		5.6 kΩ			
Input signal		Voltage input Sinking: The inputs are NPN transistors whose collectors are open collectors. Sourcing: The inputs are PNP transistors whose collectors are open collectors.			
Electrical isolation		Optocoupler			
Input display		When the optocoupler is driven, the input LED indicator is ON.			

Note: AS300N-A does not come with inputs/outputs.

2-5

• Electrical specifications for the outputs on AS300 Series.

Item	Model	AS332T-A AS332P-A	AS320T-B AS320P-B	AS324MT-A	
Number of inputs		16 (Y0.0-Y0.15)	12 (Y0.0-Y0.11)	12 (Y0.0-Y0.11)	
Connector type		MIL connector	Removable terminal blocks	MIL connector	
Output form		Transistor-T (sinking) Transistor-P (sourcing)		Y0.0+-Y0.3+/Y0.0- to Y0.3-: differential input Y0.4-Y0.11: Transistor-T (sinking)	
Output current		5-30 VDC, 0.1A		Y0.0+-Y0.3+/Y0.0- to Y0.3- : 5 VDC, 20 mA Y0.4-Y0.11: 5-30VDC, 0.1A	
Maximum	Resistance	0.	1A	Y0.0+-Y0.3+/Y0.0-Y0.3- : 20mA Y0.4-Y0.11: 0.1A	
load	Inductance	N/A			
	Bulb	N/A		/Α	
Maximum output frequency ^{*1}	Resistance	Y0.0-Y0.11: 200 KHz Y0.12-Y0.15: 100 Hz		Y0.0+-Y0.3+/Y0.0- to Y0.3- : 4 MHz Y0.4-Y0.11: 200 KHz	
	Inductance	N/A			
	Bulb	N/A		/A	
Maximum Response time	OFF→ON	Y0.0~Y0 Y0.12~Y0	.11: 2.5µs .15: 0.5ms	Y0.0+–Y0.3+/Y0.0- to Y0.3-: 0.125 μs Y0.4–Y0.11: 2.5 μs	

• Electrical specifications for the inputs on AS200 Series. The signals passing through the inputs are 24 VDC signals.

Model		AS228P-A / AS228R-A / AS228T-A	AS218PX-A / AS218RX-A / AS218TX-A	
Number of inputs		16 (X0.0-X0.15)	8 (X0.0-X0.7)	
Connector type		Removable terminal blocks		
Input type		Digital input		
Input form		Direct current (sinking or sourcing)		
Input voltage/ current		24 VDC		
		5 mA		
Action loval	OFF→ON	>15 VDC		
Action level	ON→OFF	<5 VDC		
		X0.0–X0.7: < 2.5μs		
Posponso timo		X0.8–X0.15: < 50µs		
Response time		X0.0–X0.7: < 2.5μs		
		X0.8–X0.15: < 50µs		
Maximum input frequency		X0.0–X0.7: 200 KHz		
		X0.8–X0.15: 10 KHz		
Input impedance		3.9 kΩ		
Input signal		Voltage direct input		
		Sinking: The inputs are NPN transistors whose collectors are open collectors.		
		Sourcing: The inputs are PNP transistors whose collectors are open		
		collectors.		

Model	AS228P-A / AS228R-A / AS228T-A	AS218PX-A / AS218RX-A / AS218TX-A	
Electrical isolation	Optocoupler		
Input display	When the optocoupler is driven, the input LED indicator is ON.		
Analog inputs	N/A	2	
Analog input resolution	N/A	12bits	
Analog input mode	N/A	-10V~10V (voltage mode) or 20mA~20mA (currentmode)	
Analog linearity error	N/A	±1% (full scale)	
Analog input impedance	NI/A	≧1 MΩ (Voltage mode)	
Analog input impedance	IN/A	250 Ω (Current mode)	

• Electrical specifications for the outputs on AS200 Series.

Item	Model	AS228R-A AS218RX-A	AS228T-A AS218TX-A	AS228P-A AS218PX-A	
Number of outputs		AS228 Series: 12 outputs (Y0.0-Y0.11) AS218 Series 6 outputs (Y0.0-Y0.5)			
Connector type		Removable terminal blocks			
Output form		Relay	Transistor-T (sinking)	Transistor-P (sourcing)	
Input voltage/ current		240 VAC / 24 VDC	5-30 VDC	5-30 VDC	
	Resistance	2A/output, 8A/COM	0.5A	0.5A	
Maximum	Inductance	Life cycle curve*1	N/A	N/A	
load	Bulb	20W (24VDC) 100W (230VAC)	N/A	N/A	
Maximum	Resistance	1Hz	200kHz	200kHz	
output	Inductance	0.5Hz	N/A	N/A	
frequency	Bulb	1Hz	N/A	N/A	
Maximum Response	OFF→ON	10 ms	2.5 µs	2.5 µs	
time	ON→OFF	10 113			
Analog outputs		AS218 Series: 2 outputs			
Analog output resolution		AS218 Series: 12bits			
Analog output mode		AS218 Series: -10V~10V (voltage mode) or 0mA~20mA (currentmode)			

*1: Life cycle curve


2.2.3 Ethernet Specifications

Item		AS300 Series	AS200 Series	Remarks	
Com	munication Pro	tocol	MODBUS TCP, EtherNet/IP, SMT HTTP		Protocols can be used simultaneously
	Server conne	ection number	32	16	
MODBUS	Client conne	ection number	32	16	
TCP	RTU-EN01 Ma	apping number	4	4	
0	TCP connection number		4	2	
Socket	UDP connee	ction number	4	2	
SMTP	Email	number	4	2	
	Ту	уре	Scanner	, Adapter	
		CIP connection number	32 (Clients+Servers)	16 (Clients+Servers)	I/O connections shared
		TCP connection number	16 (Clients+Servers)	8 (Clients+Servers)	I/O connections shared
	CIP Network I/O	Requested Packet Interval (RPI)	5 ms–1	000 ms	Default: 20 ms
	Connection	Max. Transmission Speed	3000		
		Max. Data Length/per transmission	500 1		
EtherNet/IP		Class 3 (Connected Type)	Total 32 (Servers), including the ones from the UCMM type	Total 16 (Servers), including the ones from the UCMM type	I/O connections shared
	CIP Network Explicit Message	UCMM (Non- Connected Type)	Total 32 (Clients + Servers) , including the ones from the Class 3	Total 16 (Clients + Servers) , including the ones from the Class 3	I/O connections shared
		CIP Objects	Identity, Message Router, Assembly, Connection Manager, Port, TCP/IP interface, Ethernet link, Vendor specific		
		Max. CIP connection number	32 (Servers)	16 (Servers)	I/O connections shared
	CIP Network Produced Tag	Max. Data Length	400 1	oytes	
		Requested Packet Interval (RPI)	5 ms-1	000 ms	
	CIP Network	Max. CIP	32	16	I/O

Item			AS300 Series	AS200 Series	Remarks
	Consumed Connection		(Clients+Servers)	(Clients+Servers)	connections
	lag	Max. Data Length	400	oytes	Shared
		Requested Packet Interval (RPI)	5 ms–1	000 ms	
	AS00SCM (RT connecite	U) + AS-FEN02 on number	15	8	AS Remote

2.2.4 CPU Module Profiles

• AS324MT-A/AS332T-A/AS332P-A/AS300N-A



Unit: mm



Unit: mm

2

Number	Name	Description				
	Power LED indicator	Indicates the power status of the CPU module				
		Operating status of the module				
	Run LED indicator	ON: the module is running.				
		OFF: the module is stopped.				
		Error status of the module				
	Error LED indicator	ON: a serious error occurs in the module.				
1		OFF: the module is normal.				
		Blinking: a minor error occurs in the module.				
	BAT.LOW LED	Indicates the battery status of the CPU module.				
	indicator	(Enable/Disable this display in HWCONFIG in ISPSoft)				
		Indicates the communication status of the COM port.				
		OFF: no communication over the COM port				
		Blinking: communication over the COM port				
2	Model name	Shows the model name of the CPU module.				
	Bun/Stop	RUN: execute the programs				
	Run/Siop	STOP: stop the programs				
	USB port	Mini USB communication port				
3	SD card slot	Provides an interface for an SD card				
		VR0: use the flag SM166 to activate the values in SR166				
		VR1: use the flag SM167 to activate the values in SR167				
1	Input/Output LED	If there is an input signal, the input LED indicator is ON.				
4	indicator	If there is an output signal, the output LED indicator is ON.				
5	Ethernet port	Provides an interface for a n Ethernet communication				
6	COM1/COM2	Provides an interface for RS-485 communication				
7	DIN rail clip	Secures the DIN rail				
8	Extension card slot	Provides an interface for an extension card				
a	MIL connector	Connects the module and the wiring module				
	Note: AS300N-A does no	pt come with inputs/outputs; no connector for AS300N-A.				
10	Grounding clip	For grounding				
11	Power supply	For power supply				
12	Label	Nameplate				
13	External module port	Connects the modules				
	Removable terminal	Connects the module and the wiring module				
14	blocks	Note: AS300N-A does not come with inputs/outputs; no connector for AS300N-A.				



• AS200 Series (AS218PX-A/AS218RX-A/AS218TX-A/AS228R-A/AS228T-A/AS228P-A)



Number	Name	Description
	Power LED indicator	Indicates the power status of the CPU module
		Operating status of the module
	Dun I ED indiaator	ON: the module is running.
	Run LED Indicator	OFF: the module is stopped.
		Blinking: the module is detecting an error.
		Error status of the module
	Errer I ED indicator	ON: a serious error occurs in the module.
	Error LED Indicator	OFF: the module is normal.
		Blinking: a minor error occurs in the module.
	BAT.LOW LED	Indicates the battery status of the CPU module.
	indicator	(Enable/Disable this display in HWCONFIG in ISPSoft)
	COM1 LED	Indicates the communication status of the COM/CAN port.
	COM2 LED	OFF: no communication over the COM/CAN port
	CAN LED	Blinking: communication over the COM/CAN port
2	Model name	Shows the model name of the CPU module.
	D	RUN: execute the programs
	Run/Stop	STOP: stop the programs
	USB port	Mini USB communication port
3	SD card slot	Provides an interface for an SD card
		VR0: use the flag SM166 to activate the values in SR166
	VKU/VKI	VR1: use the flag SM167 to activate the values in SR167
	Input/Output LED	If there is an input signal, the input LED indicator is ON.
4	indicator	If there is an output signal, the output LED indicator is ON.
5	Ethernet port	Provides an interface for a n Ethernet communication
6	COM1/COM2	Provides an interface for RS-485 communication
7	DIN rail clip	Secures the DIN rail
8	CAN port	Provides an interface for CAN communication
9	Removable terminal blocks	Connects the module and the wiring module
10	Grounding clip	For grounding
11	Power supply	For power supply
12	Label	Nameplate
13	External module port	Connects the modules

- MIL connector, extension cable, and wiring modules (for AS332T-A/AS332P-A/AS324MT-A)
 - 1. Extension Cable UC-ET010-24D (1M) / UC-ET020-24D (2M) / UC-ET030-24D (3M)



Number	Name	Description
1	IDC 40-pin terminal	Connects a digital input/output module and an external terminal module.
2	IDC 20-pin terminal	Connects the external terminal modules UB-10-ID16A/UB-10-OR16A/UB-10-OR16B

2. AS332T-A/AS332P-A/AS324MT-A and the external terminal module UB-10-ID16A



Number	Name	Description
1	20-pin MIL connector	Connects the external terminal module and a wiring module
2	Terminals	Input/Output terminals for wiring
3	Clip	Hangs the external terminal module on a DIN rail
4	Set screw	Fixes the base

3. AS332T-A and the external terminal module UB-10-OR16A/AS332P-A, and UB-10-OR16B



Unit: mm

Number	Name	Description
1	20-pin MIL connector	Connects the external terminal module and a wiring module
2	Terminals	Input/Output terminals for wiring
3	2-pin power input terminal	Power input terminal for wiring
4	Output LED indicator	If there is an output signal, the output LED indicator is ON.
5	Relay output	Relay output
6	Clip	Hangs the external terminal module on a DIN rail
7	Set screw	Fixes the base

• Spring clamp/MIL connector terminal block UB-10-IO32D for AS332T-A/AS332P-A/AS324MT-A



Number	Name	Description
1	Terminal block for output	Terminal block
2	40-pin MIL connector	Connects the module and the wiring module



Y0.0-

Y0.0+

2.2.5 CPU Module Input/Output Terminals

AS218RX-A/AS218TX-A/AS218PX-A											
			AI	0	DI	0					
			V1+	V2+	S/S	C0					
O ERROR O BAT. LOW O C OM1	_	L	l1+	l2+	X0.0	Y0.0					
			VI1-	VI2-	X0.1	Y0.1					
01 09 02 010 03 011			-	-	X0.2	Y0.2					
PULL D 04 012 05 013 06 014	4 01 10 5 6 01 10 7	2 0 0 6 3 0 0 7	VO1	VO2	X0.3	-					
	8 01 10 9 10 01 10 11		101	IO2	X0.4	C1					
Ethemet 02 010 03 011 0UT 04 0	12 OLIO 13 14 OLIO 15		AG	AG	X0.5	Y0.3					
	T		-	-	X0.6	Y0.4					
		U	-	Ŧ	X0.7	Y0.5					
	AS2	28R-A/AS228T	-A/AS22	8P-A							
			IN		OUT						
			S/S	S/S	C0	C1					
O ERROR O BAT. LOW O C OM1	_	L	X0.0	X0.1	Y0.0	Y0.4					
	∾ TBT ∾ ★OTIDA★		X0.2	X0.3	Y0.1	Y0.5					
01 09 02 010 03 011			X0.4	X0.5	Y0.2	Y0.6					
PULL D 2 04 012 05 013 06 014	4 01 10 5 6 01 10 7	2 01 10 6 3 01 10 7	X0.6	X0.7	Y0.3	Y0.7					
	8 0 0 9 10 0 0 11		X0.8	X0.9	-	-					
Ethemet 02 010 03 011 0UT 04 0	12 01 10 13 14 01 10 15	8 01 00 9 10 01 00 11	X0.10	X0.11	-	C2					
	t		X0.12	X0.13	Y0.8	Y0.9					
		U U	X0.14	X0.15	Y0.10	Y0.11					

MIL connector and the external terminal module UB-10-ID16A for AS332T-A / AS332P-A / AS324MT-A





AS332T-A												
#1	TB1	Y0.0	Y0.2	Y0.4	Y0.6	Y0.8	Y0.10	Y0.12	Y0.14	C0	-	
#1	TB2	Y0.1	Y0.3	Y0.5	Y0.7	Y0.9	Y0.11	Y0.13	Y0.15	C0	-	
#2	TB1	X0.0	X0.2	X0.4	X0.6	X0.8	X0.10	X0.12	X0.14	S/S	-	
#2	TB2	X0.1	X0.3	X0.5	X0.7	X0.9	X0.11	X0.13	X0.15	S/S	-	

AS332P-A												
#1	TB1	Y0.0	Y0.2	Y0.4	Y0.6	Y0.8	Y0.10	Y0.12	Y0.14	-	C0	
<i>π</i> 1	TB2	Y0.1	Y0.3	Y0.5	Y0.7	Y0.9	Y0.11	Y0.13	Y0.15	-	C0	
#0	TB1	X0.0	X0.2	X0.4	X0.6	X0.8	X0.10	X0.12	X0.14	S/S	-	
#2	TB2	X0.1	X0.3	X0.5	X0.7	X0.9	X0.11	X0.13	X0.15	S/S	-	

AS324MT-A													
#1	TB1	Y0.0+	Y0.1+	Y0.2+	Y0.3+	SG1	Y0.4	Y0.6	Y0.8	Y0.10	C0		
#1	TB2	Y0.0-	Y0.1-	Y0.2-	Y0.3-	SG1	Y0.5	Y0.7	Y0.9	Y0.11	C0		
# 2	TB1	X0.0+	X0.1+	X0.2+	X0.3+	SG0	X0.4	X0.6	X0.8	X0.10	S/S		
#2	TB2	X0.0-	X0.1-	X0.2-	X0.3-	SG0	X0.5	X0.7	X0.9	X0.11	S/S		

- 40
 39

 38
 37

 36
 35

 34
 33

 32
 31

 28
 27
- Spring clamp/MIL connector terminal block UB-10-IO32D for AS332T-A/AS332P-A/AS324MT-A

2.3 Digital Input/Output Module Specifications

2.3.1 General Specifications

• Electrical specifications for the inputs on digital input/output modules (The signals passing through the inputs are 24 VDC signals.)

Module name		08AM10N -A	16AM10N -A	32AM10N -A	64AM10N -A	16AP11R A	16AP11T -A	16AP11P -A
Number of in	puts	8	16	32	64	8	8	8
Connector type		Removable terminal MIL connector Removable terminal block				al block		
Input type					Digital inpu	t		
Input form				Direct curre	ent (sinking	or sourcing)	
Input voltage/ current		24 VDC · 5 mA 24 VD 3.2 m			24 VDC 3.2 mA	24 VDC · 5 mA		
Action lovel	OFF→ON	>15 VDC						
Action level	ON→OFF	<5 VDC						
Response	OFF→ON	10 ms±10%						
time	ON→OFF	15 ms±10%						
Maximum input frequency		50 Hz						
Input impedance			4.7 kΩ		7.5kΩ		4.7 kΩ	
Input signal		Voltage input						
		Sinking: The inputs are NPN transistors whose collectors are open						

	collectors. Sourcing: The inputs are PNP transistors whose collectors are open collectors.				
Electrical isolation	Optocoupler				
Input display	When the optocoupler is driven, the input LED indicator is ON.				
Weight	100 g 117 g 100 g 140 g 138 g 120 g 120 g				

Electrical specifications for the outputs on a digital input/output module

	Model	08AN01	16AN01	16AP11	08AN01	16AN01	16AP11	08AN01	16AN01	16AP11
ltem		R-A	R-A	R-A	T-A	T-A	T-A	P-A	P-A	P-A
Number of i	nputs	8	16	8	8	16	8	8	16	8
Connector t	уре	Removable terminal block								
Output type					D	igital outp	out			
Output form	1		Relay-R		Transistor-T (sinking)		Transistor-P (sourcing)			
Output volta	age/ current	240	VAC/24	VDC	5-	-30 VDC	*2	5-30 VDC *2		
	Resistance	2A/oi	utput, 8A/	СОМ		0.5A			0.5A	
Maximum	Inductance	Life cycle curve ^{*2}			12	12 W (24 VDC)		12 W (24 VDC)		
load	Bulb	20 W (24 VDC) 10 0W (230 VAC)		2 W (24 VDC)		2 W (24 VDC)				
Maximum	Resistance		1 Hz			100 Hz			100 Hz	
output	Inductance		0.5 Hz			0.5 Hz			0.5 Hz	
frequency*1	Bulb	1 Hz			10 Hz		10 Hz			
Maximum	OFF→ON	10 mg		0.5		0.5 mg				
time ON→OFF 10 ms			0.5 ms			0.5 ms				
Weight		120 g	158 g	138 g	100 g	122 g	120 g	100 g	123 g	120 g

Model		32AN02T-A	64AN02T-A				
Number of i	nputs	32 64					
Connector t	уре	MIL connector					
Output type		Digital output					
Output form	1	Transistor-	T (sinking)				
Output volta	age/ current	5–30	VDC				
Movimum	0.1 A	0.1A					
	Inductance	N/A					
IUau	Bulb	N/A					
Maximum	Resistance	100 Hz					
output	Inductance	N/A					
frequency*1	Bulb	N/A					
Maximum OFF→ON		0.5	0.5 mg				
time	ON→OFF	0.5 ms					
Weight		100 g	142 g				

*1: The scan cycle affects the frequency.

*2: The life cycle curve is shown below.



2.3.2 Digital Input/Output Module Profiles



• AS08AM10N-A/AS08AN01P-A/AS08AN01R-A/AS08AN01T-A

Number	Name	Description
1	Model name	Model name of the module
2	Input/output LED indicator	If there is an input signal, the input LED indicator is ON. If there is an output signal, the output LED indicator is ON.
3	Removable terminal block	The inputs are connected to sensors. The outputs are connected to loads to be driven.
4	Arrangement of the input/output terminals	Arrangement of the terminals
5	Terminal block clip	Secures the terminal block
6	DIN rail clip	Secures the DIN rail
7	External module port	Connects the modules
8	Label	Nameplate

 AS16AM10N-A/AS16AN01P-A/AS16AN01R-A/AS16AN01T-A/AS16AP11P-A/AS16AP11R-A/ AS16AP11T-A



Unit: mm

Number	Name	Description
1	Model name	Model name of the module
2	Input/Output LED indicator	If there is an input signal, the input LED indicator is ON. If there is an output signal, the output LED indicator is ON.
3	Removable terminal block	The inputs are connected to sensors. The outputs are connected to loads to be driven.
4	Arrangement of the input/output terminals	Arrangement of the terminals
5	Terminal block clip	Secures the terminal block
6	DIN rail clip	Secures the DIN rail
7	External module port	Connects the modules
8	Label	Nameplate

• AS32AM10N-A



Unit: mm

Number	Name	Description
1	Model name	Model name of the module
2	X0/X1 LED Indicator switch	Switches the LED indicators to their represented inputs.
3	MIL connector	For the external I/O connecting cables UC-ET010-24B, UC-ET020-24B, UC-ET030-24B
4	Power LED indicator	Indicates the power status of the module
5	Input LED indicator	LED indicator is ON during input.
6	DIN rail clip	Secures the DIN rail
7	External module port	Connects the modules
8	Label	Nameplate

2-21

2

• AS32AN02T-A

2



Number	Name	Description
1	Model name	Model name of the module
2	Y0/Y1 LED indicator switch	Switches the LED indicators to their represented outputs.
3	MIL connector	For the external I/O connecting cables UC-ET010-24D, UC-ET020-24D, UC-ET030-24D
4	Power LED indicator	Indicates the power status of the module
5	Output LED indicator	LED indicator is ON during output.
6	DIN rail clip	Secures the DIN rail
7	External module port	Connects the modules
8	Label	Nameplate

AS64AM10N-A



Number	Name	Description
1	Model name	Model name of the module
2	LED indicator switch 1	Switches the LED indicators to their represented inputs.
3	LED indicator switch 2	Switches the LED indicators to their represented inputs.
4	MIL connector	For the external I/O connecting cables UC-ET010-24B, UC-ET020-24B, UC-ET030-24B
5	Power LED indicator	Indicates the power status of the module
6	Input LED indicator	If there is an input signal, the input LED indicator is ON.
7	DIN rail clip	Secures the DIN rail
8	External module port	Connects the modules
9	Label	Nameplate

• AS64AN02T-A



Number	Name	Description
1	Model name	Model name of the module
2	LED indicator switch 1	Switches the LED indicators to their represented outputs.
3	LED indicator switch 2	Switches the LED indicators to their represented outputs.
4	MIL connector	For the external I/O connecting cables UC-ET010-24D, UC-ET020-24D, UC-ET030-24D
5	Power LED indicator	Indicates the power status of the module
6	Output LED indicator	If there is an output signal, the output LED indicator is ON.
7	DIN rail clip	Secures the DIN rail
8	External module port	Connects the modules
9	Label	Nameplate

• MIL connector, extension cable, and wiring modules

1. Extension Cable UC-ET010-24D (1M) / UC-ET020-24D (2M) / UC-ET030-24D (3M)



NumberNameDescription1IDC 40-pin terminalConnects a digital input/output module and an external terminal
module.2IDC 20-pin terminalConnects the external terminal modules
UB-10-ID16A/UB-10-OR16A/UB-10-OR16B

2. I/O connecting cables UC-ET010-24B (1M) / UC-ET020-24B (2M) / UC-ET030-24B (3M)



Number	Name	Description
1	IDC 40-pin terminal	Connects an external terminal module and a wiring module UB-10-ID32A, and UB-10-OT32A

3. AS32AM10N-A/AS64AM10N-A and the external terminal modules UB-10-ID16A, UB-10-ID32A



UB-10-ID32A



Unit: mm					
Number	Name	Description			
1	UB-10-ID16A: 20-pin MIL connector UB-10-ID32A: 40-pin MIL connector	Connects the external terminal module and a wiring module			
2	Terminals	Input/Output terminals for wiring			
3	Clip	Hangs the external terminal module on a DIN rail			
4	Set screw	Fixes the base			

4. AS332T-A/AS64AN02T-A and the external terminal modules UB-10-ID16A, UB-10-OR16A, and UB-10-OT32A.





Unit: mm



Unit: mm

Number	Name	Description
1	UB-10- ID16A /OR16A: 20-pin MIL connector UB-10-OT32A: 40-pin MIL connector	Connects the external terminal module and a wiring module
2	Terminals	Input/Output terminals for wiring
3	2-pin power input terminal	Power input terminal for wiring
4	Output LED indicator	LED indicator is ON during output.
5	Relay output	Relay output
6	Clip	Hangs the external terminal module on a DIN rail
7	Set screw	Fixes the base

• Spring clamp/MIL connector terminal block UB-10-IO32D for AS32AM10N-A/AS32AN02T-A



Number	Name	Description
1	Terminal block for output	Terminal block
2	40-pin MIL connector	Connects the module and the wiring module



2.3.3 Digital Input/Output Module Terminals







• MIL connector and the wiring module

- 1. AS32AM10N-A/AS64AM10N-A
 - The wiring module: UB-10-ID16A



AS32AM10N-A/ AS64AM10N-A											
#2	TB1	X0.0	X0.2	X0.4	X0.6	X0.8	X0.10	X0.12	X0.14	S/S	-
#2	TB2	X0.1	X0.3	X0.5	X0.7	X0.9	X0.11	X0.13	X0.15	S/S	-

The wiring module: UB-10-ID32A



AS series terminals:

Upper row	X0.0	X0.2	X0.4	X0.6	X0.8	X0.10	X0.12	X0.14	X1.0	X1.2	X1.4	X1.6	X1.8	X1.10	X1.12	X1.14	S/S	S/S
Lower row	X0.1	X0.3	X0.5	X0.7	X0.9	X0.11	X0.13	X0.15	X1.1	X1.3	X1.5	X1.7	X1.9	X1.11	X1.13	X1.15	S/S	S/S

- 2. AS32AN02T-A/AS64AN02T-A and the wiring modules:
 - UB-10-ID16A



	AS332T-A										
#1	TB1	Y0.0	Y0.2	Y0.4	Y0.6	Y0.8	Y0.10	Y0.12	Y0.14	C0	-
#1	TB2	Y0.1	Y0.3	Y0.5	Y0.7	Y0.9	Y0.11	Y0.13	Y0.15	C0	-

UB-10-OT32A



AS series terminals:

Upper row	Y0.0	Y0.2	Y0.4	Y0.6	Y0.8	Y0.10	Y0.12	Y0.14	Y1.0	Y1.2	Y1.4	Y1.6	Y1.8	Y1.10	Y1.12	Y1.14	•	•
Lower row	Y0.1	Y0.3	Y0.5	Y0.7	Y0.9	Y0.11	Y0.13	Y0.15	Y1.1	Y1.3	Y1.5	Y1.7	Y1.9	Y1.11	Y1.13	Y1.15	C0	C0

UB-10-OR16A





AS series terminals:

GND +24V C0 Y0.0 Y0.1 Y0.2 Y0.3 C1 Y0.4 Y0.5 Y0.6 Y0.7 C2 Y0.8 Y0.9 Y0.10 Y0.11 C3 Y0.12 Y0.13 Y0.14 Y0.15

- 3. AS32AM10N-A/AS32AN02T-A and the wiring modules:
 - ♦ UB-10-IO32D



2.4 Analog Input/Output Module Specifications

2.4.1 General Specifications

• AS04AD-A

Electrical specifications

Module name	AS04AD-A							
Number of inputs	Four							
Analog-to-digital conversion	Voltage input/Current input							
Supply voltage	24 VDC (20.4 VDC-28.8 VDC) (-15% to +20%)							
Connector type	Removable terminal block							
Conversion time	2 ms/channel							
Isolation	An analog circuit is isolated from a digital circuit by a digital integrated circuit/an optocoupler, but the analog channels are not isolated from one another. Isolation between a digital circuit and a ground: 500 VDC Isolation between an analog circuit and a ground: 500 VDC Isolation between an analog circuit and a digital circuit: 500 VDC Isolation between the 24 VDC and a ground: 500 VDC							
Weight	145 g							

Analog-to-digital conversion			Voltage input		
Rated input range	-10 V to +10 V	0 V–10 V	±5 V	0 V–5 V	1 V–5 V
Hardware input	-10.1 V to	-0.1 V to	-5.05 V to	-0.05 V to	
range	+10.1 V	+10.1 V	+5.05 V	+5.05 V	0.95 V-5.05 V
Error rate (Room temperature)			±0.2%		
Error rate (Full temperature range)			±0. 5%		
Linearity error (Room temperature)			±0.02%		
Linearity error (Full temperature range)			±0.06%		
Hardware resolution			16 bits		
Input impedance			1 MΩ		
Absolute input range			±15 V		

Analog-to-digital conversion		Current input									
Rated input range	±20 mA	0 mA–20 mA	4 mA–20 mA								
Hardware input range	-20.2 mA to +20.2 mA	-0.2 mA to +20.2 mA	3.8 mA–20.2 mA								
Error rate (Room temperature)		±0.2%									
Error rate (Full temperature range)		±0.5%									
Linearity error (Room temperature) (Full temperature range)		±0.04%									
Linearity error		±0.10%									
Hardware resolution	16 bits										
Input impedance		250 Ω									
Absolute input range		±32 mA									

• AS08AD-B

Electrical specifications

Module name	AS08AD-B						
Number of inputs	Eight						
Analog-to-digital conversion	Voltage input						
Supply voltage	24 VDC (20.4 VDC-28.8 VDC) (-15% to +20%)						
Connector type	Removable terminal block						
Conversion time	2 ms/channel						
Isolation	An analog circuit is isolated from a digital circuit by a digital integrated circuit/an optocoupler, but the analog channels are not isolated from one another. Isolation between a digital circuit and a ground: 500 VDC Isolation between an analog circuit and a ground: 500 VDC Isolation between an analog circuit and a digital circuit: 500 VDC Isolation between the 24 VDC and a ground: 500 VDC						
Weight	145 g						

Analog-to-digital conversion			Voltage input							
Rated input range	-10 V to +10 V	0 V–10 V	±5 V	0 V–5 V	1 V–5 V					
Hardware input	-10.1 V to	-0.1 V to	-5.05 V to	-0.05 V to						
range	+10.1 V	+10.1 V	+5.05 V	+5.05 V	0.95 V-5.05 V					
Error rate (Room temperature)			±0.2%							
Error rate (Full temperature range)			±0. 5%							
Linearity error (Room temperature)	±0.02%									
Linearity error (Full temperature range)	±0.06%									
Hardware resolution			16 bits							
Input impedance			1 MΩ							
Absolute input range			±15 V							

• AS08AD-C

Electrical specifications

Module name	AS08AD-C						
Number of inputs	Eight						
Analog-to-digital conversion	Current input						
Supply voltage	24 VDC (20.4 VDC-28.8 VDC) (-15% to +20%)						
Connector type	Removable terminal block						
Conversion time	2 ms/channel						
Isolation	An analog circuit is isolated from a digital circuit by a digital integrated circuit/an optocoupler, but the analog channels are not isolated from one another. Isolation between a digital circuit and a ground: 500 VDC Isolation between an analog circuit and a ground: 500 VDC Isolation between an analog circuit and a digital circuit: 500 VDC Isolation between the 24 VDC and a ground: 500 VDC						
Weight	145 g						

Analog-to-digital conversion		Current input		
Rated input range	±20 mA	0 mA–20 mA	4 mA–20 mA	
Hardware input range	-20.2 mA to +20.2 mA	-20.2 mA to +20.2 mA -0.2 mA to +20.2 mA 3.8 mA-20		
Error rate (Room temperature)		±0.2%		
Error rate (Full temperature range)		±0.5%		
Linearity error (Room temperature) (Full temperature range)	±0.04%			
Linearity error	±0.10%			
Hardware resolution	16 bits			
Input impedance	250 Ω			
Absolute input range	±32 mA			

• AS04DA-A

Electrical specifications

Module name	AS04DA-A		
Number of outputs	Four		
Analog-to-digital conversion	Voltage output/Current output		
Supply voltage	24 VDC (20.4 VDC-28.8 VDC) (-15%-+20%)		
Connector type	Removable terminal block		
Conversion time	2 ms/channel		
Isolation	An analog circuit is isolated from a digital circuit by a digital integrated circuit/an optocoupler, but the analog channels are not isolated from one another. Isolation between a digital circuit and a ground: 500 VDC Isolation between an analog circuit and a ground: 500 VDC Isolation between an analog circuit and a digital circuit: 500 VDC Isolation between the 24 VDC and a ground: 500 VDC		
Weight	145 g		

Analog-to-digital conversion	Voltage output				
Rated output range	±10 V	0 V–10 V	±5 V	0 V–5 V	1 V–5 V
Hardware output range	-10.1V to +10.1V	-0.1V to +10.1V	-5.05V to +5.05V	-0.05V to +5.05V	0.95V-5.05V
Error rate (Room temperature)			±0.2%		
Error rate (Full temperature range)		±0. 5%			
Linearity error (Room temperature)	±0.05%				
Linearity error (Full temperature range)	±0.05%				
Hardware resolution	12 bits				
Input impedance	1 kΩ–2 MΩ at ±10 V and 0 V–10 V				
Absolute output range	≧500 Ωat1 V-5 V				

Analog-to-digital conversion	Current output		
Rated output range	0 mA–20 mA	4 mA–20 mA	
Hardware output range	-0.2 mA to +20.2 mA	3.8 mA–20.2 mA	
Error rate (Room temperature)	±0.2%		

Analog-to-digital conversion	Current output
Error rate (Full temperature range)	±0.5%
Linearity error (Room temperature) (Full temperature range)	±0.03%
Linearity error	±0.03%
Hardware resolution	12 bits
Input impedance	<u>≤</u> 550 Ω

• AS06XA-A

Electrical specifications

Module name	AS06XA-A		
Number of inputs/outputs	Inputs: four; Outputs: two		
Analog-to-digital conversion	Voltage input/Current input; Voltage output/Current output;		
Supply voltage	24 VDC (20.4 VDC-28.8 VDC) (-15% to +20%)		
Connector type	Removable terminal block		
Conversion time	2ms/channel		
Isolation	An analog circuit is isolated from a digital circuit by a digital integrated circuit/an optocoupler, but the analog channels are not isolated from one another. Isolation between a digital circuit and a ground: 500 VDC Isolation between an analog circuit and a ground: 500 VDC Isolation between an analog circuit and a digital circuit: 500 VDC Isolation between the 24 VDC and a ground: 500 VDC		
Weight	145 g		

Analog-to-digital conversion	Voltage input				
Rated input range	-10V to +10V	0V-10V	±5V	0V–5V	1V–5V
Hardware input	-10.1V to	-0.1V to	-5.05V to	-0.05 V to	0.95\/_5.05\/
range	+10.1V	+10.1V	+5.05V	+5.05 V	0.937-3.037
Error rate (Room temperature)		±0.2%			
Error rate (Full temperature range)	±0. 5%				
Linearity error (Room temperature)	±0.02%				
Linearity error (Full temperature range)	±0.06%				
Hardware resolution	16 bits				

Analog-to-digital conversion	Voltage input
Input impedance	1 MΩ
Absolute input range	±15 V

Analog-to-digital conversion	Current input		
Rated input range	±20 mA	0 mA–20 mA	4 mA–20 mA
Hardware input range	-20.2 mA-20.2 mA	-0.2 mA–20.2 mA	3.8 mA–20.2 mA
Error rate (Room temperature)		±0.2%	
Error rate (Full temperature range)	±0.5%		
Linearity error (Room temperature) (Full temperature range)	±0.04%		
Linearity error	±0.10%		
Hardware resolution	16 bits		
Input impedance	250 Ω		
Absolute input range	±32 mA		

Digital-to-analog conversion	Voltage output				
Rated output range	±10V	0V–10V	±5V	0V–5V	1V–5V
Hardware output	-10.1V to +10.1V	-0.1V to +10.1V	-5.05V to	-0.05 V to	0.95V–5.05V
Error rate (Room temperature)		±0.2%			
Error rate (Full temperature range)	±0. 5%				
Linearity error (Room temperature)	±0.05%				
Linearity error (Full temperature range)	±0.05%				
Hardware resolution	12 bits				
Input impedance	1 k Ω –2 M Ω at ±10 V and 0 V–10 V				
Absolute output range	≧500 Ωat1 V-5 V				

Analog-to-digital conversion	Current	Current output		
Rated output range	0 mA–20 mA	4 mA–20 mA		
Hardware output	-0.2 mA to +20.2 mA	3.8 mA–20.2 mA		

Analog-to-digital conversion	Current output
range	
Error rate (Room temperature)	±0.2%
Error rate (Full temperature range)	±0.5%
Linearity error (Room temperature) (Full temperature range)	±0.03%
Linearity error	±0.10%
Hardware resolution	12 bits
Output impedance	≦550 Ω

2.4.2 Analog Input/Output Module Profiles

• AS04AD-A/AS08AD-B/AS08AD-C/AS04DA-A/AS06XA-A



Number	Name	Description
1	Model name	Model name of the module
		Indicates the status of the power supply
	POWER LED indicator	ON: the power is on
		OFF: no power
	ERROR LED indicator ON: a s OFF: th Blinking	Error status of the module
		ON: a serious error occurs in the module.
2		OFF: the module is normal.
		Blinking: a minor error occurs in the module.
	Analog to digital	Indicates the analog to digital conversion status
		Blinking: conversion is taking place
		OFF: stop conversion
3	Removable terminal	The inputs are connected to sensors.

Number	Name	Description
	block	The outputs are connected to loads to be driven.
4	Arrangement of the input/output terminals	Arrangement of the terminals
5	Terminal block clip	Removal of the terminal block
6	DIN rail clip	Secures the module onto the DIN rail
7	Module connecting set	Connects the modules
8	Ground clip	
9	Label	Nameplate

2.4.3 Analog Input/Output Terminals





2.4.4 Analog Input/Output Device Settings

(1) AS04AD-A

	Davica Informatio	n Normal Evolution Aroa	
format CH1~CH4 Mode setting CH1~CH4 Calibration average filter	Device Name Description	AS04AD-A 4 channels 16 bits analog input: -10~+10V, 0~10V, -5~	
sampling time Channel Detect		+5V, U/1 5V, U/4 2U mA, -2U mA 2U mA conversion time = 2ms/channel	Annual State
	Comment	F I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	2
	DDF Version	00.50.00	
	Firmware Version	×	
· · · ·	Hardware Version	A	
Default Jonand	Frank 1	name of	
Detault Import	Export	Tagaie	

(2) AS08AD-B

AS08AD-B	Device Information Normal Exchange Area		
format —CH1-CH8 Mode setting —CH1-CH8 Calibration — average filter — sampling time — Channel Detect and Alarm :	Device Name Description	AS08AD-B 8 channels 16 bits analog input : -10-+10V, 0-10V, -5-+5V, 0/1-5V, conversion time = 2ms/channel Module current consumption:(Internal)50mA,(External)90mA Module total witdh:35mm	000
	Comment		
	DDF Version	00.40.00	
	Firmware Version	(off-line)	
- <u></u>	Hardware Version	(off-line)	
L) +[
		and t	

(3) AS08AD-C

- AS08AD-C	Device Info	nformation Normal Exchange Area	
	Device Name	AS08AD-C	
	Description	\$ channels 16 bits analog input : 0~20mA,4~20mA,-20~20mA, conversion time = 2ms'channel Module current consumption:(Internal)50mA,(External)90mA Module total witdh:35mm	- unum
	Comment	1	
	DDF Version	00.40.00	
	Firmware Version	(off-line)	<u>.</u>
	Hardware Version	1 (off-line)	
()	-		
Default Import	Export	Undate	

2
(4) AS04DA-A

2

AS04DA-A format CH1~CH4 Mode setting CH1~CH4 Calibration	Device Informatic	n Normal Exchange Area	
	Device Name	AS04DA-A	
-OutPut Setting	Description	4 channels 12 bits analog output : -10~+10V, 0~10V, -5~ +5V, 0/1~5V, 0/4~20 mA, conversion time = 2ms/channel	MDr.
	Comment		
	DDF Version	00.50.00	
	Firmware Version		
	Hardware Version	Fer en les en	-
Defende La Junear L	Frid 1	and the second s	

(5) AS06XA-A

Options			
AS06XA-A format Input CH1 [∞] CH4 Mode se laget CH1 [∞] CH4 Celibrati	Device Informatio	n Normal Exchange Area	
	Device Name	AS06XA-A	
Input average filter Input sampling time Input Channel Detect Output CH1~CH2 Mode :	Description	4 channels 16 bits analog input,2 channels 12 bits analog output:-10~+10V, 0~10V,-5~+5V, 0/1~5V, 0/4~20 mA, -20mA~20 mA conversion time = 2ms/channel	
- Output CH1~CH2 Calibra - OutPut Setting	Comment		
	DDF Version	00,40,00	
	Firmware Version	1	
	Hardware Version		
<u>* •</u>			
Default Import	Export	-pdate	

Refer to the AS Series Module Manual for further information on device settings.

2.5 Temperature Measurement Modules Specifications

2.5.1 General Specifications

• AS04RTD-A / AS06RTD-A

Electrical specifications

Number of analog inputs	AS04RTD-A: four ; AS06RTD-A: six				
	2-WIRE & 3-WIRE Pt100/Ni100/Pt1000/Ni1000/				
	JPt100/LG-Ni1000/Cu50/Cu100/0–300 Ω/0–3000 Ω				
	Pt100:DIN 43760-1980 JIS C1604-1989;100 Ω 3850 PPM/°C				
	Pt1000:DIN EN60751;1 kΩ 3850 PPM/°C				
Applicable sensor	Ni100/Ni1000 : DIN 43760				
	JPt100 : JIS C1604-1989				
	LG-Ni1000				
	Cu50	/Cu100			
Supply voltage	24 VDC (20.4 VDC-28.8 VDC) (-15% to +20%)				
Connector type	Removable terminal block				
	Pt100/Ni100/Pt1000/Ni1000/JPt100	25°C/77°F: The error is $\pm 0.1\%$ of the input within the range. -20 to +60°C/-4 to +140°F: The error is $\pm 0.5\%$ of the input within the range.			
Overall accuracy	LG-Ni1000	25° C/77°F: The error is $\pm 0.2\%$ of the input within the range.			
	Cu50	25°C/77°F: The error is 4°C of the input within the range.			
	Cu100	25°C/77°F: The error is 2°C of the input within the range.			
Conversion time	Two-wire/three-wire configuration: 200 ms/channel				
Isolation	An analog circuit is isolated from a digital circuit by a digital integrated circuit/a optocoupler, and the analog channels are isolated from one another by optocouplers.				
	Isolation between an analog circuit and	a ground: 500 VDC			
	Isolation between an analog circuit and	a digital circuit: 500 VDC			
	Isolation between the 24 VDC and a gr	ound: 500 VDC			
Weight	AS04RTD-A: 115g	; AS06RTD-A: 125g			

Functional specifications

Analog-to-digital conversion	Centigrade (°C)	Fahrenheit (°F)	Input impedance
Rated input range	Pt100: -180°C to +800°C Ni100: -80°C to +170°C Pt1000: -180°C to +800°C Ni1000: -80°C to +170°C JPt100: -180°C to +170°C LG-Ni1000: -50°C to +150°C Cu50: -50°C to +150°C Cu100: -50°C to +150°C	Pt100: -292°F to +1,472°F Ni100: -112°F to +338°F Pt1000: -292°F to +1,472°F Ni1000: -112°F to +338°F JPt100: -112°F to +338°F LG-Ni1000: -58°F to +338°F Cu50: -58°F to +302°F Cu100: -58°F to +302°F	0–300 Ω 0–3000 Ω

Average function	Range: 1–100
Self-diagnosis	Disconnection detection

• AS04TC-A / AS08TC-A

Electrical specifications

Number of analog inputs	AS04TC-A: four ; AS08TC-A: eight		
Applicable sensor	Type J, K, R, S, T, E, N and B thermocouple; input impedance: $\pm 100 mV$		
Supply voltage	24 VDC (20.4 VDC-28.8 VDC) (-15% to +20%)		
Connector type	Removable terminal block		
Overall accuracy	25°C/77°F: The error is ±0.5% of the input within the range. -20 to +60°C/-4 to +140°F: The error is ±1% of the input within the range.		
Conversion time	200 ms/channel		
Isolation	An analog circuit is isolated from a digital circuit by a digital integrated circuit, and the analog channels are isolated from one another by optocouplers. Isolation between a digital circuit and a ground: 500 VDC Isolation between an analog circuit and a ground: 500 VDC Isolation between an analog circuit and a digital circuit: 500 VDC Isolation between two group circuits: 500 VDC Isolation between the 24 VDC and a ground: 500 VDC Isolation between the analog channels: 120VAC		
Weight	AS04TC-A: 115g ; AS08TC-A: 125g		

Functional specifications

Analog-to-digital conversion	Centigrade (°C)	Fahrenheit (°F)	Input impedance
Rated input range	Type J: -100°C~1200°C Type K: -100°C~1,350°C Type R: 0°C~1,750°C Type S: 0°C~1,750°C Type T: -150°C~400°C Type E: -150°C~980°C Type N: -150°C~1,300°C Type B: 200°C~1,800°C	Type J: -148°F~2,192°F Type K: -148°F~2,462°F Type R: 32°F~3,182°F Type S: 32°F~3,182°F Type T: -238°F~752°F Type E: -238°F~1,796°F Type N: -238°F~2,372°F Type B: 32°F~3,182°F	±100mV
Average function	Range: 1~100		
Self-diagnosis	Disconnection detection		

2.5.2 Temperature Measurement Module Profiles



• AS04RTD-A / AS06RTD-A

Number	Name	Description
1	Model name	Model name of the module
	POWER LED indicator	Indicates the status of the power supply ON: the power is on
		OFF: no power
		Error status of the module
2	ERROR LED indicator	ON: a serious error occurs in the module.
2		OFF: the module is normal.
		Blinking: a minor error occurs in the module.
	Analas ta disital	Indicates the analog to digital conversion status
	conversion indicator	Blinking: conversion is taking place
	conversion indicator	OFF: stop conversion
3	Removable terminal	The inputs are connected to sensors.
5	block	The outputs are connected to loads to be driven.
4	Arrangement of the input/output terminals	Arrangement of the terminals
5	Terminal block clip	Removal of the terminal block
6	DIN rail clip	Secures the module onto the DIN rail
7	Module connecting set	Connects the modules
8	Ground clip	
9	Label	Nameplate

• AS04TC-A / AS08TC-A



Number	Name	Description
1	Model name	Model name of the module
	POWER LED indicator	Indicates the status of the power supply ON: the power is on OFF: no power
2	ERROR LED indicator	Error status of the module ON: a serious error occurs in the module. OFF: the module is normal. Blinking: a minor error occurs in the module.
	Analog to digital conversion indicator	Indicates the analog to digital conversion status Blinking: conversion is taking place OFF: stop conversion
3	Removable terminal block	The inputs are connected to sensors. The outputs are connected to loads to be driven.
4	Arrangement of the input/output terminals	Arrangement of the terminals
5	Terminal block clip	Removal of the terminal block
6	DIN rail clip	Secures the module onto the DIN rail
7	Module connecting set	Connects the modules
8	Ground clip	
9	Label	Nameplate



2.5.3 Temperature Measurement Module Dimensions

Unit: mm

2.5.4 Temperature Measurement Module Device Setting

(1) AS04RTD-A

ASIMBTD-A	Device Informatio	n Normal Exchange Area	
- format CH1 [~] CH4 Mode setting CH1 [~] CH4 Calibration average filter Temperature measurem Channel Detect	Device Name	AS04RTD-A	
	Description	4 channels RTD analog intput : 0~300ohm, 0~3000ohm, Pr100, JP1100, Pr1000,Ni100, Ni1000,LGNi1000 conversion time = 200ms/channel	-
	Camment		
	DDF Version	00.40.00	
	Firmware Version	he we we	
	Hardware Version		-
Barrie I annual I	ess 1	unione II	

(2) AS06RTD-A

		r r		
 AS06RTD-A - format - CH1-CH6 Mode setting - CH1-CH6 Calibration - average filter - Temperature measurement 1 - Channel Detect and Alarm : 	Device Info Device Name Description Comment DDF Version Firmware Version Hardware Version	AS06RTD-A 6 channels RTD analog intp PPt00, Pt1000, Ni1000, Ni1000 200ms/channel Module current consumptio Module total witdh:35mm 00.40.00 (off-line) (off-line)	change Area ut : 0~3000hm, 0~30000hm, Pt100,)LGN1000 conversion time = n:(Internal)50mA,(External)30mA ▼	
Default Import	Export	l'pdate		OK

(3) AS04TC-A

AS04TC-A	Device Informatio	n Normal Exchange Area	
format CH1~CH4 Mode setting CH1~CH4 Celibration	Device Name	AS04TC-A	
	Description	4 channels thermocouple input : - 100mV~100mV,H,K,R,S,T,E,N,B conversion time = 200ms/channel	
	Comment		
	DDF Version	00.40.00	
	Firmware Version		
	Hardware Version		
4			

(4) AS08TC-A

AS081C-A	Device Info	mation	Normal Exchange Area		
	Device Name	AS08TC-A			
CH1CH3 Calibration average filter Temperature measurement (Channel Detect and Alarm :	Description	8 channels th 100mV~100m 200ms/chann Module curr Module total	nemocouple input : - V.H.K.R.S.T.E.N.B conversion time = tel ent consumption:(Internal)50m.A.,(External) witch:35mm	30mA	ustre
	Comment	1		_	
	DDF Version	00.40.00		_	
	Firmware Version	(of	f-line)		
	Hardware Version		(off-line)		

Refer to the AS Series Module Manual for further information on device settings.

2.6 Positioning Module Specifications

2.6.1 General Specifications

Electrical specifications for the inputs

• AS02PU-A

Model Item		Differential inputs on both ends	24VDC COM on one end		
Number of inputs		3 (A+/B+/Z+/A-/B-/Z-)	5 (X0.0-X0.4)		
Connector	r type	Removable terminal blocks			
Input type		Digital input			
Input form		Connected by an independent terminal	Direct current (sinking or sourcing)		
Input curre	ent	5-24 VDC, 5 mA	24 VDC, 5 mA		
Action	OFF→ON	-	>15 VDC		
level	ON→OFF	-	<5 VDC		
Response time		2.5 µs	< 0.5 ms		
Maximum input frequency		200 KHz	1 KHz		
Input impe	dance	4.7 kΩ			
Input signal		-	Voltage input Sinking: The inputs are NPN transistors whose collectors are open collectors. Sourcing: The inputs are PNP transistors whose collectors are open		
			collectors.		
Electrical i	isolation	Optocoupler			
Input disp	lay	When the optocoupler is driven, the input	LED indicator is ON.		
Weight		120 g			

• AS04PU-A

ltem	Model	AS04PU-A	
Number o	of inputs	Six	
Connector type		Removable terminal blocks	
Input type		Digital input	
Input form		Direct current (sinking or sourcing)	
Input current		24 VDC, 5 mA	
Action	OFF→ON	>15 VDC	
level	ON→OFF	<5 VDC	
Response time		< 0.5 ms	
Maximum input frequency		1 KHz	
Input impedance		4.7 kΩ	

Model Item	AS04PU-A	
Input signal	Voltage input Sinking: The inputs are NPN transistors whose collectors are open collectors. Sourcing: The inputs are PNP transistors whose collectors are open collectors.	
Electrical isolation	Optocoupler	
Input display	When the optocoupler is driven, the input LED indicator is ON.	
Weight	120 g	

Electrical specifications for the outputs

Item	Model	AS02PU-A	AS04PU-A	
Number of i	nputs	Four	Eight	
Connector type		Removable terminal blocks		
Output form	I	differential output	Transistor-T (sinking) (NPN)	
Output curre	ent	5 VDC, 20 mA	5-30 VDC, 0.1A	
	Resistance	20 mA	0.1A	
Maximum	Inductance	N/A		
	Bulb	N/A		
Maximum	Resistance	200 KHz	100 KHz	
output	Inductance	N/A		
frequency*1	Bulb	N/A		
Maximum Response time	OFF→ON	2.5 µs	5 µs	
Weight	jht 120 g) g	

2.6.2 Positioning Module Profiles

• AS02PU-A / AS04PU-A



Number	Name	Description
1	Model name	Model name of the module
		Indicates the status of the power supply
	POWER LED indicator	ON: the power is on
		OFF: no power
		Operating status of the module
	Pup LED indicator	ON: the module is running.
2		OFF: the module is stopped.
		Blinking: the module is detecting an error.
		Error status of the module
	Error LED indicator	ON: a serious error occurs in the module.
		OFF: the module is normal.
		Blinking: a minor error occurs in the module.
3	Removable terminal	The inputs are connected to sensors.
	block	The outputs are connected to loads to be driven.
4	Arrangement of the	Arrangement of the terminals
	input/output terminals	
5	Terminal block clip	Removal of the terminal block
6	DIN rail clip	Secures the module onto the DIN rail
7	Module connecting set	Connects the modules
8	Ground clip	
9	Label	Nameplate

2.6.3 Positioning Module Terminals



2.7 Network Module Specifications

2.7.1 General Specifications

• RS-485/RS-422/RS-232 communication interface

Item	Specifications	
Connector type European-style terminal block, spring-clamp terminal block		
Transmission speed	300, 600, 1,200, 2,400, 4,800, 9,600, 19,200, 38,400, 57,600, 76,800, 115,200, 230,400bps	
Communication format Stop bit: 1 stop bit or 2 stop bits Parity bit: none, an odd parity bit, or an even parity bit Data bit: 7 data bits or 8 data bits		
Communication protocol	Modbus ASCII/RTU UD Link	

• CAN communication interface

ltem	Specifications	
Connector type	RJ-45	
Transmission speed	d 10K, 20K, 50K, 125K, 250K, 500K, 1000 Kbps	
Communication	Communication AS special remote mode (for RTU mode)	
protocol	CANopen (available for models with firmware V2.0 or later)	

• Ethernet communication interface

Item	Specifications	
Connector type	RJ-45	
Transmission speed 10M, 100 Mbps		
Communication MODBUS TCP, EtherNet/IP (available for models with firmware V2.0)		

• Electrical specifications

ltem	Specifications
Supply voltage	24 VDC
Electric energy consumption	0.6 W
Weight	Approximately 169 g

2.7.2 Network Module Profiles

• AS00SCM-A

Г



Unit: mm

Number	Name	Description
1	Model name	Model name of the module
2	POWER LED indicator	Indicates the status of the power supply ON: the power is on OFF: no power or the power is low
	ERROR LED indicator	 Error status of the module OFF: The module is normal. Blinking: Module setting or communication error (blinks every 1 second) Hardware or low power error (blinks every 0.2 second)
	Extension card 1 indicator (orange)	Blinking: communication is taking place in card 1 OFF: No communication in card 1
	Extension card 2 indicator (orange)	Blinking: communication is taking place in card 2 OFF: No communication in card 2
3	Address and function setting knobs	2 sets for setting up the address and function in card 1 and 2
4	Slot for function card 1	Available for AS-F232/AS-F422/AS-F485/AS-FEN02
	Slot for function card 2	Available for AS-F232/AS-F422/AS-F485/AS-FCOPM AS-FEN02 (only for RTU mode)
5	Mode switch	COM: communication mode ; RTU: remote control mode
6	DIN rail clip	Secures the module onto the DIN rail
7	Module connecting set	Connects the modules
8	Ground clip	
9	Label	Nameplate
10	Input for supplying power to remote modules	Power supply for the remote module

• AS01DNET-A



Number	Name	Description
1	Model name	Model name of the module
2	State LED indicator	 Master/slave mode: NS LED OFF: no power or duplicate ID check has not been completed. Green light blinking every 0.5 seconds: the connection to the DeviceNet network failed. Green light ON: online; the connection to the DeviceNet network is normal. Red light blinking every 0.5 seconds: communication error Red light ON: Network trouble, duplicate node ID, no network power or Bus-OFF. MS LED OFF: no power Green light blinking every 0.5 seconds: no module is configured. Green light ON: input and output data are normal. Red light blinking every 0.5 seconds: when AS01DNET works as the master, the slave in Scan List can not work normally. When AS01DNET works as the slave, an error occurs in the configuration. Red light ON: hardware error Combination of NS LED and MS LED
		NS LED OFF & MS LED OFF: no power NS LED OFF & MS LED green light ON: duplicate ID check has not been completed. NS LED red light ON & MS LED green light ON: duplicate ID check failed or Bus-OFF. NS LED red light ON & MS LED red light blinking every 0.5 seconds: no network power NS LED red light ON & MS LED red light ON: hardware
		error RTU mode:

2-57

Number	Name	Description		
		NS LED		
		OFF: no power or duplicate ID check has not been		
		completed.		
		Green light blinking every 0.5 seconds: the connection		
		to the DeviceNet network failed.		
		Green light ON: online; the connection to the DeviceNet		
		network is normal.		
		Red light blinking every 0.5 seconds: I/O connection		
		and light ON: Notwork trouble, duplicate pade ID, pa		
		network power or Bus-OEE		
		• MS LED		
		OFF: no power		
		Green light blinking every 0.5 seconds:		
		- AS01DNET (RTU) is waiting for the I/O data from		
		DeviceNet master.		
		- No I/O data transmission between AS01DNET(RTU) and DeviceNet master		
		- The PLC connected to DeviceNet master is in STOP state.		
		Green light ON: normal transmission of I/O data between		
		AS01DNET (RTU) and DeviceNet master		
		Red light blinking every 0.5 seconds: no network power		
		supply; configuration error; module alarms.		
		Red light ON: hardware error		
3	Address switch	Setting up the address		
4	Function switch	Setting up the funcitons, including the work mode and baud rate of DeviceNet network		
5	DeviceNet communication	Connects the modules via DeviceNet communication.		
5	port	Use AS01DNET-A connector for wiring.		
		Master/Slave mode: the port does not need an external		
	Mode switch	24VDC power supply connected		
6	(RTU/DNET;	RTU mode: the power input port of the network module is		
	Master/Slave)	required to connect an external 24VDC power supply only.		
		You can connect		
7	Left-side extension port	Connects the modules		
8	Label	Nameplate		
9	Right-side extension port	Connects the modules		
10	Input for supplying power to remote modules	Power supply for the remote module		

2.7.3 Network Module Device Setting

• AS00SCM-A

AS00SCM-A	Device Informatic	n Normal Exchange Area	
COM2 Setting	Device Name	AS00SCM-A	
	Description	Serial communication module, MODBUS, UD Link protocol (COM. mode), Remote IO control(RTU mode)	TR
	Comment	1	
	DDF Version	00.33.00	
	Firmware Version		
	Hardware Version	10.00.00	Allen.
ease 1 and			

Refer to the AS Series Module Manual for further information on device settings.

2.8 Load Cell Module Specifications

2.8.1 General Specifications

• AS02LC-A

Load cell module	Voltage output		
Rated supply voltage/Power consumption	24 VDC (-15 to +20%) / 5W		
Minimum/maximum voltage	18~31.2VDC		
Maximum current consumption	150 mA		
Input signal range	±40mVDC		
Sensibility	+5 VDC +/-10%		
ADC resolution	24 bits		
Highest precision	0.04%		
Applicable sensor type	Four-wire or six-wire load cell		
Expanding a temperature coefficient	≤ ± 50 ppm/K v. E		
Reducing a temperature coefficient to zero	≤ ± 0.4 µV/K		
Linearity error	≤ 0.02%		
Response time	2.5, 10, 16, 20, 50, 60, 100, 200, and 400ms		
Eigenvalue applicable to a load cell	0–1, 0–2, 0–4, 0–6, 0–20, 0–40 and 0–80 mV/V		
Maximum distance for connecting a load cell	100 meters		
Maximum output current	5 VDC * 160 mA		
Allowable load	40–4,010 Ω		
Averaging weights	100		
Common-mode rejection ratio (CMRR @50/60 Hz)	≥100 dB		
Dynamic range	К1–К5		
Averaging weights	К1-К100		
Isolation	Between a digital circuit and the ground: 500 VAC Between an analog circuit and the ground: 500 VAC Between an analog circuit and a digital circuit: 500 VAC		
Weight	140 g		

2.8.2 Load Cell Module Profiles

• AS02LC-A



Number	Name	Description
1	Model name	Model name of the module
2	POWER LED indicator	Indicates the status of the power supply ON: the power is on OFF: no power
	ERROR LED indicator	Error status of the module ON: a serious error occurs in the module. OFF: the module is normal. Blinking: a minor error occurs in the module.
	Analog to digital conversion indicator	Indicates the analog to digital conversion status Blinking: conversion is taking place OFF: stop conversion
3	Removable terminal block	The inputs are connected to sensors. The outputs are connected to loads to be driven.
4	Arrangement of the input/output terminals	Arrangement of the terminals
5	Terminal block clip	Removal of the terminal block
6	DIN rail clip	Secures the module onto the DIN rail
7	Module connecting set	Connects the modules
8	Ground clip	
9	Label	Nameplate

2-61

2.8.3 Load Cell Module Dimensions

• AS02LC-A



2.8.4 Load Cell Module Device Setting

(1)	AS02LC-A
-----	----------

AS02LC-A	Device Informatio	n Normal Exchange Area		
CH1 Setting CH1 Adjustment Setting CH2 Setting	Device Name	AS02LC-A		
CH2 Adjustment Setting	Description	2 channels Load cell input	-	ar
			-	
	Comment	1		- 2 1-1
	DDF Version	00.40.00		
	Firmware Version		•	
	Hardware Version	e		-
Defeute Lucreat	Evport	Inders.		

Refer to the AS Series Module Manual for further information on device settings.

2.9 Extension Card Specifications

2.9.1 General Specifications

• AS-F2AD

Two analog signal input channels:

Item	Item Voltage Input		Current input	
Analog Signal	DC 0–10 V		DC 4–20 mA	
Resolution	12-bit		11-bit	
Input impedance	<u>≥</u> 1 MΩ		250 Ω	
Conversion time		3 ms / CH		
Characteristic curve	Digital Value Output 100 Voltage input		A Current input	
Digital value	Card1	SR168 (CH1)	SR169 (CH2)	
output	Card2	SR170 (CH1)	SR171 (CH2)	

You can use the program to read the values in SR to obtain the corresponding A/D conversion value for the channel.

• AS-F2DA

Two analog signal output channels:

Item	Item Voltage output		Current output	
Analog Signal	DC 0–10 V		DC 4–20 mA	
Resolution	12-bit		12-bit	
Input impedance	≥1 kΩ		≤500 Ω	
Conversion time	2ms / CH		/ CH	
Disting we and a submet	Card1	SR172 (CH1)	SR173 (CH2)	
Digital value output	Card2	SR174 (CH1)	SR175 (CH2)	
Characteristic curve	the second secon		Digital Value Input	

You can use the instruction MOV to move the value to the SR to obtain the corresponding voltage output value.

• AS-F232

The AS series PLC is built with COM1 (RS-485), and COM2 (RS-485). You can use this extension card for communication with different interfaces such as RS-232 and a PC. The Communication functions are the same as the built-in ones. You can set the communication port as a slave or a master node. After installing the extension card, go to the HWCONFIG in the ISPSoft for communication setup.

■ Wiring example



DB9 male to DB9 female (standard cable)

AS-FCOPM

With its own standalone communication port, the module can work independently and can be set as a slave or a master node. After installing the extension card, go to the HWCONFIG in ISPSoft to set up the communication.

■ Wiring example



• AS-F422

You can use this extension card for communication with Delta HMI series or other devices through the RS-422 communication port. The Communication functions are the same as the built-in ones. You can set the communication port as a slave or a master node. After installing the extension card, go to the HWCONFIG in ISPSoft to set up communication.

■ Wiring example of the communication with Delta HMI DOPA series via COM2



• AS-F485

With its own standalone communication port, the module can work independently and can be set as a slave or a master node. After installing the extension card, go to the HWCONFIG in ISPSoft to set up communication.

■ Wiring example



AS-FEN02

With its own standalone communication port, the module can work independently and can be set as a MODBUS TCP server, Client or EtherNet/IP Adapter. After installing the extension card, go to the HWCONFIG in ISPSoft to set up the communication.

■ Wiring example



Ring Topology

A DLR function is required to create a ring topology.

When a switch is needed for topology, the switch should support the DLR function. If not, the connection might fail.

......

EIP Scanner/Adapter

(Dual port)

00000

EIP Adapter

(Dual port)



2.9.2 Extension Card Profiles

• AS-F2AD/AS-F2DA/AS-F422/AS-F485



Unit: mm

Pin no.	AS-F2AD	AS-F2DA	AS-F422	AS-F485
1	V1+	VO1	R+	-
2	l1+	IO1	R-	-
3	V2+	VO2	T+	D+
4	l2+	IO2	T-	D-
5	СОМ	СОМ	SG	SG

• AS-F232/AS-FCOPM





Unit: mm

Pin no.	AS-F232	AS-FCOPM
1	-	CAN_H
2	ТХ	CAN_L
3	RX	GND
4	-	-
5	GND	-
6-9	-	-

• AS-FEN02



Number	Name	Description
		Indicates if the module has been set
1	MS indicator	ON: the setting is complete
I I		Blinking: the setting is not complete
		OFF: no power
		Indicates the status of Ethernet connection
		Green lignt ON: a CIP connection is established
		Green lignt BLINKING: a CIP connection is not established
2	NS indicator	Red light ON: duplicated IP address
		Red light BLINKING: communication timeout / DLR conection
		lost / IP address change
		OFF: no power / network cable is not connected
3	RJ-45 port X1/X2	Use for network connections
		Indicate the status of Ethernet connection
4	LINK indicator X1/X2	Green light ON: a network connection is established
		OFF: a network connection is not established
		Indicate the status of Ethernet communication
5	ACT indicator X1/X2	Orange BLINKING: data transmission
		OFF: no data transmission
6	Clip ring	Secures AS series

RJ-45 Pin Definition

1 TX+	2 TX-	3 RX+	4 N/C	
5 N/C	6 RX-	7 N/C	8 N/C	8 1

2.9.3 Function Card Weights

	AS-F2AD	AS-F2DA	AS-F422	AS-F485	AS-F232	AS-FCOPM	AS-FEN02
Weight	30g	30g	22g	29g	26g	29g	51g

2.10 Power Supply Module Specifications

2.10.1 General Specifications

AS-PS02/AS-PS02A

ltem		Specifications
Supply	voltage	100–240 VAC (-15% to +10%) 50/60 Hz±5%
Action specifications		If the input power supply is larger than 85 VAC, the power supply module can function normally.
Allowab instanta power fa	le neous ailure time	If the instantaneous power failure time is less than 10 milliseconds, the power supply module keeps running.
Fuse		2.5A/250 VAC
Inrush c	urrent	< 70A@115 VAC
24 VDC output		AS-PS02: 2 A for internal use: the CPU and the modules. AS-PS02A: 1.5 A for internal use: the CPU and the modules; 0.5 A for external use.
Power protection		The 24 VDC output is equipped with the short circuit protection and the overcurrent protection.
Surge voltage withstand level		1,500 VAC (Primary-secondary), 1,500 VAC (Primary-PE), 500 VAC (Secondary-PE)
Insulation voltage		Above 5 $M\Omega$ The voltage between all inputs/outputs and the ground is 500 VDC.
Ground		The diameter of the ground should not be less than the diameters of the cables connected to the terminals L and N.
Woight	AS-PS02	270 g
weight	AS-PS02A	310 g

2.10.2 Power Supply Module Profiles

• AS-PS02



• AS-PS02A



Number	Name	Description
1	POWER LED indicator (green)	Indicates the status of the power supply
2	Model name	Model name of the power supply module
3	Terminal	Terminal for wiring
4	Arrangement of the terminals	+24V: connecting external 24VDC + 24G: connecting external 24G LG: Line ground L/N: AC power input
5	Power output	Connected with AS series

2.10.3 Power Supply Module Terminals

AS-PS02



AS-PS02A •



- +24V: connecting external 24VDC + 24G: connecting external 24G L/N: AC power input LG: Line ground
- •
- •



Chapter 3 Installing Software

Table of Contents

3.1 In	stalling and Uninstalling ISPSoft	
3.1.1	Installing ISPSoft	
3.1.2	Uninstalling ISPSoft	
3.2 In	stalling and Uninstalling COMMGR	3-7
3.2 In 3.2.1	stalling and Uninstalling COMMGR	3-7 3-7

Before developing an AS Series system, install ISPSoft and COMMGR. ISPSoft is a software platform for integrating the hardware, network configuration, and program development for a system. COMMGR functions as middleware between a computer and devices. It functions as a communication management interface between ISPSoft and AS Series hardware.

3.1 Installing and Uninstalling ISPSoft

• System requirements

Item	System	m requirement				
Operating system	Windows XP / VISTA / 7 / 8 / 10					
CPU	Pentium 1.5 G or above					
Memory	256 MB or above (512 MB or above is recommended.)					
Hard disk drive	Capacity : 500 MB or above					
CD-ROM drive	This is optional for installing ISPSoft.					
Maritar	Resolution: 800×600 or above					
Monitor	(suggested setting: 1024x768/96 dpi)					
Keyboard/Mouse	A general keyboard/mouse or devices compatible with Windows					
Printer	A printer with a driver for Windows. This is needed to print projects.					
RS-232 port	For connecting to a PLC					
USB port	For connecting to a PLC	One of them is used, but a PLC that is connected must have a corresponding port (*1)				
Ethernet port	For connecting to a PLC					
Communication software	COMMGR, a communication manager, n	nust be installed. (*2)				
Supported Models	AH500 series PLCs/DVP series PLCs (e: motor drives: VFD with PLC built-in serie	xclusive of DVP-PM series PLCs)/ AS series, AC s, and Text panel HMI with PLC built-in series.				

*1. ISPSoft supports several ways to connect a computer to a PLC. Make sure the port and the mode supported by the PLC are correct before you connect a computer to the PLC.

*2. Please refer to section 3.2 for more information about COMMGR.

*3. The functions and specifications mentioned above are only applicable to ISPSoft version 3.00 or above. The older versions are not equipped with complete functions.

3.1.1 Installing ISPSoft

If an older version of ISPSoft has been installed on a computer, uninstall it before you install ISPSoft. Refer to section

3.1.2 for more information about uninstalling ISPSoft. The following are the steps to install ISPSoft.

- (1) Start the Windows operating system and then install ISPSoft. You may need administrative privileges to install the software.
- (2) Put the ISPSoft CD in the CD-ROM drive, or download the installation program from <u>http://www.delta.com.tw/ch/index.asp</u>. Before you install the installation program downloaded from the website, you must decompress the file.
- (3) Click Start, and then click Run... to open the Run window. Specify the path to the file called setup.exe in the Open box, and then click OK. You can also double-click the setup icon to execute the installation program.



(4) After the ISPSoft x.xx - Install Shield Wizard window appears, click Next.

🛃 ISPSoft 2.00 - InstallShi	eld Wizard 🛛 🔀
	Welcome to the InstallShield Wizard for ISPSoft 2.00
	The InstallShield(R) Wizard will install ISPSoft 2.00 on your computer. To continue, click Next.
友	WARNING: This program is protected by copyright law and international treaties.
	< Back Next > Cancel

(5) Type the necessary information in the User Name and Organization boxes, and then click Next.

SPSDIL 2.00 - InstaliSinetu wizaru	
ustomer Information	
Please enter your information.	
User Name:	
User	
Organization:	
Delta TABI I	
Install this application for:	
Install this application for:	
Install this application for:	
Install this application for: O Anyono who uses this computer (all users) Only for me (XP_EN)	
Install this application for:	

(6) Leave the default path unchanged, or click Change... to change the path. Click Next.



(7) Check the installation information, and then click Install.

🕫 ISPSoft 2.00 - InstallShield Wizard 🛛 🛛 🗙
Ready to Install the Program
The wizard is ready to begin installation.
If you want to review or change any of your installation settings, click Back. Click Cancel to exit the wizard.
Current Settings:
Setup Type:
Destination Folder:
C:\Program Files\Delta Industrial Automation\ISPSoft 2.00\
User Information:
Name: User
Company: Delta IABU
InstallShield
< Back Install Cancel

(8) After ISPSoft is installed, the install program creates shortcuts on the desktop and the **Start** menu. Click **Finish** to complete the installation.



3.1.2 Uninstalling ISPSoft

- (1) There are two methods to uninstall ISPSoft.
 - Method 1: Open the **Control Panel** window, and click **Add or Remove Programs**. In the **Currently installed programs** dialog box, click **ISPSoft x.xx**, and then click **Remove**.



Method 2: Start>Programs>Delta Industrial Automation>PLC>ISPSoft x.xx>Uninstall

i.	Programs		Accessories Startun		1						
3	Documents		Tools								
	Settings		Delta Industrial Automation	1		PLC	×		WPLSoft 2.30	1	
1	Dettings	3	Internet Explorer			Communication	×	١.	ISPSoft 2.00	•	ISPSoft 2.00
P	Search	 5	Outlook Express			HMI	÷				UnInstall
-	and the second sec	1	Remote Assistance		-						
Ø	Help and Support	0	Windows Media Player	-	L						
	Run										\bigcirc

(2) Click Yes to remove ISPSoft.

ISPSOIT 2.00
Please wait while Windows configures ISPSoft 2.00 Gathering required information Cancel

3.2 Installing and Uninstalling COMMGR

3.2.1 Installing COMMGR

If an older version of COMMGR has been installed on a computer, uninstall it before you install COMMGR. Refer to section 3.2.2 for more information about uninstalling COMMGR. The following are the steps to install COMMGR.

- (1) Start the Windows operating system and then install ISPSoft. You may need administrative privileges to install the software.
- (2) Put a COMMGR CD in the CD-ROM drive, or download the installation program from <u>http://www.delta.com.tw/ch/index.asp</u>. Before you install the program downloaded from the website, you must decompress the file.
- (3) Click Start, and then click Run... to open the Run window. Specify the path to the file called setupComm.exe in the Open box, and then click OK. You can also double-click the setup Comm icon to execute the installation program.



(4) After the COMMGR x.xx - Install Shield Wizard window appears, click Next.



(5) Type the necessary information in the User Name and Organization boxes, and then click Next.



(6) Check the installation information, and then click Install.

🖥 COMMGR 1.00 - InstallShield Wizard	X
Ready to Install the Program The wizard is ready to begin installation.	ß
If you want to review or change any of your installation settings, click Back. Click Cancel to exit the wizard. Current Settings:	
Setup Type:	
Destination Folder: C:\Program Files\Delta Industrial Automation\COMMGR\	
User Information: Name: User	
Company: Delta IABU	
InstallShield - Cancel	

(7) After you install COMMGR, the installation program creates a shortcut to the program on the Start menu. Click Finish to complete the installation.

🛃 COMMGR 1.00 - InstallS	hield Wizard	×
	InstallShield Wizard Completed	
	The InstallShield Wizard has successfully installed COMMGR 1.00. Click Finish to exit the wizard.	
凤		
	< Back Finish Cancel	

3.2.2 Uninstalling COMMGR

- (1) There are two methods to uninstall COMMGR.
 - Method 1: Open the **Control Panel** window, and click **Add or Remove Programs**. In the **Currently installed programs** box, click **COMMGR x.xx**, and then click **Remove**.



Method 2: Start>Programs>Delta Industrial Automation>Communication>COMMGR>Uninstall



(2) Click Yes to remove COMMGR.


MEMO



Chapter 4 Installing Hardware

Table of Contents

4.1	Installation4-2
4.2	Wiring
4.2.	L Wiring a Power Supply Module
4.2.	2 Wiring I/O Modules

4.1 Installation

4.1.1 Installing a Module

- 1. Press the clip rings if they are out as the image 1 shown. Push the module to the desire position until you hear a click to finish installation.
- 2. Link the I/O modules on the right side of the PLC and make sure they are hooked together. Push the modules into the DIN rail until you hear a click.
- 3. After you installed the module, fasten the screws on the modules to secure the module on the DIN rail.



If there is a vibration source near the installation site, install anti-vibration baffles on the sides of the AS Series modules for better stabilization, such as the gray baffles show below.



- Install the baffles:
 - Hook the baffle onto the DIN rail and press it down as the directional arrow shows below.



■ Use screws to secure the baffle.



The completed baffle installation is shown below.



4.1.2 Installing a Removable Terminal Block

Install the removable terminal block on the module as shown below.

Installation



Removal



4.2 Wiring

4.2.1 Wiring a Power Supply Module

A power supply module supplies direct current to a CPU module and I/O modules.

• Connecting an AC power cable



- The alternating-current input voltage is either 100 VAC or 240 VAC. Connect the power supply to the terminals L and N. If the 110 VAC or the 220 VAC power supply is connected to the input terminals +24V and 24G, the PLC will be damaged.
- If power is interrupted for less than 10 milliseconds, the PLC keeps running without being affected. If a
 power interruption lasts for longer, or if the voltage of the power supply decreases, the PLC stops running,
 and there is no output. When the power supply returns to normal, the PLC resumes. Notice that there are
 latched auxiliary relays and registers in the PLC when you write the program.
- Use single-wire cables or two-wire cables in a diameter of 22 AWG~18 AWG and with less than 2 mm pin-typed terminals. Only use copper conducting wires with a temperature of 60/75°C.



4.2.2 Wiring I/O Modules

The I/O modules include digital input/output, analog input/output, and network modules. Follow the directions for the wiring of I/O modules in Chapter 5 of the AS Series Hardware Manual.

MEMO

5

Chapter 5 Devices

Table of Contents

5.1 Introd	luction of Devices	
5.1.1	Device Table	
5.1.2	Basic Structure of I/O Storages	
5.1.3	Relation Between the PLC Action and the Device Type	
5.1.4	Latched Areas in the Device Range	5-4
5.2. Funct	tions of Devices	5-5
5.2.1	Values and Constants	
5.2.2	Floating-point Numbers	
5.2.3	Strings	5-10
5.2.4	Input Relays (X)	5-11
5.2.5	Output Relays (Y)	5-11
5.2.6	Auxiliary Relays (M)	5-12
5.2.7	Special Auxiliary Relays (SM)	5-13
5.2.8	Stepping Relays (S)	5-13
5.2.9	Timers (T)	5-13
5.2.10	Counters	5-15
5.2.11	32-bit Counters (HC)	5-17
5.2.12	Data Registers (D)	5-19
5.2.13	Special Data Registers (SR)	5-20
5.2.14	Index Register (E)	5-20
5.2.15	File Registers (FR)	5-20

5.1 Introduction of Devices

This section describes the values and strings processed by the PLC. It also describes the functions of devices that include input, output, and auxiliary relays, as well as timers, counters, and data registers. The PLC simulates external devices in the PLC's internal memory, so the word "device" is a generic name that refers to all the internal memory locations in the PLC. A device can be a bit device or a word device. Bit devices simulate coils, contacts and flags, while word devices simulate registers.

5.1.1 Device Table

Type Device name		Number of devices	Range	
	Input relay	Х	1024	X0.0–X63.15
	Output relay	Y	1024	Y0.0–Y63.15
	Dete venieter	D	48,0000	D0.0-D29999.15
	Data register	W	48,0000	W0.0–W29999.15 * ⁴
Dit device	Auxiliary relay	М	8192	M0–M8191
Bit device	Special auxiliary relay	SM	4096	SM0-SM4095
	Stepping relay	S	2048	S0–S2047
	Timer	Т	512	T0–T511
	Counter	С	512	C0–C511
	32-bit counter	нс	256	HC0-HC255
	Input relay	Х	64	X0–X63
	Output relay	Y	64	Y0–Y63
	Data register	D	30000	D0–D29999
		W	30000	W0–W29999 * ⁴
	Special auxiliary relay	SR	2048	SR0-SR2047
Word device	File register	FR	65536	FR0-FR65535
	Timer	Т	512	T0–T511
	Counter	С	512	C0–C511
	32-bit counter	нс	256(512 words)	HC0–HC255
	Index register	F	10	E0–E9
			5	E10–E14 * ⁴
Constant* ¹	Decimal system	ĸ	16 bits: -32768 to 32767	
Constant	Decimal system		32 bits: -2147483648 to 2	147483647

Туре	Device name		Number of devices	Range
	Hexadecimal system	16#	16 bits: 16#0–16#FFFF	
Constant* ²	Single-precision	F	32 bits: 16#0–16#FFFFF 32 bits: ±1.17549435 ⁻³⁸ to	±3.40282347 ^{+ 38}
	floating-point number			
String* ³	String	"\$"	1-31 characters	

*1: Constants are indicated by K in the device lists in Chapter 5 and Chapter 6 in the AS Series Programming Manual. An example when "K50" appears in the AS Series Programming Manual, enter only the number 50 in ISPSoft.

*2: Floating-point numbers are indicated by F/DF in the device lists in Chapter 5 and Chapter 6 in the AS Series Programming Manual, but they are represented by decimal points in ISPSoft. For example, for the floating-point number F500, enter 500.0 in ISPSoft.

*3: Strings are indicated by "\$" in Chapter 5 and Chapter 6 in the AS Series Programming Manual, but they are represented by quotes (" ") in ISPSoft. For example, for the string 1234, enter "1234" in ISPSoft.

*4: This is used for editing in ISPSoft only.

Device	Function	Access by bits	Access by words	Modify by ISPSoft	Force the bit ON/OFF
x	Input relay	ОК	ОК	ОК	ОК
Y	Output relay	ОК	ОК	ОК	ОК
м	Auxiliary relay	ОК	-	ОК	-
SM	Special auxiliary relay	ОК	-	ОК	-
S	stepping relay	ОК	-	ОК	-
т	Timer	ОК	ОК	ОК	-
С	Counter	ОК	ОК	ОК	-
НС	32-bit counter	ОК	ОК	ОК	-
D	Data register	ОК	ОК	ОК	ОК
SR	Special data register	-	ОК	ОК	-
FR	File register	-	OK* ¹	-	-
E	Index register	-	ОК	ОК	-

5.1.2 Basic Structure of I/O Storages

*1: Use an instruction for writing to an FR.

5

Device type		Non-lato	hed area	Latched area		
PLC action	on	Device Y	Other devices	File register	Other devices	
Po	ower: OFF→ON	Cleared	Cleared	Retained	Retained	
Res	store to defaults	Cleared	Cleared	Cleared	Cleared	
STOP	This clears the non-latched area state.	Cleared	Cleared	Retained	Retained	
↓ RUN* ¹	This retains the non-latched area state.	Retained	Retained	Retained	Retained	
RUN ↓ STOP* ¹	This clears the device Y state.	Cleared	Retained	Retained	Retained	
	This retains the device Y state.	Retained	Retained	Retained	Retained	
SM204 is ON.This clears all non-latched areas.		Cleared	Cleared	Retained	Retained	
SM205 is ON.This clears all latched areas.		Retained	Retained	Retained	Cleared	

5.1.3 Relation Between the PLC Action and the Device Type

*1: For state setups, see HWCONFIG in ISPSoft. The PLC STOP->RUN default is "clear the non-latched area state". The PLC RUN->STOP default is "clear the state of device Y".

5.1.4 Latched Areas in the Device Range

Device	Function	Device range	Latched area
X	Input relay	X0–X63	All devices are non-latched.
Y	Output relay	Y0–Y63	All devices are non-latched.
M* ¹	Auxiliary relay	M0–M8191	The default range is M6000–M8191.
SM	Special auxiliary relay	SM0-SM2047	Some devices are latched and cannot be changed. Refer to the list of special auxiliary relays for more information.
S* ¹	Stepping relay	S0–S1023	The default range is S512–S1023
т	Timer	T0–T511	All devices are non-latched.

Device	Function	Device range	Latched area
C * ¹	Counter	C0–C511	The default range is C448–C511
HC* ¹	32-bit counter	HC0-HC255	The default range is HC128–HC255
D* ¹	Data register	D0-D29999	The default range is D20000–D29999
	Data register	W0–W29999	Use this for editing in ISPSoft only.
FR	File register	FR0–FR65535	All devices are latched.
SR	Special data register	SR0-SR2047	Some are latched and cannot be changed. Refer to the list of special data registers for more information.
E	Index register	E0E9	All devices are non-latched.
	Index register	E10-E14	Use this for editing in ISPSoft only.

*1: For the latched area setups, see HWCONFIG in ISPSoft. Setting the latched area means the other areas show as non-latched areas. The range of latched areas cannot exceed the device range. For example, if you set the M600–M7000 as latched areas, M0–M5999 and M7001–M8191 become non-latched areas.

5.2. Device Functions

Procedure for processing the program in the PLC:



Regenerating the output signal and sending it to the output terminal

- Regenerating the input signal
 - Before executing the program, the external input signal state is read into the memory for the input signal.
 - When the program is executed, the state in the memory location for the input signal does not change even if the input signal changes from ON to OFF or from OFF to ON. The input signal is not refreshed until the next scan begins.
- Processing the program

After the input signal is refreshed, the instructions in the program are executed in order from the start address of the program. The results are stored in the device memories.

• Regenerating the state of the output

After the instruction END is executed, the device memory state in the device memory is sent to the specified output terminal.

5.2.1	Values	and	Constants
-------	--------	-----	-----------

Name	Description
Bit	A bit is the basic unit in the binary system. Its state is either 1 or 0.
Nibble	A nibble is composed of four consecutive bits (for example b3–b0). Nibbles can represent 0–9 in the decimal system or 0–F in the hexadecimal system.
Byte	A byte is composed of two consecutive nibbles (i.e. 8 bits, b7–b0). Bytes can represent 00–FF in the hexadecimal system.
Word	A word is composed of two consecutive bytes (i.e. 16 bits, b15–b0). Words can represent 0000–FFFF in the hexadecimal system.
Double word	A double word is composed of two consecutive words (i.e. 32 bits, b31–b0). Double words can represent 00000000–FFFFFFFF in the hexadecimal system.

The relation among bits, nibbles, bytes, words, and double words in the binary system is shown below.



The PLC uses four types of values to execute the operation according to different control purposes. The following illustrates the values of these functions.:

1. Binary number (BIN)

The PLC uses the binary system to operate the values.

2. Decimal number (DEC)

The PLC uses decimal numbers for;

- The setting value of a timer (T) or the setting value of a counter (C/HC); for example, TMR C0 50 (constant K).
- The device number; for example, M<u>10</u> and T<u>30</u> (device number)
- The number before or after the decimal point; for example, X0.0, Y0.11, and D10.0 (device number).
- The constant K: used as the operand in an applied instruction. For example, MOV <u>123</u> D0 (constant K).

3. Binary-coded decimal (BCD)

A decimal value is represented by a nibble or four bits, so that sixteen consecutive bits represent a four-digit decimal value.

4. Hexadecimal number (HEX)

The PLC uses hexadecimal numbers for;

 the constant 16#: used as the operand in an applied instruction; for example, MOV <u>16#1A2B</u> D0 (hexadecimal constant).

The following table shows the corresponding values.

Binary Number	Decimal Number	Binary Code Decimal	Hexadecimal Number
(BIN)	(DEC)	(BCD)	(HEX)
PLC internal execution	Constant K,	BCD related instruction	Instant 16#,
	Device number	BOD related instruction	Device number
0000	0	0000	0
0001	1	0001	1
0010	2	0010	2
0011	3	0011	3
0100	4	0100	4
0101	5	0101	5
0110	6	0110	6
0111	7	0111	7
1000	8	1000	8
1001	9	1001	9
1010	10	-	A
1011	11	-	В
1100	12	-	С
1101	13	-	D
1110	14	-	E
1111	15	-	F
10000	16	0001 0000	10
10001	17	0001 0001	11

5.2.2 Floating-point Numbers

The floating-point numbers are represented by decimal points in ISPSoft. For example, the floating-point number of 500 is 500.0. Refer to Section 2.2.2 in the AS Series Programming Manual for more information.

5.2.2.1 Single-precision Floating-point Numbers

Floating-point numbers are represented by the 32-bit register. The representation adopts the IEEE754 standard, and the format is as follows.



Equation: $(-1)^{s} \times 2^{E-B} \times 1.M$; B = 127

The single-precision floating-point numbers range from $\pm 2-126$ to $\pm 2+128$, and correspond to the range from $\pm 1.1755 \times 10-38$ to $\pm 3.4028 \times 10+38$.

The AS series PLC uses two consecutive registers to form a 32-bit floating-point number. Take (D1, D0) for example.



Example 1:

23 is represented by a single-precision floating-point number.

Step 1: Convert 23 into the binary number, i.e. 23.0=10111.

Step 2: Normalize the binary number, i.e. 10111=1.0111 x24 (0111 is the mantissa, and 4 is the exponent.).

Step 3: Get the value of the exponent.

∴ E-B=4→E-127=4 ∴ E=131=100000112

Step 4: Combine the sign bit, the exponent, and the mantissa to form the floating-point number.

Example 2:

-23 is represented by a single-precision floating-point number.

Converting -23.0 into the floating-point number uses the same steps as converting 23.0 into the floating-point number, except that the sign bit is 1.

5.2.2.2 Decimal Floating-point Numbers

-23 is represented by a single-precision floating-point number.

Converting -23.0 into the floating-point number uses the same steps as converting 23.0 into the floating-point number, except that the sign bit is 1.

5.2.2.2 Decimal Floating-point Numbers

- Single-precision floating-point numbers and double-precision floating-point numbers can be converted into decimal floating-point numbers so people can read them. However, the PLC uses single-precision floating-point numbers and double-precision floating-point numbers internally.
- A 32-bit decimal floating-point number is represented by two consecutive registers. The constant is stored in the register whose number is smaller while the exponent is stored in the register whose number is bigger. Take (D1, D0) for example.

[Exponent D1] Decimal floating-point number=[Constant D0]* 10

Base number D0=±1,000 to ±9,999

Exponent D1=-41-+35

The base number 100 does not exist in D0 because 100 is represented by $1,000 \times 10^{-1}$. 32-bit decimal floating-point numbers range from $\pm 1175 \times 10^{-41}$ to $\pm 402 \times 10^{+35}$.

5

5.2.3 Strings

The PLC can process strings composed of ASCII codes (*1). A complete string begins with a start character and ends with an ending character (NULL code). Strings can be a maximum of 31 characters, and the ending character 16#00 is added automatically in ISPSoft.

1. No string (NULL code) is moved.



D0=0 (NULL)

2. The string has an even number of characters.



D0	16#62 (b)	16#61 (a)	
D1	16#64 (d)	16#63 (b)	
D2	0 (NULL)		

3. The string has an odd number if characters.

NETWORK 1 M0 \$MOV En En 5 D D0

D0	16#62 (b)	16#61 (a)
D1	16#64 (d)	16#63 (b)
D2	0 (NULL)	16#65 (e)

Hex	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	В	С	D	E	F
ASCII	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Hex	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	1A	1B	1C	1D	1E	1F
ASCII	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Hex	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	2A	2B	2C	2D	2E	2F
ASCII	SP	!	"	#	\$	%	&	'	()	*	+	,	-		/
Hex	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	ЗA	3B	3C	3D	3E	3F
ASCII	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	:	;	<	=	>	?
Hex	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	4A	4B	4C	4D	4E	4F
ASCII	@	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	I	J	к	L	М	N	0
Hex	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	5A	5B	5C	5D	5E	5F
ASCII	Р	Q	R	S	т	U	V	w	х	Y	z	X	X	X	X	X
Hex	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	6A	6B	6C	6D	6E	6F
ASCII	`	а	b	с	d	е	f	g	h	i	j	k	I	М	n	0
Hex	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	7A	7B	7C	7D	7E	7F
ASCII	р	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x	y	z	{		}	~	X

*1: ASCII code chart

Note: I represents an invisible character. Please do not use it.

5.2.4 Input Relays (X)

Input function

The input is connected to the input device (external devices such as button switches, rotary switches, and number switches), and PLC reads the input signal. You can use input contact A or contact B several times in the program, and the ON/OFF input state varies with the ON/OFF input device state.

• Input number (the decimal number):

For the PLC, the input numbers start from X0.0. The number of inputs varies with the number of inputs on the digital input/output modules. The inputs are numbered according to the order in which the digital input/output modules are connected to the CPU module. The maximum number of inputs for the PLC is 8192, and the input number range is between X0.0 and X511.15.

Input type

Inputs are classified into two types.

 Regenerated inputs: PLC reads the state of a regenerated input before the program is executed. For example, LD X0.0. Direct input: The state of a direct input is read by the PLC during the execution of the instructions. For example, LD DX0.0.

5.2.5 Output Relays (Y)

Output function

The output sends the ON/OFF signal to drive the load connected to the output, such as an external signal lamp, a digital display, or an electromagnetic valve. There are four types of outputs: relays, transistors (NPN and PNP), and TRIACs (thyristors). You can use the output contact A or contact B several times in the program. Use output Y only once in the program; otherwise, according the PLC's program-scanning principle, the state of the output depends on the circuit connected to the last output Y in the program.

• Output number (the decimal number)

For the PLC, the output numbers start from Y0.0. The number of outputs varies with the number of outputs on the digital input/output modules. The outputs are numbered according to the order in which the digital input/output modules are connected to the PLC. The maximum number of outputs on the PLC is 1024, and the range is between Y0.0 and Y63.15.

An output that is not used as an output device can be used as a general device.

Output types

Outputs are classified into two types.

- 1. Regenerated output: The state of a regenerated output is not written until the program executes the instruction END according to the states of the outputs. For example, OUT Y0.0.
- Direct output: The state of a direct output is written by the PLC during the execution of the instructions according to the states of the outputs. For example, OUT DY0.0.

5.2.6 Auxiliary Relays (M)

The auxiliary relay has contact A and contact B. It can be used several times in the program. You can combine the control loops with the auxiliary relay, but you cannot drive the external load with the auxiliary relay. You can use the auxiliary relays in either of two ways.

- For general use: In general use, if an electrical power interruption occurs when the PLC is running, the auxiliary relay is reset to OFF. When the power is restored, the auxiliary relay remains OFF.
- For latched use: In latched use, if an electrical power interruption occurs when the PLC is running, the state of the auxiliary relay states for latched use is retained. When the power supply is restored, the state remains the same as before the power interruption.

5.2.7 Special Auxiliary Relays (SM)

Every special auxiliary relay has its own specific function. Refer to section 2.2.7 in the AS Series Programming Manual for more information.

5.2.8 Stepping Relays (S)

You can easily see the stepping relay in industrial automation to set the procedure. It is the most basic device in sequential function chart (SFC) programming. Refer to the ISPSoft User Manual for more information on using sequential function charts.

There are 2048 stepping relays, (S0–S2047). Every stepping relay is like an output relay in that it has an output coil, contact A, and contact B. You can use it several times in the program, but the relay cannot directly drive the external load. You can use the stepping relay as a general auxiliary relay when it is not used in a sequential function chart.

5.2.9 Timers (T)

- 100 millisecond timer: The timer specified by the instruction TMR takes 100 milliseconds as the timing unit.
- 1 millisecond timer: The timer specified by the instruction TMRH takes 1 millisecond as the timing unit.
- The accumulative timers are ST0–ST511. If you want to use the device-monitoring function, these timers can monitor T0–T511.
- If you use the same timer repeatedly in a program, including in different instructions TMR and TMRH, the timer setting value is the one that the timer matches first.
- If you use the same timer repeatedly in a program, the timer is OFF when one of the conditional contacts is OFF.
- If you use the same timer in a program as the timer for a subroutine's exclusive use and an accumulative timer in the program, it is OFF when one of the conditional contacts is OFF.
- When the timer is switched from ON to OFF and the conditional contact is ON, the timer is reset and counts again.
- When the instruction TMR is executed, the specified timer coil is ON and the timer begins to count. When the value of the timer matches the timer setting value (value of the timer ≥ setting value), the contact state is ON.

A. General-purpose timer

When the instruction TMR is executed, the general-purpose timer begins to count. When the value of the timer matches the timer setting value, the output coil is ON.

- When X0.0=ON and the timer takes 100 ms as the timing unit, the output coil T0 is ON when the value of the timer = setting value100.
- When X0.0=OFF or the power is off, the value of the timer is 0 and the output coil T0 is OFF.



B. Accumulative timer

When the instruction TMR is executed, the accumulative timer begins to count. When the value of the timer matches the timer setting value, the output coil is ON. As long as you add the letter S in front of the letter T, the timer becomes an accumulative timer. When the conditional contact is OFF, the value of the accumulative timer is not reset. When the conditional contact is ON, the timer counts from the current value.

- When X0.0=ON and the timer T250 takes 100 ms as the timing unit, the output coil T250 is ON when the value of the timer = timer setting value100.
- When X0.0=OFF or the power is off, the timer T250 stops counting, and the value of the timer stays the same. When X0.0=ON, the value of the timer is accumulating value When the accumulated value = timer setting value 100, the output coil T250 is ON.



C. Timer used in the function block

Use the T412–T511 timers for the function block or the interrupt.

When the instruction TMR or END is executed, the timer used in the functional block begins to count. When the value of the timer matches the timer setting value, the output coil is ON.

If you use the general-purpose timer is used in the function block or the interrupt, and the functional or interrupt is not executed, the timer cannot count correctly.

5.2.10 16-bit Counters

• Characteristics of the 16-bit counter

ltem	16-bit counter
Туре	General type
Number	C0–C511
Direction	Counting up
Setting value	0–32,767
Specificying the counter setting value	The setting value can be either the constant or the value in the data register.
Change of the current value	The counter stops counting when the value of the counter matches the setting value.

5

Item	16-bit counter
Output contact	The contact is ON when the value of the counter matches the setting value.
Reset	When the instruction RST is executed, the current value is cleared to zero, and the contact is reset to OFF.
Action of the contact	After the scan completes, the contact acts.

Counter function

Each time the input switches from OFF to ON, the value of the counter is the same as the output coil. Use either the decimal constant or the value in the data register as the counter setting value.

- 16-bit counter:
- Setting range: 0–32,767. The setting values 0 and 1 both mean the same thing in that the output contact is ON when the counter counts for the first time.
- For the general-purpose counter, the current value of the counter is cleared when there is a power interruption. If the counter is latching, the current value of the counter and the state of the contact before the power interruption are retained. The latched counter counts from the current value when the power supply is restored.
- 3. If you use the instruction MOV or ISPSoft to transmit a value bigger than the counter setting value to the current value register C0, the contact of the counter C0 is ON and the current value becomes the same as the counter setting value next time X0.1 switches from OFF to ON.
- 4. Use either the constant or the value in the data register as the counter setting value.
- 5. The counter setting value can be a positive or negative value. If the counter counts up from 32,767, the next value is 0.

Example:



- 1. When X0.0=ON, the instruction RST will be executed and the current value of C0 will be reset to zero and the output contact of the counter C0 will be FF.
- 2. When X0.1 is from OFF to ON, the value of the counter increases by one increment.
- 3. When the value of the counter C0 reached the setting value 5, the contact of the counter C0 will be ON (the current value of C0 = the setting value = 5). After that the trigger from X0.1 will not be accepted by C0 and the current value of C0 will stay at the value 5.



5.2.11 32-bit Counters (HC)

• Characteristics of the 32-bit counter

ltem	32-bit counter						
Туре	Up/down counter	Up counter	High-speed counter				
Number	HC0–HC63	HC64–HC199	HC200-HC255				
Direction	Counting up/down	Counting up	Counting up/down				
Setting value	-2,147,483,648 to +2,147,483,647						
Specification of the setting value	The setting value can be either the constant or the value occupying two data registers (32-bit).						
Change of the current value	The counter keeps counting even after the value of the counter matches the setting value.						
Output contact	The contact is ON when th The contact is reset to OF setting value.	e value of the addition co F when the value of the si	unter matches the setting value.				
Reset	When the RST instruction contact is reset to OFF.	is executed, the current v	alue is cleared to zero, and the				

5

AS Series Operation Manual

Item	32-bit counter
Action of the contact	After the DCNT instruction scan is complete, the contact activates.

32-bit general-purpose addition/subtraction counter

- 1. Setting range: -2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647
- 2. The switch between the 32-bit general-purpose addition counters and the 32-bit general-purpose subtraction counters depends on the states of the special auxiliary relays SM621–SM684. For example, the counter HC0 is the addition counter when SM621 is OFF, but HC0 is the subtraction counter when SM621 is ON. Use either the constant or the value in the data registers as the setting value for the counter, and the setting value can be a positive or a negative number. If you use the value in the data registers as the setting value of the counter, the setting value occupies two consecutive registers.
- 3. For the general-purpose counter, the current value of the counter is cleared when there is a power interruption. If the counter is latched, the current value of the counter and the state of the contact before the power interruption are retained. The latched counter counts from the current value when the power supply is restored.
- 4. If the counter counts up from 2,147,483,647, the next current value is -2,147,483,648. If the counter counts down from -2,147,483,648, the next current value is 2,147,483,647.
- 32-bit high speed addition/subtraction counter

Refer to the DCNT instruction description (API 1004) in the AS Series Programming Manual for more details.

Example:



- 1. X10.0 drives SM621 to determine counting direction (up/down) of HC0.
- When X11.0 goes from OFF to ON, RST instruction executes, the PV in HC0 is cleared to 0, and its contact is OFF.
- 3. When X12.0 goes from OFF to ON, PV of HC0 counts up (plus 1) or down (minus 1).
- 4. When PV in HC0 changes from -6 to -5, the contact HC0 goes from OFF to ON. When PV in HC0 changes from -5 to -6, the contact HC0 goes from ON to OFF.
- 5. If you use the MOV instruction in ISPSoft to designate a value bigger than SV to the PV register of HC0, then the next time the X12.0 goes from OFF to ON, the contact HC0 is ON and PV of HC0 equals SV.



5.2.12 Data Registers (D)

The data register stores 16-bit data. The highest bit represents either a positive sign or a negative sign, and the values that you can store in the data registers are between -32,768 to +32,767. Two 16-bit registers can be combined into a 32-bit register, that is, (D+1, D) in which the register whose number is smaller represents the lower 16 bits. The highest bit represents either a positive sign or a negative sign, and the values that you can store in the data registers are between -2,147,483,648 to +2,147,483,647. Four 16-bit registers can be combined into a 64-bit register; that is, (D+3, D+2, D+1, D) in which the register whose number is smaller represents the lower 16 bits. The highest bit represents either a positive sign or a negative sign, and the values which can be stored in the data registers are between -9,223,372,036,854,776 to +9,223,372,036,854,775,807. You can also use the data registers to refresh the values in the control registers in the modules other than digital I/O modules. Refer to the ISPSoft User Manual for more information about refreshing the values in the control registers.

The registers can be classified into two types according to their properties.

- General-purpose register: when the PLC begins to run or is disconnected, the value in the register clears to zero. To retain the data when the PLC begins to RUN, refer to the ISPSoft User Manual for more information. Notice that the value still clears to zero when the PLC is disconnected.
- Latched register: if the PLC is disconnected, the data in the latched register is not cleared. In other words, the value before the disconnection is still retained. To clear the data in the latched area, use the RST or ZRST instruction.

5.2.13 Special Data Registers (SR)

Every special data register has its definition and specific function. Refer to section 2.2.14 in the AS Series Programming Manual for more information.

5.2.14 Index Register (E)

The index register is a 16-bit data register. Like the general register, you can read data from it and write data into it. However, it is mainly used as the index register. The index registers range from E0–E9. Refer to section 4.4 in the AS Series Programming Manual for more information about using index registers.

5.2.15 File Registers (FR)

The AS Series PLC provides you with file registers for storing larger numbers of parameters. You can edit, upload, and download the system parameters with ISPSoft. You can read the values in a file register can be read while operating the PLC. Refer to the MEMW instruction (API 2303) in the AS Series Programming Manual for more information about how to write to a file register.



Chapter 6 Writing a Program

Table of Contents

6.1	Qui	ck Start6-2
6.1.	1	Example
6.1.	2	Hardware
6.1.	3	Program
6.2	Pro	cedure for Creating a Project in ISPSoft6-4
6.3	Crea	ating a Project6-5
6.4	Har	dware Configuration6-6
6.4.	1	Configuring a Module
6.4.	2	Setting the Parameters
6.5	Crea	ating a Program6-8
6.5.	1	Adding a Ladder Diagram
6.5.	2	Basic Editing – Creating a Contact and a Coil 6-10
6.5.	3	Basic Editing – Inserting a Network and Typing an Instruction 6-13
6.5.	4	Basic Editing – Selection of a Network and Operation 6-15
6.5.	5	Basic Editing – Connecting a Contact in Parallel
6.5.	6	Basic Editing – Editing a Comment 6-18
6.5.	7	Basic Editing – Inserting an Applied Instruction
6.5.	8	Basic Editing – Creating a Comparison Contact and Typing a Constant 6-21
6.5.	9	Writing a Program
6.5.	10	Checking and Compiling a Program
6.6	Tes	ting and Debugging a Program6-25
6.6.	1	Creating a Connection
6.6.	2	Downloading a Program and Parameters
6.6.	3	Connection Test
6.7	Set	ting a Real-time Clock6-37

6.1 Quick Start

This chapter provides a simple example showing you how to create a traditional ladder diagram in ISPSoft. Because you may not be familiar with IEC 61131-3 and may not understand the functions provided by ISPSoft, the chapter does not introduce programming concepts related to IEC 61131-3. For example, the chapter does not include POUs, function blocks, variables, and so on.

6.1.1 Example

When the equipment in this example operates, the parts on the conveyor move from left to right. If a sensor senses that a part is under an injector, the PLC sends a trigger signal to the injector, and the injector injects the glue. The injection length is set externally and is not controlled by the PLC program. However, the PLC program must be able to turn the trigger signal OFF so that the trigger signal can be sent next time. There are two injectors above the conveyor, and the two injectors inject glue in the same way.

There is a sensor at the left side of the conveyor. When a part passes the sensor, the sensor value increases by one increment. When the sensor value is 100, the internal completion flag is set to ON. The flag state can be used by other procedures later. However, this example does not introduce the use of flag states.



6.1.2 Hardware

In this example, the AS series CPU module used is the AS332T-A.

Туре	ID	Description
Digital input	X0.0	START button
Digital input	X0.1	STOP button
Digital input	X0.2	In position sensor 1
Digital input	X0.3	In position sensor 2
Digital input	X0.4	Counting sensor

Туре	ID	Description
Digital output	Y0.0	Conveyer
Digital output	Y0.1	Trigger signal for injector 1
Digital output	Y0.2	Trigger signal for injector 2

6.1.3 Program

- (1) When the START button (X0.0) switches from OFF to ON, the internal operation flag is set to ON, and the conveyor (Y0.0) starts. When the STOP button (X0.1) switches from OFF to ON, an error occurs (the error flag is ON), the operation flag is reset to OFF, and the conveyor stops.
- (2) When the in position sensor 1 (X0.2) is ON, the trigger signal for injector 1 (Y0.1) is set to ON. When the in position sensor 1 is OFF, the trigger signal for injector 1 is reset to OFF.
- (3) When the in position sensor 2 (X0.3) is ON, the trigger signal for injector 2 (Y0.2) is set to ON. When the in position sensor 2 is OFF, the trigger signal for injector 2 is reset to OFF.
- (4) When the counting sensor (X0.4) switches from OFF to ON, the sensor value increases by one increment. If the sensor value is larger than or equal to 100, the internal completion flag is set to ON.

6.2 Procedure for Creating a Project in ISPSoft

This section shows you the procedure for creating a project in ISPSoft. You can adjust the procedure according to your needs.



Hardware configuration

You set the parameters such as a range of latched devices and a port number in a PLC. You configure the modules with an AS300 Series CPU module, and set the parameters in these modules.

• Network configuration

If a system uses a network architecture, or devices need to exchange data, use the network configuration tool **NWCONFIG** in ISPSoft to configure a network and exchange data with COM as well as Ethernet.

• Programming

After you write a program in ISPSoft, compile the program. If the compiling is unsuccessful, messages in the **Compile Message** page show where the errors occur.

Testing and debugging

Download the compiled program, the hardware configuration, and the network configuration to a PLC. You can then test and debug the program online with the functions provided by ISPSoft.

Because the example introduced in this chapter does not discuss a network configuration, you only perform the following procedure.



6.3 Creating a Project

After you start ISPSoft, on the **File** menu, point to **New**, and then click **New** to create a new project. You can also create a new project by clicking on the toolbar after you start ISPSoft.

File	<u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew	<u>C</u> ompile			
	New	•	🖹 <u>N</u> ew Ctrl+N	<u></u>	
B	<u>O</u> pen	Ctrl+	Group Project 🔸	UN	
	Save	Ctal+	1		
-	Save <u>A</u> s Ctrl	+Alt+S			\bigcirc
₽	<u>C</u> lose Project				
7	<u>P</u> rint	Ctrl+P			
	Project Print				
۵	Printer Setup				
	E <u>x</u> it	Alt+X]		

In the **Create a New Project** dialog box, type a project name in the **Project Name** box and a path in the **Drive/Path** box, select a PLC in the **PLC Type** drop-down list box, and then click **OK**. The PLC in this example is the AS332T.

Project Name	AS332T			
Controller Type	A\$300	 PLC Type 	A\$332T	•
Drive/Path	C:\ProgramData\D	elta Industrial Automa	tion\ISPSoft_Ne	ew\Project
				Browser

After you create the project, a project management area appears at the left side of the main screen. The relation between the items listed in the project management area is represented by a hierarchical tree structure. If the project management area does not appear, on the **View** menu, click **Workspace**, or click in the toolbar.





6.4 Hardware Configuration

After you double-click HWCONFIG in the project management area, the HWCONFIG window appears.



6.4.1 Configuring a Module

In the HWCONFIG window, the default setting is with a CPU module. Refer to Chapter 8 for more information.

6.4.2 Setting the Parameters

After you double-click the CPU module or the extension module, the **Device Setting** dialog box appears with the module information.



Click the setting tabs for specific parts of the setup at the top of the window and then select the setting items on the left for configuration.

AS332T	Device Information	n Normal Exchange Area	
COM1 Port Setting	Device Name	AS332T	
Ethernet Port Basic Settin Ethernet Port Advance S Function Card 1 Setting Function Card 2 Setting	Description	AS332T CPU Module, 128kStep, 16DI, 16DO(NPN), built-in USB, Ethernet & RS485x2	
	Comment		
	DDFVersion	01.00.00	
	FirmWare Version		
	Handware Version		
4 F			
Default Import	Export		

When the hardware configuration is complete, download the configuration and the settings to the CPU module. Save the configuration and settings, and you can download them with the program later in the project.

On the **File** menu, click **Save** or **I** on the toolbar to save the configuration and settings, and then close the **HWCONFIG** window.



*. Refer to Chapter 8 for more information about HWCONFIG.

6

6.5 Creating a Program

The following sections show you how to create a traditional ladder diagram in ISPSoft. The sections include creating a POU, editing a traditional diagram, and compiling a program.

6.5.1 Adding a Ladder Diagram

(1) Right-click **Programs** in the project management area, point to **POU** (program organization unit), and then click **New...**



(2) In the Create Program dialog box, type a program name in the POU Name box, select Ladder Diagram
 (LD) in the Language section, and keep the other default values. Click OK after the setting is complete. A new program organization unit (POU) appears under Programs in the project management area.

POU Name	Task				
Prog0	Cyclic Task (0)				
Active					
Protection (4~12 Charac	ters) Language				
Enter Password	Ladder Diagram (LD)				
	 Sequential Function Chart (SFC) 				
	O Function Block Diagram (FBD)				
Confirmation	 Instruction List (IL) Structure Text (ST) 				
	O Continuous Function Chart (CFC)				
OU Comment	2				
	-				

(3) After you add the POU, a program editing window appears in the main working area.

oject a ×						
C Project [C: ProgramData Delts Industrial Autonation	Progu					0
Device Conment & Used Device				Local Symbols		
	Class	Identifiers	Address	Type	Initial Value (Acti	Identifier Comment
Programs Programs Programs	_					
Fanction Blocks Device Monitor Table Table_1	Network 1			1		
Table_I						i

😜 Prog0					
			Local Symbols		
Class	Identifiers	Address	Type	Initial Value (Active w	Identifier Comment
		Locals	ymbol table	×	
Network 1					
		Program	n editing area		

After the program editing window opens, the corresponding toolbar appears in the window. The list below describes the functions.

日 郭 🖪 🛀 🐿 🔟 🔟 🖳 🖓 🕂 日

lcon	Keyboard shortcut	Function
	Shift+Ctrl+C	Display/hides the comments on the networks
•••	None	Displaying/hides the commands on the devices
F	Shift+Ctrl+A	Activates/deactivates the selected network
2	Shift+Ctrl+B	Adds a bookmark to the selected network selected or deletes a bookmark from the selected network
2 <mark>0</mark>	Shift+Ctrl+P	Goes to the previous bookmarked position
2	Shift+Ctrl+N	Goes to the next bookmarked position
	Ctrl+I	Puts a network above the selected network
	Shift+Ctrl+I	Put a network under the selected network
5	ESC	Selects an item
ΗH	Typing an instruction	Inserts a contact

6_
lcon	Keyboard shortcut	Function		
()	Typing an instruction	Inserts a coil		
1	Typing an instruction	Inserts a comparison contact		
& -	Typing an instruction	Selects a type of comparison contact		
茎	Typing an instruction	Inserts a block logic instruction (NP/PN/INV/FB_NP/FB_PN)		
↑	Typing an instruction	Selects a type of block logic instruction (NP/PN/INV/FB_NP/FB_PN)		
Ð	Shift+Ctrl+U	Inserts an instruction or a function block		

*. Refer to Section 6.5.3 for more information about typing an instruction.

6.5.2 Basic Editing – Creating a Contact and a Coil

(1) Click H on the toolbar, and then move the mouse cursor to the red frame in Network 1. The mouse cursor changes to a contact when the mouse cursor is moved to the left, right, or bottom of the red frame. Decide where to insert a contact. If you edit a ladder diagram, the mouse cursor must be near a position you want to edit. The system automatically arranges an inserted object; you cannot move the object.

In this example, you do not need to decide where to insert the contact. Place the mouse cursor near the red frame and click the left mouse button.



(2) Click on the toolbar, or press Esc on the keyboard. After you double-click the contact, a list appears. The items on the list are Normally Open, Normally Close, Rising-edge Trigger, and Falling-edge Trigger. In this example, click Rising-edge Trigger.

: E II C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	• 1
Network 1 ??? H + Normally Open H + Normally Close 11 Fising-edge Trigger 14 Falling-edge Trigger (1) Falling-edge Trigger	
~ ~	
Network 1 ???	

(3) Click the line at the right side of the contact, click [] on the toolbar, and then move the mouse cursor to the red frame. The mouse cursor changes to a coil when the mouse cursor is above or under the red frame. Decide where to insert the coil.

In this example, you do not need to decide where to insert the coil. Place the mouse cursor near the red frame and click the left mouse button.



(4) Click items on the toolbar, or press Esc on the keyboard. After you double-click the coil, a list appears. The items on the list are **Out**, **Set**, and **Reset**. In this example, click **Set**.



(5) Click ??? above the contact, type a device address in the box, and then press Enter on the keyboard to jump to the next box in the network. After you type a device address in the box, press Esc on the keyboard to complete the editing. In this example, type X0.0 in the box for the contact, and type M0 in the box for the coil.



Additional remark

After you click a network and press Enter on the keyboard, you can edit a box. Press Enter on the keyboard to edit the next box in the network. Press Tab on the keyboard to select the next network. Use the keyboard to edit boxes. After you finish the editing, press Enter on the keyboard to jump to the next box. Press Esc on the keyboard to exit editing.

If you have declared symbols, click 💽 in a box, or press Page Down on the keyboard when you edit the box. The symbols on the drop-down list are the symbols that you can assign to the object. Select a symbol with the mouse or the up/down key on the keyboard. Refer to Chapter 6 in the ISPSoft User Manual for more information about symbols.



6.5.3 Basic Editing – Inserting a Network and Typing an Instruction

Click up on the toolbar to select a network. Click up on the toolbar to place another network above the selected network. In this example, Network 2 is under Network 1.



Create a contact and a coil by clicking **H** and **f** on the toolbar or by typing instructions.

(1) Click the line in Network 2.

Network 1	
Network 2	

(2) Type the IL instruction "LD M0". This instruction is not case-sensitive. As soon as you type the IL instruction, a box which you can edit appears. After you finish typing the IL instruction, press Enter on the keyboard or click **OK** at the right side of the box.



(3) Type the IL instruction "OUT Y0.0", and write the program shown below.



Additional remark

You create a contact and a coil by typing simple instructions. Refer to the description below. The instructions typed are not case-sensitive.

• To Insert a normally-open contact (contact A), type "A <device address>"



• To insert a normally-closed contact (contact B), type "B <device address>"



• To insert an output coil (OUT), type "O <device address>"



6.5.4 Basic Editing – Selecting a Network and Operation

Before you select an object in a network, press Esc on the keyboard, or click in the toolbar. After the cursor appears as a small arrow, click the object in the network. The basic selection shows below.



To select a group of devices, click a device and drag it to draw a frame around the group of devices. You can also select the group of devices by clicking the first device, pressing Ctrl+B on the keyboard, clicking the last device, and then pressing Ctrl+B on the keyboard. You must draw a frame around devices that are in the same network, and the devices must be adjacent to one another. Input and output devices cannot be in the same frame.



To select several networks, press and hold the Ctrl key on the keyboard and click the networks. You can also select a range of networks by pressing and holding Shift on the keyboard, clicking the first network within the range, and then clicking the last network within the range.



Right-click an object after selecting it to show the context menu.

Item	Function				
Undo	Undo the last action.				
Undo	You can undo up to 20 previous actions.				
Redo	You can redo an action that has been undone.				
Cut	Cut a device, block, or network.				
Сору	Copy a device, block, or network.				
Paste	Paste an object that has been copied or cut into the present position.				
Pacto right	Paste an object at the right side of the selected position.				
Faste fight	The object is connected in series to the selected position.				
Pasto undor	Paste an object under the selected position.				
Faste under	The object is connected in parallel to the selected position.				
Delete	Delete a device, block, or network.				
Activate/Inactivate	Activate or deactivate the selected network.				
Network	The deactivated network is ignored when you compile the program.				

Proceed with the steps in the example below.

(1) Select Network 1, then right-click Network 1, and then click Copy.



(2) Select Network 2, right-click Network 2, and then click **Paste**. A copy of Network 1 is put above Network 2, and Network 2 becomes Network 3.



6.5.5 Basic Editing – Connecting a Contact in Parallel

(1) Click H on the toolbar, and then move the mouse cursor to the input contact in Network 2. The mouse cursor changes to a contact. Move the mouse cursor to the input contact in Network 2. After the mouse cursor changes to 4 μ, click the left mouse button. This connects a contact in parallel with the input contact in Network 2.



(2) Write the program in Network 2 shown below.



Additional remark

After you select a group of contacts, connect a contact to the group of contacts as described above.



6.5.6 Basic Editing – Editing a Comment

(1) Press **s** on the toolbar. Click the position above a device name, type a comment in the box, and then press Enter on the keyboard.



(2) Press not the toolbar. Click the position under a network number, and then type a comment in the box.
 To start a new line of text, press Shift+Enter on the keyboard. Press Enter on the keyboard after the you complete the editing.



(3) Write the program shown below.



6.5.7 Basic Editing – Inserting an Applied Instruction

Add Network 6 under Network 5, and then write the program shown below. Insert an applied instruction in one of the three ways described below.



Method 1

Click the position where you want to insert an instruction, type the instruction (INC in this example), and then press Enter on the keyboard.



Method 2

Click APIs in the project management area and find the instruction type.



Click the instruction (INC in this example) that you want to insert, and then drag it to the desired position.



Method 3

Click the position where you want to insert an instruction, click ① on the toolbar, select the instruction (INC in this example) to insert in the **API/FB** dialog box, and then click **Insert**.





After you insert the instruction, assign a device address to the operand, and write the program shown below.

6.5.8 Basic Editing – Creating a Comparison Contact and Typing a Constant

You can insert a comparison contact with the following steps. Add Network 7 under Network 6, and write the program shown below.



(1) Click & • on the toolbar, and then select a operator (>= in this example).



(2) Click on the toolbar, and then move the mouse cursor to the position where you want to insert the comparison contact. The mouse cursor changes to a comparison contact when you move the mouse to the left, right, or bottom of the red frame. Decide where to insert the comparison contact, and then click the left mouse button to insert the comparison contact.



Write the program shown below. In ISPSoft, K precedes a decimal value and H precedes a hexadecimal value. To type a decimal value in ISPSoft, type it directly. To type a hexadecimal value in ISPSoft, type "16#" and the hexadecimal value; e.g. 16#7FFF. In ISPSoft, 8# precedes an octal value, and 2# precedes a binary value.

Network 7				
COMPLETED FLAG	ŧ			
RUMNING	CNT_SENSOR		<u></u>	COMPLETE
				 (S)
		D0 —S1 100 —S2		

6.5.9 Writing a Program

The previous sections introduced creating a traditional ladder diagram in ISPSoft. Write the program shown below. Because the program is not yet compiled for the PLC, the mother line at the left side of the ladder diagram is colored red while you write the program. The following sections show how to compile and download the compiled program for testing.



*1. The program above saves in the folder ...\ISPSoft x.xx\Project\Example\Gluing_System_C.

*2. Refer to Chapter 8 in the ISPSoft User Manual for more information about creating a ladder diagram.

6.5.10 Checking and Compiling a Program

After you write a program, check the syntax of the programming language or compile the program. The syntax and structure in the present window are checked after you run the **Check** function. The system checks the entire project after you run the **Compile** function. If the system does not find any errors in the project, it automatically generates execution code. After you successfully compile the program, the mother line at the left side of the ladder diagram becomes black.

6

Check

From the **Compile** menu, click **Check**, or on the toolbar. Compile PLC Tools W 5 5 5 e ٩ OR 0 **L**÷ **_**, Check Alt+F7 Ctrl+F7 Compile Compile From the **Compile** menu, click **Compile**, or on the toolbar. Compile PLC Tools W 0 🗛 🖳 P **P 9** e L. Check ORAlt+F7 **⊒**∔ Compile Ctrl+F7

After you complete the check, the **Compile Message** page shows the check result. If there are any errors in the project, the **Compile Message** window shows the related message. After you click the message, the system automatically shows you where the error occurs. You can run the **Check** function or the **Compile** function after you correct the error.



6.6 Testing and Debugging a Program

6.6.1 Creating a Connection

Before you download a program and parameters to a PLC or monitor them online, connect ISPSoft to the PLC. In this example, connect ISPSoft to the CPU module AS332T-A with a USB cable. Refer to Section 2.4 in the ISPSoft User Manual for more information about connecting ISPSoft to a PLC in other ways. Refer to the AS Operation Manual for more information about wiring.

You can skip this section if you have connected ISPSoft to a PLC successfully as described in Section 2.4 in the ISPSoft User Manual.

- (1) Install the modules on the main backplane to match the hardware configuration in HWCONFIG. Make sure that the wiring is correct, and then power on the CPU module.
- (2) Connect the CPU module to the computer with a USB cable. If the USB driver for the AS series CPU module is installed on the computer, **Delta PLC** appears in the **Device Manager** window, and a port number is assigned to **Delta PLC**. Refer to Appendix A for more information about installing a USB driver.
- (3) Make sure that COMMGR is started and the icon representing COMMGR is displayed on the system tray. If the icon representing COMMGR is not displayed on the system tray, start COMMGR by clicking the shortcut on the Start menu (Start > Programs > Delta Industrial Automation > Communication > COMMGR).

Reportens	Accessaries
	👼 Delta Industrial Automation 🔸 🖬 Communication 🔸 🖬 DCISoft 1.08 🔸
Documents	🕨 🔊 Internet Explorer 🛛 💼 HMI 🔹 🖬 COMMGR 🛛 🚺 COMMGR
Settings	Outlook Express

(4) Double-click the icon representing COMMGR on the system tray to open the COMMGR window. Click Add in the COMMGR window to create a driver.



6

(5) Set the parameters in	the Driver	Properties	dialog box,	and then	CIICK OK
---------------------------	-------------------	------------	-------------	----------	----------

Driver Name	Driver1
Connection Setu	p
Туре	USB (Virual COM)
Comunication Po	int
COM Port	COM4
Setup Respondir	ng Time
Time of Auto-re	etry 3 🚊
Time Interval o	of Auto-retry (100 ms) 30 🚊

- 1 Type a driver name in the **Driver Name** box.
- 2 Select USB (Virtual COM) in the Type list in the Connection Setup section.
- ③ Select a communication port in the COM Port list. If the first two steps are complete, the connected PLC and its communication port display in the COM Port list.
- ④ Select the number of times to retry the sending of a command if a connection error occurs in the Time of Auto-retry box, and select a retry interval in the Time Interval of Auto-retry box.
- (6) After you finish the setup, USB_Driver appears in the COMMGR window. When the connection is normal, OK appears in the Status column.

•	COMMGR		- • •
	Name	Description Status	
4	USB_Driver	USB, COM2, Retry=3, TimeOut=3000ms OK	Au
			Configure
			Delete
			About

(7) Click the driver you created in the COMMGR window, and then click Start. Start ISPSoft, and then on the Tools menu, click Communication Settings.... In the Communication Setting dialog box, select the driver you created in the Driver list, select 0 in the Station Address list, and then click OK. The driver information displays in the ISPSoft status bar.

		Communication Settin	ngs	
100 X D D /	山の 時 合同言	Change PLC Type		
Project		Program Settings		
🖃 🤷 Project [C:\Prog	ramData\Delta Ir 🛅	Set RTC	$\boldsymbol{\gamma}$	
Device Com A HWCONFIG	iment & Used De F	Review Error Log Fi	le	
CARD Utili	ty	Language English		
→ → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → →	\$3321)	Options		
		_		
🗉 📑 Global Sym	bols			
🖙 Prog0 [PRG,LD]			
Function Bl	ocks			
<u></u>				
Communication S	etting		X	
Communication S	etting		×	
Communication S Driver	etting Driver1		×	
Communication S Driver Station Address	etting Driver1		×	
Communication S Driver Station Address	etting Driver1 0 •		×	
Communication S Driver Station Address IP Address	etting Driver1 0	20	×	
Communication S Driver Station Address IP Address	etting Driver1 0 • 172.16.155.1 OK	20 Close	× •	
Communication S Driver Station Address IP Address	etting Driver1 0 172.16.155.1 OK	20 Close		
Communication S Driver Station Address IP Address	etting Driver1 0 172.16.155.1 OK	20 Close		
Communication S Driver Station Address IP Address	etting Driver1 0 • 172 16 155 1 OK	2/1 Close		

(8) On the PLC menu, click System Information. ISPSoft retrieves related information from the PLC. If the computer communicates with the CPU module normally, the related information retrieved from the PLC displays in the System Information dialog box.

		Scan Tune (ms)	
PLC Type	AS332P	Current	1.100
Label	Untitled	Minimum	0.800
Version	V0.50.60	Maximum	19.600
Station Address	1		
MAC	00:18:23:13:45:08		
Program		- 7	
Capacity	131056 Steps		
Locked	UnLock		

6.6.2 Downloading a Program and Parameters

If ISPSoft is correctly connected to a PLC, you can download the parameters and program in the project to the PLC. First, start ISPSoft and open the project you created in the previous sections. In this example, you download two types of parameters to the CPU module: hardware configuration and the program itself.

6

- Downloading the hardware configuration
 - (1) Double-click HWCONFIG in the project management area to open the HWCONFIG window.



- (2) The hardware configuration displays in the window. Before you download the hardware configuration to the CPU module, make sure the actual hardware configuration is the same as the hardware configuration in the window.
- (3) On the **Options** menu, click **Download**, or 🗾 on the toolbar. The **Transfer Items** dialog box

appears. Click **OK** to download the hardware configuration to the CPU module.



(4) After you successfully download the hardware configuration to the CPU module, the BUS FAULT LED indicator on the CPU module is OFF. Close the HWCONFIG window. If the BUS FAULT LED indicator on the CPU module is still ON or blinking, the CPU module is in an abnormal state. Make sure the actual hardware configuration is the same as the hardware configuration in the HWCONFIG window, and refer to the operation manual for more information about eliminating the error. Refer to Chapter 8 for more information about HWCONFIG.

Downloading the program

After the program compiles, on the **PLC** menu point to **Transfer**, and then click **Download**. You can also click on the toolbar after the program compiles. In the **Transfer Setup** dialog box select the **Program** checkbox and the **Comments** checkbox so that you can upload the program in the CPU module later, and then click **OK**.

	0 🗢 🛒		. . ₀)	🍠 🔮 I		9.9	e	
PLO	<u>T</u> ools <u>W</u> indow	<u>H</u> elp					Transfer Setup	
₽	Transfer		۲	Upload	Ctrl+F9		PC => PLC (Download)	
	System Security Fun Stop Online Mode New Devices Table Format PLC Memory. System Log System Information	Ctrl+F11 Ctrl+F12 Ctrl+F4 Ctrl+Alt+I	•	Download	Ctrl+F8		Memory Remain 261875 Steps	OK Cancel

6.6.3 Connection Test

After you download a program to a PLC, you can monitor the execution status of the PLC through ISPSoft. ISPSoft provides two monitoring modes; device monitoring mode and program monitoring mode.

Monitoring mode	Description
E Device monitoring mode	You can monitor the status of the devices in the PLC through the monitoring table. In this mode, ISPSoft updates only the status of the devices. The current program in ISPSoft does not have to be the same as the program in the PLC.
E	In this mode, the operating status of the program is displayed in the program editing window. The present program in ISPSoft must be the same as the program in the PLC.

*. You can enable the device monitoring function without program monitoring; however, if you enable the program monitoring function, the device monitoring function is also enabled.

On the **PLC** menu, click **Online Mode**, or *marginal* on the toolbar, to enable the online monitoring function. The system also enables device monitoring mode and program monitoring mode.

6-29

6



In the online monitoring mode, you can view the present scan time, the communication status, and the status of the PLC in the status bar in ISPSoft.

Scan Time: 10.600 ms	30/262128 Steps	STOP	Drv_USB_AH, [USE: COM9]

The present status of the devices display in the original program editing window after you enable the program monitoring function.



You can change the operating state of a PLC with the RUN/STOP switch on the PLC. You can also change the operating status of a PLC with the functions provided by ISPSoft. On the **PLC** menu, click **Run** or **()** on the toolbar to start the PLC. On the **PLC** menu, click **Stop** or **()** on the toolbar to stop the PLC.



In the online monitoring mode, you can select a device, then right-click the device, and the click a command on the context menu. During a test, you can change the status of a device or the value in a device by clicking an item on the context menu.

 Λ Before you change the status of a device, make sure the operation does not cause damage to

equipment or personnel.



The table below describes the items in the context menu. The **Force** command only applies to input and output contacts.

ltem	Description
Set On	Set the contact selected to ON
Set Off	Set the contact selected to OFF
Rising-edge Trigger	No matter what the state of the selected contact is, the system sets the contact to OFF, and then sets it to ON.
Falling-edge Trigger	No matter what the state of the selected contact is, the system sets the contact to ON, and then sets it to OFF.
Force	Force an input contact or output contact ON or OFF
Force Device List	Force several input contacts or output contacts in the tables ON or OFF

To change the value in a device, right-click the device, click **Change Present Value**, and set a present value in the **Enter Present Value** dialog box.



The list below describes the Enter Present Value dialog box.



Message

- **2** Type a value in the **Present Value** box.
- **3** Type the name of a device or a symbol whose present value you want to change
- **4** Type a 16-bit or 32-bit value.
- **5** Value change history (Format: Device name Value)
- **6** In binary mode, use the mouse to set the bit states.
- Click OK to apply the setting values. Click Cancel to close the window without applying the values.
- **8** Display or hide binary mode.

In this example, X0.0–X0.15 and Y0.0–Y0.15 are input and output devices assigned to the digital I/O module AS332T-A. After you download the hardware parameters to the CPU module, the states of X0.0–X0.15 are the same as the states of the inputs on the actual module. Even if you set X0.0–X0.15 to ON or OFF in the program editing window, the actual input signals update the states of X0.0–X0.15.



However, you can force an input contact ON or OFF during a test. Click an input or output contact to set, right-click the contact, point to **Force**, and click **On (X/Y)**, **Off (X/Y)**, **Release (X/Y)**, or **Release AII**. If you force an input or output contact ON or OFF, a lock symbol appears at the left side of the contact.



Force	Description
On (X/Y)	Force the selected input or output contact ON
Off (X/Y)	Force the selected input or output contact OFF
Release (X/Y)	Release the contact from the locked state
Release All	Release all the contacts from the locked states

If you force an output contact in the program ON or OFF, the program execution result does not affect the output state of this contact.



*. If you disable the online monitoring function, the contacts are not automatically released from the locked states. You must check whether the contacts need to be released from the locked states after you complete the test.

You can create a monitoring table online or offline.

Method 1

On the PLC menu, click New Devices Table, or 🔮 on the toolbar.

PLO	<u>T</u> ools <u>W</u> indow	<u>H</u> elp							
Ð	Transfer		۲	ÛR	: 💙 🖨 🐕	퇴	🚽 🛃	e	
	System Security		۲						
0	Run	Ctrl+F11							\bigcirc
۲	Stop	Ctrl+F12							
8	Online Mode	Ctrl+F4							
٢	New Devices Table								
	Format PLC Memory								
	System Log			\cup					
Ξ	System Information	Ctrl+Alt+I							

Method 2

🖃 🤷 Project [C:\ProgramData\Delta Industrial Automation 🚯 Device Comment & Used Device 🐣 HWCONFIG 📔 CARD Utility 📅 AS332T (AS332T) 💿 Tasks ÷.... 🔁 DUT 🗄 🌐 🗊 Global Symbols 💾 Programs Ġ.... 📴 Prog0 [PRG,LD] Function Blocks B Device Monito 📆 APIs <u>N</u>ew ÷ T International

Right-click Device Monitoring Table in the project management area, and click New.

Type a table name in the Add Monitor Table dialog box, and then click OK. An item appears under Device Monitor Table in the project management area. Double-click the item to open the monitoring table. You can create several monitoring tables in the project, and the monitoring tables are saved with the project.



After you double-click the item, a item monitoring window appears. You can add items to be monitored to the window. To add an item to the window, double-click the blank space in the monitoring table, type a device name, type a start address, and the number of devices to be monitored in the **Device Monitor Input** dialog box. You can add up to 100 items to a monitoring table.

Object	Identifiers	Device Name	Status	Data Type	Value (16bits)	Value (32bits)	Float	Radix	Comm
				×2		🌱 Device Monil	or Input		
				C	$^{\prime}$	Device Name		ок	
						M0		Cancel	
							-		
				L L	<u>א</u>	Device Count			
ble_1					>	Device Count			
ble_1 Object	Identifiers	Device Name	Status	Data Type	Value (16bi	Device Count 3			Comm
ble_1 Object	Identifiers	Device Name M0	Status	Data Type	Value (16bi	Device Count 3			Comm
ble_1 Object	Identifiers	Device Name M0 M1	Status	Data Type	Value (16bi	Device Count 3		Signed E 🔻	Comm JNNI COMPI

Press Insert on the keyboard to switch between inserting and replacing an item in the monitoring table. The selected mode displays in the status bar in ISPSoft.

If you select insert mode, the new item is added above the selected item in the monitoring table. If you select replacement mode, the new item overwrites the selected item in the monitoring table.

\sim			
Overwrite	Scan Time: 9.700 ms	30/262128 Steps	RUN
\sim			

To hide certain columns in the monitoring table, right-click the monitoring table, point to **Set the Fields**, and clear certain items. After you clear an item, the corresponding column disappears.

Object	Identifiers	Device Name	Status	Data Type	Value (16bits)	Value (3	2bits)	Float	Radix	Comment.
-		MO			Dia in				Signed E 🔻	RUNNING
_		M1							Signed E 🔻	COMPLETE
		M2			Select <u>A</u> ll Ctrl+A				Signed E 🔻	ERROR
					Set the fields	* > > > > > > > > > > > > >	Object Identifie Data Ty Bit Stat Value(1) Value(3)	ers 7pe 115 Sbits) 2bits)		
						* *	Value(F	loat) nt		

The following describes the columns in the monitoring table.

Column	Description
Source	Source of a symbol
Identifier	Identifier of a symbol
Device name	Name of a monitored device
Status	State of a monitored bit device or a contact (ON or OFF).

6

AS Series Operation Manual

Column	Description
Data type	Data type of a monitored symbol.
Value (16 bits)	In online mode, displays a 16-bit value.
Value (32 bits)	In online mode, displays a 32-bit value.
Float	In online mode, displays a 32-bit floating-point number.
Radix	Select a format to represent a value.
Comment	Display the comments on a device or on a symbol.

After you create the monitoring table, you can monitor the items in the monitoring table in online mode. Right-click an item in the monitoring table in online mode to display a context menu which is the same as the context menu in the program editing window. You can change the item state or the item value by clicking an item in this context menu.

7	Table_1											
	Object	Identifiers	Device Name	Status	Data Type	V	alue (16bits)	Value (32bi	its) Float	Radix		Comment
۲			M0			_	6.1.O			Signed Decimal	-	RUNNING
	1		M1				set On			Signed Decimal	•	COMPLETE
	1		M2			7	Set Off			Signed Decimal	Ŧ	ERROR
			D0		~		Force	►	0	Signed Decimal	•	
			X10.0				Change Prese	nt Value		Signed Decimal	Ŧ	
	-		X0.1				Ricing.odgo T	'rigger		Signed Decimal	•	STOP_BUTTON
	1		X0.2				Inputé-enfe i	n . 1166et		Signed Decimal	•	IN_POSITION 1
			X0.3		Ļ		Falling-edge	l ngger		Signed Decimal	•	IN_POSITION 2
			X0.4			9	<u>D</u> elete	Del		Signed Decimal	•	CNT_SENSOR
	-		Y0.0				Select <u>A</u> ll	Ctrl+A		Signed Decimal	•	
			Y0.1				Select Symbo	ls		Signed Decimal	•	TRIG_SIGNAL
			Y0.2							Signed Decimal	•	TRIG_SIGNAL:
						_	Set the fields	•		•		

You can text and debug the program you created in this chapter through the monitoring table you created in this section. Refer to Chapter 17 in the ISPSoft User Manual for more information about testing and debugging a program.

6.7 Setting a Real-time Clock

After you connect an AS Series CPU module to a computer, you can set the real-time clock in the CPU module through ISPSoft.

(1) On the Tools menu, click Set RTC.



(2) Select **Computer**, and then click **Synchronize** to complete setting the real time clock.



MEMO

7

Chapter 7 Memory Card

Table of Contents

7.1	Overview of Memory Cards	7-2						
7.1	.1 Appearances of Memory Cards	7-2						
7.1	.2 Memory Card Specifications	7-2						
7.2	Before using a Memory Card	7-3						
7.2	.1 Formatting a Memory Card	7-3						
7.3	Installing and Removing a Memory Card	7-3						
7.3	.1 Memory Card Slot in a CPU Module	7-3						
7.3	.2 Installing a Memory Card	7-4						
7.3	.3 Removing a Memory Card	7-4						
7.4	Memory Card Contents	7-4						
7.4	.1 Initializing a Memory Card	7-4						
7.4	.2 Folder Structure in a Memory Card	7-5						
7.5	Introduction to the CARD Utility	7-6						
7.6	Backing Up a Project	7-7						
7.7	Restoring a Project	7-11						
7.8	Restoration Starts Once CPU is supplied with Power	Restoration Starts Once CPU is supplied with Power						
7.9	CPU Error Log	7-15						

7

7.1 Overview of Memory Cards

The AS Series CPU modules support standard MicroSD cards that meet the specifications in this chapter. This chapter describes the specifications and usage for the MicroSD cards supported by the AS series CPU modules.

7.1.1 Appearances of Memory Cards

SD cards are classified into three types according to size: SD cards, MiniSD cards, and MicroSD cards. AS Series CPU modules support MicroSD cards.



7.1.2 Memory Card Specifications

SD cards are also classified into three types according to capacity: SD cards, SDHC cards, and SDXC cards. The AS Series currently only supports a maximum of 32GB in FAT32 format. SD card families are shown in the table below. The Micro SDHC in the SDHC column indicates the specifications supported by the AS Series. Be sure to purchase products that meet these specifications.

• SD card families

Туре	SD		SDHC		SDXC	
Capacity	32 MB~2 GB		4 GB~32 GB		32 GB~2 TB	
File system	FAT16/FAT32		FAT32		exFAT (FAT64)	
Size	SD	SDHC	Mini SDHC	Micro SDHC	SDXC	Micro SDXC
Speed class rating	N/A		CLASS 2 (Min. 2 MB/Sec.) CLASS 4 (Min. 4 MB/Sec.) CLASS 6 (Min. 6 MB/Sec.) CLASS 10 (Min. 10 MB/Sec.)		CLASS 2 (Min. 2 MB/Sec.) CLASS 4 (Min. 4 MB/Sec.) CLASS 6 (Min. 6 MB/Sec.) CLASS 10 (Min. 10 MB/Sec.)	

7.2 Before using a Memory Card

7.2.1 Formatting a Memory Card

You may need to format a new SDHC memory card with the FAT32 file system before you use it for the first time. You cannot use an unformatted SDHC memory card in an AS Series CPU module.

The following example introduces the most common way to format an SDHC card: formatting an SDHC card through a card reader. Also carefully read the documents provided by the SDHC card manufacturer.

Mhen you format a memory card, you also delete all the data in the memory card. Verify whether you need to back up the data in a memory card before you format the memory card.

- (1) Insert the SDHC card into a card reader. The operating system detects a new storage device.
- (2) Right-click the new storage device, and then click Format.
- (3) You must format the memory card with the FAT32 file system. Do not change any other default settings. Click Quick Format, and then click Start.
- (4) After you click **OK** in the warning window, the SDHC card formats.

7.3 Installing and Removing a Memory Card

7.3.1 Memory Card Slot in a CPU Module

The memory card slot is on the front side of the AS Series PLC.



7.3.2 Installing a Memory Card

Insert a memory card into the CPU module memory card slot and push it in until it clicks. Be sure the memory card is fixed firmly in the slot; if the memory card is loose, it is not installed correctly. The memory card can only be inserted in one direction. Do not force the memory card or you may damage the CPU module. The correct way to insert the memory card is shown below.



7.3.3 Removing a Memory Card

You can remove a memory card by pushing it in. The card then springs from the slot.



7.4 Memory Card Contents

7.4.1 Initializing a Memory Card

When you insert an SDHC card into a CPU module that is powered on, the system initializes the SDHC card, and creates a default folder named according to the model of the CPU module.

When the system initializes an SDHC card, it automatically adds any missing folders to the directory structure. However, if the initialization of a SDHC card fails, you cannot initialize the SDHC card again until you reformat it.

When you initialize a memory card, the SYSTEM LED indicator blinks.

7.4.2 Folder Structure in a Memory Card

The image below shows the default folder group created by an AS System. The folder name is AS300. Several subfolders are contained inside the AS300 folder. Related files created by you and the AS system are stored in the subfolders.



Folder	Description		
Firmware	Stores firmware files (.mot)		
Log	Stores Log files (.log)		
SysDup	Stores backup files (.dup)		
UserProg	Stores device memory files (.txt, .dmd, .csv)		
DevMem, Setup	Reserved for the system use		

7-5

7.5 Introduction to the CARD Utility

The AS Series CPU modules include SDHC slots, and you can back up and restore module data with a memory card. ISPSoft includes the CARD Utility for the AS Series CPU modules. With this utility, you can back up and restore data in an AS Series CPU module or backup and restore an ISPSoft project. The backup can include the program code, parameter settings, hardware configuration, and network configuration, as well as the values in the devices in an AS series CPU module. Refer to Section 7.7.1 in the Operation Manual for more information about the specifications and usage of SDHC cards with AS Series CPU modules.

The list below describes the functions supported by the CARD Utility, including a flowchart.

- If you export data from an AS Series CPU module as a backup file (*.dup), you can save the exported data in the memory card in the module or in a folder on the computer. You can also decide whether to back up the values in the devices in the AS Series CPU module.
- If you export an ISPSoft project for an AS Series CPU module as a backup file (*.dup), you can only save the exported ISPSoft project in a folder in the computer. You can see data such as register editing (*.dvl), device status editing (*.dvb), file register editing (*.wft) for the AS Series as values in the device and back them up. You can put a memory card with the backup file into the AS series CPU module. You can copy a backup file (*.dup) saved on the computer into the AS series CPU module connected to the computer, or restore the backup file to an ISPSoft project. If you choose to restore the backup file to an ISPSoft project, the system automatically skips the values in the devices and the hardware configuration in the backup file.
- If you restore the backup file (*.dup) from the PC to an ISPSoft project for an AS Series CPU module, you can also restore data such as register editing (*.dvl), device status editing (*.dvb), and file register editing (*.wft) for the AS Series.



7.6 Backing Up a Project

If the backup source or backup destination is an AS Series CPU module or memory card, make sure that ISPSoft is connected to the AS Series CPU module. During backup, the CPU LED and Error LED blinks alternatively and SM452 flag is ON. After the backup is done, the CPU LED and Error LED stops blinking and SM452 flag is OFF. Refer to Section 2.4 in the ISPSoft User Manual for more information.

- (1) Double-click **CARD Utility** in the project management area to open the **CARD Utility** wizard.
- (2) Select the Backup (To DUP File) option button in the CARD Utility wizard and then click Next.



- (3) Select a backup source, and then click Next.
 - a. If you select the CPU (Need Connection), the backup file is stored in the memory card.



7-7
b. If you select the **ISP Project (Compiled and saved)**, the backup file is stored in your computer. Click and select an isp file in the **Open** dialog box. If the program in the isp file selected is not compiled, a message appears when you back up the isp file. Open the isp file with ISPSoft, compile the program in the isp file, and then save the isp file. After the program in the isp file is compiled, you can back up the isp file.

CARD Utility	
Help	
10un 10	CARD Utility - Backup Please choose the backup source.
imus Iotu	(F CPU (Need Connection)
	C ISP Project (Compiled and saved) CAPRI_OVPRI_O isp
	< Back Next > Drv_RS, [RS232: COM3]

(4) After you select CPU (Need Connection) / ISP Project (Compiled and saved), click Next,
 a. If you select the CPU (Need Connection), a prompted window appears. And you need to decide whether to back up the values in devices on the AS Series CPU module that is connected to ISPSoft.



b. If you select the **ISP Project (Compiled and saved)**, the backup file is stored in your computer. Click and select an isp file in the **Open** dialog box and then decide the file path where you'd like to store the backup file in your computer and then define its file name.

- (5) Select a backup destination. If the backup source is an ISPSoft project, the backup destination must be a computer.
 - a. If you select **Memory Card (PLC Side)**, the filename of the backup file is **AUTOEXEC.dup**, and the backup file path is **Root directory of the memory card\AS300\SysDup\AUTOEXEC.dup**.

CARD Utility	
Help	
Lu	CARD Utility - Backup
10	Please choose the destination when backup from CPU.
TOTA -	Memory Card (PLC side) \AH500\SysDup\AUTOEXEC.dup
	📀 PC (DUP File)
	C:\PRJ_0_BAK.dup
	< Back Next >
	Drv_RS, [RS232: COM3]

b. If you select PC (DUP File), click ..., select a folder in the Save in list in the Save As dialog box, and type a filename in the File name box. When you select the backup source for the ISPSoft Project, set the PLC password. You can set the password to be the same as the Project password, set a new PLC password, or not set a PLC password. If you do not set a password for the Project, the PLC password is also not set. When you select Setting new PLC password, the wizard looks like the following image. And you can set new PLC password and number of the attempt times.



(6) After that you can see the summary. Make sure that the summary in the **CARD Utility** wizard is consistent with the data backup you want to perform, and then click **Execute**.

CARD Utility	
Help	
Cun	CARD Utility - Summary
H	Function Backup
inu -	Source CPU
to I	Destination C:PRJ_0_BAK.dup
	Backup Content
	< Back Execute
	Drv_RS, [RS232: COM3]

(7) The AS Series CPU module still performs the data backup even if you click Cancel. You can turn off the AS Series CPU module to stop the data backup; however, the backup file produced is not a complete backup file, and you must delete the backup file from the memory card.

If you select **Memory Card (PLC Side)**, the filename of the backup file is **AUTOEXEC.dup**, and the backup file path is **Root directory of the memory card\AS300\SysDup\AUTOEXEC.dup**. If there is an old backup file in the memory card, the **Warning** message appears. Click **Replace**, **Archive**, or **Cancel** in the Warning message.

1.F	eplace: The da	ta in the existing	file is overwritte	en directly.		
2. 4 (Th	Archive: After t le file archived	ne original AUTOB s named yymmdo	XEC, dup file is a Inn, dup, yy is th	archived, the current ne year, mm is the mo	backup data is saved as onth, dd is the data, and	the AUTOEXEC, dup file, nn is the serial number on that day)
3. 0	ancel: The sys	tem backup is car	icelled.			

If the backed up data is protected by passwords, these passwords are also backed up.

Data backup	Description
CPU module → Memory card	The backed up data includes the PLC ID and the PLC password set in the CPU module.
ISPSoft project → Computer	The backed up data includes the program ID and the project password set in the ISPSoft project.

(8) After you perform the data backup, click Home or Close in the CARD Utility wizard.



7.7 Restoring a Project

If the restoration source or restoration destination is an AS Series CPU module or memory card, make sure that ISPSoft is connected to the AS Series CPU module. During restoration, the CPU LED and Error LED blinks alternatively and SM452 flag is ON. After restoration is done, the CPU LED and Error LED stops blinking and SM452 flag is OFF. Refer to Section 2.4 in the ISPSoft User Manual for more information.

- (1) Double-click **CARD Utility** in the project management area to open the **CARD Utility** wizard.
- (2) Select Restore (From DUP File) in the CARD Utility wizard and then click Next.



(3) Select a restoration source, click ... and then select a backup file to be restored.





- (4) Select a restoration destination, and then click **Next**.
 - a. To put the selected backup file into the AS Series CPU module, select CPU (Need Connection). If the restoration source is the CPU (Need Connection), the restoration destination must be the AS Series CPU module.
 - b. If you select **ISP Project**, click ..., and then specify a filename and a path. If the path specified point to a file that already exists, the file is overwritten when you restore the data.

CARD Utility	
Help	A
(Lun	CARD Utility - Restore
H	Please choose the destination when restore from PC (DUP File).
	C CPU (Need Connection)
	 ISP Project
	C:\PRJ_0\PRJ_0.isp
	<back next=""></back>
	Drv_RS, [RS232: COM3]

(5) Make sure that the summary in the CARD Utility wizard is consistent with the data restoration you want to perform and then click Execute.

CARD Utility	
Help	
Lui	CARD Utility - Summary
HT.	Function Restore
me	Source C:PRJ_0_BAK.dup
TOT .	Destination C:\R_PRJ_0.isp
	* Not all the data related to the network co
	< Back Execute
	Drv_RS, [RS232: COM3]

If you click **Cancel** in the process of restoring data to the AS Series CPU module, the data is not completely restored. The AS Series CPU module still performs the data restoration even if you click

Cancel in the process of restoring a backup file in the memory card. You can turn off the AS Series CPU module to stop the data restoration from being performed. To prevent the AS Series CPU module from operating incorrectly, restore the AS Series CPU module to the factory setting, or perform the data restoration again.

The restoration source or restoration destination may contain a password and an ID. The following table describes the password and the ID process.

Data restoration	Description
Memory card→CPU module	 a. The ID in the backup file must be the same as the ID in the CPU module; otherwise the data is not restored. b. If there is a PLC password in the CPU module, the password in the backup file must be the same as the PLC password in the CPU module. Otherwise the data is not restored. c. If there is no PLC password in the CPU module, and there is a password in the backup file, the system restores the data, and the password in the backup file becomes the PLC password in the CPU.
Computer→ ISPSoft project	The ID and the password in the backup file become the program ID and the project password in the ISPSoft project.

(6) After you perform the data restoration, click Home or Close in the CARD Utility wizard.



7.8 Restoration Starts Once CPU is supplied with Power

When the backup file in the memory card is consistent with the specific path and file name, the CPU can perform restoration once it is supplied with power. During restoration, the CPU LED and Error LED blinks alternatively and SM452 flag is ON. After restoration is done, the CPU LED and Error LED stops blinking and SM452 flag is OFF.

Operation Steps:

 Set up the backup file path and file name for the memory card backup file. The filename of the backup file is AUTOEXEC.dup and the root directory path of the memory card is <u>\PLC</u>

CARD\AS300\SysDup\AS300_BACKUP.dup

- (2) Insert the memory card into the card slot when the CPU power is off.
- (3) When the CPU power is on, it automatically checks if the memory card data is consistent with the PLC data. If not, the restoration begins. The data check is specifically on the data in CPU programs and HWCONFIG parameters.
- (4) During the restoration, the CPU LED and Error LED blinks alternatively. Once the restoration is done, the blinking stops.

7.9 CPU Error Log

The system stores CPU error messages in the memory card whenever the quantity of the error messages reached to 20. You can also use special flag SM36 and special device SR36 to read the CPU error messages and state change logs. If there is error logs recorded in the memory card, the memory card keeps storing the error logs. You can change the file path to store other error logs or change the file name to store other error logs.

Special Device	Function Code Description		
SR36	a. when the value is 0, it indicates there is no recording.b. when the value is 1234, it indicates the logs are stored in the memory card.c. when the value is 3456, it indicates the error logs and state change logs are stored in the memory card.		

Operation Steps to read CPU error logs and state change logs:

Make sure the memory card is in the slot before reading the CPU error logs and state change logs.

- (1) Set SM36 to ON and the value in SR36 to 1234 or 3456 to read the CPU error logs and state change logs.
- (2) The root directory path of the memory card for error log is <u>VPLC CARD\AS300\Log\Error.log</u>
- (3) Use ISPSoft to read the error logs. ISPSoft Tools -> Review Error Log File -> Open Log File

MEMO



Chapter 8 Hardware Configuration and Data Exchange Setups

Table of Contents

3-2
3-4
16
-16
-18
-36
40
40
40 -40
40 -40 44
40 -40 44 -44
40 -40 44 -44 -47
40 -40 44 -44 -47 -47

8.1 Hardware Configuration Tool for AS Series Modules -HWCONFIG

HWCONFIG is a built-in hardware configuration tool in ISPSoft. You can configure racks, set CPU and module parameters, download/upload parameters, detect a hardware configuration online, and make a diagnosis through HWCONFIG.

You must download all parameters set in HWCONFIG to the CPU module for them to take effect.

8.1.1 Introduction of the HWCONFIG Environment

In ISPSoft, double-click HWCONFIG in the project management area to start HWCONFIG.



1 Product list: Available hardware is listed in the catalog.

2 System configuration area: This is the main working area. You can configure and set the entire system in this

area.

3 Information list: This shows information about the present system configuration.

The system configuration area displays the present system configuration. You configure and set up the modules in this area. You can add extension modules to the right side of the AS Series CPU module. The CPU module also has function card slots for more versatile solutions. For the function card settings, go through the CPU module. Refer to Section 8.2 for function card configurations. When you modify the configuration in the system configuration area, the information in the information list updates.



All available hardware is listed in the product list. After you click a section in the product list, it shows all devices belonging to that section. If you click a device, the specifications for the device appear under the product list.



Delta Electronics provides you with specific configuration tools for some CPU modules. You can use tools such as Ethernet/IP or EtherCAT to set advanced parameters for network assignments for the modules. For advanced setup, right-click the CPU module in the system configuration area, click **Communication Software**, and then choose tools such as EIP Builder for Ethernet/IP configurations. You must save the configurations in HWCONFIG before opening the tools. Note that you cannot work in HWCONFIG while editing in the tools. Some tools require a separate installation, and the software shows a message if a tool needs to be installed.



Refer to the manuals for the communication software tools for more information on setting up communications.

8.1.2 Configuring a Module

8.1.2.1 Adding a Module

Method 1

Click a module from the product list and drag it to a vacant slot in the backplane in the system configuration area. The AS Series is not a backplane design, and you can place extension modules on the right side of the CPU module. You can only place the power module on the left side of the CPU module, and you can install only ONE power module.



* When you drag a module from the product list to the system configuration area, you can only drop the module on a

vacant slot.

• Method 2

Double-click a vacant slot with a plus sign to display the Product List window. You can also right-click the vacant slot with a plus sign and then click **Open** to open the Product List window.



Double-click a module to add it to the backplane from the Product List.

∃ Digital I/0 Module	2
AS08AM10N	
AS08AN01T	
AS08AN01P	
AS08AN01R	
AS16AM10N	
AS16AP11T	
AS16AP11P	~
AS16AP11R	
AS16AN01T	
AS16AN01P	
AS16AN01R	
AS32AM10N	
AS32AN02T	
AS64AM10N	+
ACTCADIT	
ASTORETT	
Binput + Boutput	

• Method 3

Double-click the empty space for the module on the Information List to show the Product List window.

Extension No	Туре	Module Name	DDF Version	Input Device Range	Output Device Range
Power Module	Power Module	AS-PS02	None		
CPU Module	CPU Module	AS332T	01.00.00	×0.0 ~ ×0.15	Y0.0 ~ Y0.15
Function Card1					
Function Card2					
Module Information1	Network Module	AS00SCM-A	00.33.00	D28000 ~ D28019	D28020 ~ D28039
Function Card1					
Function Card2					
Module Information2	Digital I/O Module	AS16AP11T	01.00.00	×1.0 ~ ×1.15	Y1.0 ~ Y1.15
	2				

In the Product List windows, double-click a module to add it.

ASDBANDT ASDBANDT ASDBANDT ASDBANDT ASDBANDT ASTBANTT ASTBANTT ASTBANTT ASTBANTT ASTBANTT	
ASOBANOTT ASOBANOTP ASOBANOTR ASTBANTN ASTBAPTTT ASTBAPTTP ASTBAPTTR	
AS08AN01P AS08AN01R AS16AM10N AS16AP11T AS16AP11P AS16AP11R	_
AS08AN01R AS16AM10N AS16AP11T AS16AP11P AS16AP11P AS16AP11R	_
AS16AM10N AS16AP11T AS16AP11P AS16AP11R	-
AS16AP11T AS16AP11P AS16AP11R	
AS16AP11P AS16AP11R	
AS16AP11R	
AS16AN01T	
AS16AN01P	
AS16AN01R	
AS32AM10N	
AS32AN02T	
AS64AM10N	+
AS16AP11T	
8input + 8output	

No matter which method you use to add a module, the configuration in the system configuration area and the

information on the information list update when you add a module.

Product List							
 ⇒ AS300 ⊕ Digital I/O M ⇒ Analog I/O M - AS04AD - AS04DA - AS04DA - AS06XA 	lodule Module		PS	IBAP	¥.		
Specification		- <					
-10~+10V, 0~ 0/1~5V, 0/4~	10V, -5~+5V, 20 mA,, -20mA~	-20					
mA conversio 2ms/channel	n time =					1	
mA conversio 2ms/channel	n time =	<u> </u>	1	*		[1
mA conversio 2ms/channel CPU Group	n time =	• •		V	Output Device	Comment	4
mA conversio 2ms/channel CPU Group Extension No	Type	Module Name	DDF Versi	Input Device R	Output Device	Comment	1
mA conversio 2ms/channel CPU Group Extension No Power Module	Type Power Module CPU Module	Module Name AS-PS02 AS332T	DDF Versi.	• Input Device R ×0.0 * ×0.15	Output Device	Comment	1
mA conversio 2ms/channel CPU Group Extension No Power Module CPU Module Function Ce	Type Power Module CPU Module	Module Name AS-PS02 AS332T	DDF Versi None 01.00.00	- Input Device R X0.0 ~ X0.15	Output Device Y0.0 ~ Y0.15	Comment	4
mA conversio 2ms/channel CPU Group Extension No Power Module CPU Module Function Ce Function Ce	Type Power Module CPU Module	Module Name AS-PS02 AS332T	DDF Versi None 01.00.00	- Input Device R X0.0 ~ X0.15	Output Device Y0.0 ~ Y0.15	Comment	-
mA conversio 2ms/channel CPU Group Extension No Power Module Function Ce Function Ce Module Inform	Type Power Module CPU Module Network Module	Module Name AS-PS02 AS332T AS005CM-A	DDF Versi. None 01.00.00 00.33.00	Input Device R X0.0 ~ X0.15	Output Device Y0.0 ~ Y0.15 D28020 ~ D2803	Comment	
MA Conversio 2ms/channel CPU Group Extension No Power Module Function Ce Function Ce Function Ce Function Ce Module Inform	Type Power Module CPU Module Network Module	Module Name AS-PS02 AS332T AS00SCM-A	DDF Versi. None 01.00.00 00.33.00	Input Device R X0.0 ~ X0.15 D28000 ~ D2801	Output Device Y0.0 ~ Y0.15 D28020 ~ D2803	Comment	
mA conversio 2ms/channel Extension No Power Module CPU Module Function Ce Function Ce Function Ce	n time = Type Power Module CPU Module Network Module	Module Name AS-PS02 AS332T AS00SCM-A	DDF Versi None 01.00.00 00.33.00	Input Device R X0.0 ~ X0.15 D28000 ~ D2801	Output Device Y0.0 ~ Y0.15 D28020 ~ D2803	Comment	
mA conversio 2ms/channel Extension No Power Module CPU Module Function Ce Function Ce Function Ce Function Ce Function Ce	Type Power Module CPU Module Network Module Digital I/O Module	Module Name AS-PS02 AS332T AS00SCM-A AS16AP11T	DDF Versi None 01.00.00 00.33.00 01.00.00	V Input Device R X0.0 ~ X0.15 D28000 ~ D2801 X1.0 ~ X1.15	Dutput Device Y0.0 ~ Y0.15 D28020 ~ D2803 Y1.0 ~ Y1.15	Comment	

8.1.2.2 Assigning I/O Addresses

The AS Series does not support manually assigned addresses. Addresses are automatically assigned to an input/output module through HWCONFIG in ISPSoft. You assign a start address to the first remote module installed on the right side of the I/O module slot (SCM module). The following I/O module is automatically assigned with the next address. For remote module configuration, refer to Section 8.2.3 for more details.

8.1.2.3 Editing a Comment

You can add a comment about the hardware configuration by clicking the gray area at the top of the system configuration area. To start a new line of text at a specific point, press Shift+Enter on the keyboard. After you type the comment, press Enter.



After you click the Comment cell for a module on the information list, press a key on the keyboard or click \dots to open the Device Settings dialog box. You can type a comment about the module in the **Comment** box.

Extension No	Туре	Module Name	DDF Version	Input Device Range	Output Device Range	Comment
'ower Module	Power Module	AS-PS02	None			
PU Module	CPU Module	AS332T	01.00.00	X0.0 ~ X0.15	Y0.0 ~ Y0.15	
Function Card1						
Function Card2						
dule Information	i Network Module	AS00SCM-A	00.33.00	D28000 ~ D28019	D28020 ~ D28039	
Function Card1						
Function Card2						
dule Information	. Digital I/O Module	AS16AP11T	01.00.00	X1.0 ~ X1.15	Y1.0 ~ X1.15	
Device Set	tting					
Options	B	_				
		Device N	ame AS16	AP11T		
		Descriptio	on Binpu	t + 8output		
		Descriptio Comment DDF Vers	on 8inpu sion 01.00	1+ 8output	-	
		Descriptio Comment DDF Vers Firmware Hardware	sion 01.00 Version	1 + 8output	•	
Defa	ult Impor	Description Comment DDF Vers Firmware Hardwars	sion 01.00 Version	1+ 8output	-	
Defa	ult impor	Description Comment DDF Vers Firmware Herdware t	ion 01.00 Version	00 	4 -	
Defar	ult Impor	Description Comment DDF Vers Firmware Herdwares the Export	ion 01.00 Version	1 + Boutput	Output Donce Renge	OK
Defar Mansian No wor Modula U Modula U Modula	Ut Import Type Power Module CPU Module	Description Comment DDF Vers Firmware Hardware Hardware Hardware Hardware Hardware Hardware Hardware Hardware Hardware	IDDP Vention None 01.00	1 + Boutput 00 Inou Device Renge xaa~5a15	Output Donce Range V00 "*V015	
Defar Atension No en Module J Module J Module J Module J Module	Type Power Module CPU Module	Description Comment DDF Vers Firmware Herdwares Module Name ASP992 AS332T	DOP Version None of the second	00 hput Device Renge x0.0 **20 15	Output Dance Range V0.0 ** v0.15	

8.1.2.4 Deleting a Module

There are two ways to delete a module that has been configured. You cannot delete the CPU module.

• Method 1

(1) Click the module to delete from the system configuration area or information list.



Method 2

(1) Right-click a module to delete from the system configuration area or information list, and then click **Delete**.



8.1.2.5 Replacing a Module

There are two ways to replace a module that has been added. You cannot replace the CPU module or power module.

• Method 1

(1) Right-click the module to be replaced in the system configuration area or on the information list.



Or click the module to be replaced in the system configuration area or on the information list. On the **Edit** menu, click **Replace**.



(2) A Product List window appears.



(3) Select the Replace All check box to replace multiple modules of the same type. Double-click the new module (the module that replace the existing module). A message appears: "The replaced module setting will be restored to the default values. Are you sure to continue?" Click Yes to replace the selected module.

9 Digital I/O Module 8 Analog I/O Module 10 Network Module		Digital I/D Module As04/D Module AS04AD AS04AD AS04ATD AS04TC AS04TC AS04TC AS04ZC Network Module
□ Replace A"		ASD6-X4-A 4 channels 16 bits analog input 2 channels 12 bits analog output :-10*+10V, 0*10V, -5*+5V, 0/1*5V, D/4*20 mA,, -20mA**20 mA conversion time = 2ms/channel Feplace All
	HWCONFIG	
	The replaced module se continue?	etting will be restored to the default values. Are you sure to

3

8

• Method 2

(1) Right-click the module you want to replace in the system configuration area or on the information list, and then click **Replace**.

R	DPU	Group Extension No	Type	Module Name	DDF Version	Input Device Fla.	Output Device	Comment
+ 94 + 0	$\mathcal{P}R$	over Module FLI Module	CPU Module	A\$330P	01.00:00	×0.0 - ×0.15	Y00-Y015	
		Function Cardl						
		lagais internation?	Skraing 1/0 Module	AG(MAI) A	00160-00	D28000 - D28019		
\bigcirc								

- (2) A Product List window appears.
- (3) Select the Replace All check box to replace multiple modules of the same type. Double-click the new module (the module that replace the existing module). A message appears: "The replaced module setting will be restored to the default values. Are you sure to continue?" Click Yes to replace the selected module.



8.1.2.6 Copying/Pasting a Module

There are two ways to copy a module. You cannot copy/paste the CPU module or the power supply module.

• Method 1

In the system configuration area or on the information list, right-click the module to copy, and then click Copy.



• Method 2

(1) In the system configuration area or on the information list, click the module to copy.



(2) On the Edit menu, click **Copy**, or i on the toolbar.



There are two ways to paste a module.

Method 1

In the system configuration area or on the information list, right-click the slot where you want to paste the module, and then click **Paste**.

				CPU Group	100 C				Contraction of the
				Extension No	Type	Module Name	DDF Version	Input Device Range	Output Device Range
	A Law			Power Module	Power Module	AS-PS02	None		
		1000		⇒ CPU Module.	CPU Module	AS332T	01.00.00	×0.0 ~ ×0.15	Y0.0~Y0.15
PS	Open(<u>O</u>)	Enter		Function Card1					
(1)	Replace(R)	Ctrl+R		Function Card2					
			()R	Modula Information	 Analog // Module 	AS04AD-A	00.50.00	- Example 1, Example 1	
	X Cut(I)	Ctrl+X	011	11			Open(Q)	Enter	
	Conv(C)	Ctrl+C			(Replace(R)	Ctrl+R	
1	C COPYC	C.U.T. C.			a la				
	Paste(P)	Ctrl+V				A.	Cut(II)	Ctrl+X	
	Delete(D)	Del					Copy(C)	Ctrl+C	
	-			-			Paste(P)	CITIEV	
	Communicatio	in Software 🔺		1		- Offin 9	Delete(D)	Del	
							Co-monumication	Soltware +	2

• Method 2

(1) In the system configuration area or on the information list, click the slot where you want to paste the module.

	Extension No	Type	Module Name	DDF Version	Input Device Range	Output Device Range
- E 10	Power Module	Power Module	AS-PS02	None		
Ad +	CPU Module	CPU Module	AS332T	01.00.00	×0.0 ~ ×0.15	Y0.0 ~ Y0.15
	Function Card1					
	Function Card2					
	Module Information	Analog I/O Module	AS04AD-A 🔀	50.00	D28000 ~ D28019	
(2) On the Edit menu, click Paste	, or click Lelp KX C V	on the too	olbar.		7 5 5	M

If the slot where you to paste a module already has a module, the pasted module is added in front of the slot where a module already exists. As the example shows below, adding the 06XA module in the position of the 04AD module moves the 06XA module in front of the 04AD module.



8.1.2.7 Cutting/Pasting a Module

There are two ways to cut a module. You cannot cut and paste the CPU module or the power supply module.

• Method 1

In the system configuration area or on the information list, right-click the module to cut, and then click Cut.



• Method 2

(1) In the system configuration area or on the information list, click the module to cut.

		Extension No	Туре	Module Name	DDF Version	Input Device Range	Output Device Range
		Power Module	Power Module	AS-PS02	None		
		E CPU Module	CPU Module	AS332T	01.00.00	×0.0 ~ ×0.15	Y0.0 ~ Y0.15
		Eunction Card1					
	\square	Eunction Card2					
		Module Information	i Anelog I/O Module		50.00	D28000 ~ D28019	
		Module monnation	Analog (/O Module	ASUANDA	50.00	D20000 D20013	
	•				4		
$\langle 0 \rangle$			41				
(2)	On the Edit menu, click Cut, or cli	ск 👗 оп	the toolbar.				
			~				
	Edit Option Help		()		and in case of the		
)D 🛛 🕅			7 🗔 (
	Cut Ctrl+X		1		21 3	72 100	
						and the second sec	
	Paste Ctrl+V		<u> </u>	1			
	I Delete Del						

There are two ways to paste a module.

Method 1

In the system configuration area or on the information list, right-click the slot where you want to paste the module, and then click **Paste**.



• Method 2

(1) In the system configuration area or on the information list, click the slot where you want to paste the module.



If the slot where you want to paste the module already has a module, the pasted module is added in front of the slot where a module already exists. As the example show below, adding the 06XA module in the slot of the 04AD module pastes the 06XA module in front of the 04AD module.



Additional remarks

When you cut and paste a module, the parameters in the module are retained as follows.

 Input/Output device range: The input/output devices assigned to the cut module are automatically assigned to the pasted module.

8.1.2.8 Dragging a Module

You can drag all modules in the system configuration area with the mouse, except the CPU module and the power supply module. When you drag a module from one position to another in the system configuration area, a red arrow appears along with the direction of your mouse cursor to show where the dragged module would be placed.



* When you drag a module, the input/output devices assigned to the module, the comment about the module, the parameters in the module, the data registers assigned to the module, and the parameters in the intelligent module are all retained in the dragged module.

8.1.2.9 Show/Hide Device Name

You can show or hide the module names in the system configuration area by clicking 🛅 on the tool bar.



8.2 Setting the Parameters in an AS Series CPU Module

8.2.1 Opening the PLC Parameter Setting Window

After you double-click the CPU module in the system configuration area, the Device Setting dialog box appears. The parameters you can set vary with the models of the CPU modules.

Before you set the parameters in a CPU module, refer to the operation manual for the CPU module. To prevent damage to the system or personnel, check the effect of the parameters on the CPU module and the entire system.

* You must download the set parameters to the CPU module before they take effect.



The parameters are classified into several types. Click the tabs at the top of the Device Setting dialog box and then click the setting options in the tree on the left.

E AS332T	Device Informatio	n Normal Exchange Area		
COM1 Port Setting	Device Name	AS32T	_	
Ethemet Port Basic Settin Ethemet Port Advance S	Description	AS332T CPU Module, 128kStep, 16DI, 16DO(NPN), built-in USB, Ethernet & RS485x2		
-Function Card 1 Setting -Function Card 2 Setting			F	
	Comment	*		
	DDF Version	01.00.00		
	Firmware Version			ALCON ALCON
· · · · · · · · ·	Hardware Version			
4 <u> </u>				

The setting parameters for the selected setting option appear on the right in the Device Setting dialog box. Click the option on the left, and then set the Value, Unit, Default, Minimum and Maximum for each parameter.

I+I System Information							
COMI Port Setting	Parameter name	Value		Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum
COM2 Port Setting	COM1 ID No.	1				1	254
Ethernet Port Basic Settir	Protocol Setup Opportunity	Stop -> Run	-		Stop -> Run	-	-
Ethernet Port Advance S	Baud Rate	9600	-	bps	9600	-	-
Function Card 1 Setting	Custom Baud Rate	96		0.1kbps	96	1	5000
	- Data bit	7	•	bit	7	-	-
	Parity bit	Even	-		Eyen	-	-
	Stop bit	1		bit	1	-	-
	MODBUS made	ASCI	*		ASCII	-	-
	Delay time to Reply	0		ms	D	Ű	3000
	Received Data Timeout	200		ms	200	Q	3000
	Setting COM1 LED to show for	COM1	-		COMI	-	-

8.2.2 Setting the Basic CPU Parameters

8.2.2.1 Options - System Information Page

In the Device Setting dialog box, click the **Options** tab, and then click (expand) **System Information** to see the System Information, System Parameter, Device Range Setting, Input Point Filter Time, Position Control Para, and Daylight Saving Timing.

	System Information				
System Information System Information	Parameter name	Value	Unit Default	Minimum	Maximum
System Parameter	Name	Untitled	Untitled	-	-
 Device Range Settin 	Comment		1	-	
Ethernet Port Basic Settir Ethernet Port Advance S Function Card 1 Setting Function Card 2 Setting					

System Information

On the System Information page, you can edit two parameters: **Name** and **Comment**. You can enter up to 15 characters in the Name section and up to 31 characters in the Comment section. You can use spaces and special characters in these two sections, but note that a Chinese character occupies two characters. After you create an ISPSoft project, the default project name is the name of the CPU module, and the default name of the CPU module is attached to the model in the project management area. You can change the default name of the CPU module in the Name box later.



You can identify a device by means of device name. When several devices are connected on a network, you can check whether a device connected to the computer is the device you expect with the device name. If you want to download or upload the program, but the name of the CPU module is different from the name attached to the model in the project management area, the system reminds you to check the name of the CPU module and the name attached to the model in the model in the project management area.

System Parameter

On the System Parameter page, you can set parameters by entering appropriate values or by selecting from a list.

E AS332T	System Parameter						
System Information	Parameter name	Value		Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximun 🔺
System Parameter	Clear non-latched area when Run->Stop	Enable	-		Enable	3	-
Device Range Settin	Ykeeps outputting when Run->Stop	Off			Öff	-	-
Input Point Filter Time	I/O module CONFIG by Auto/Manual who	Auto	-		Auto	-	-
Position Control Para	Select Action when I/O Module Paramet	Auto update			Auto update	-	-
	CPU module Stop when I/O Module No I	Stop	-		Stop	-	-
	- CPU module Stop when I/O Module Occ	Keep Run	-		Keep Run	-	4
- Ethernet Port Basic Settir	Setting delay time to detect I/O Module	20		0.1sec	20	20	200
庄 Ethernet Port Advance S	Assign X Input Point Control Run/Stop	Disable	-		Disable	-	-
-Function Card 1 Setting	Select X Input Point	×0.8			×0.8	-	-
-Function Card 2 Setting	Constant Scan Cycle Time	Disable			Disable		-
	Input Constant Time	1		ms	1	Ť	30000
	Setting Watchdog Time ◀	200		ms	200	10	30000

• Clear Non-latched area when Run → Stop

This determines whether the states and values of the non-latched devices are cleared when the PLC changes from Run to Stop.

- > **Disable:** all the states and values in the non-latched devices stay the same.
- > Enable: all the states and values in the non-latched devices are cleared and restored to defaults.

● Y keeps outputting when RUN→Stop

This determines the states of the Y devices when the CPU module begins to run or stop.

- > Off: all Y devices are set to OFF.
- > Retain: the states of the Y devices stay the same.

• I/O module CONFIG by Auto/Manual when Power On

This determines whether the CPU module is automatically configured, or you configure the parameters in HWCONFIG.

- > Auto: the CPU module is automatically configured.
- > Manual: you configure the parameters in HWCONFIG.

• Select Action when I/O Module parameter with manual CONFIG Different

This determines which action is taken when the actual settings are not the same as the parameters that you manually set when the previous setting option is set to **Manual**.

- > Auto update: the CPU module is automatically configured.
- > Show error: the CPU module shows an error.

CPU module Stop when I/O Module No Response

This determines how the CPU module and other modules react when a connected extension module is not responding.

- > Stop: the CPU module stops running and sends an error.
- > Keep Run: the CPU module and I/O modules keep running.

• CPU module Stop when I/O Module Occurred Error

This determines how the CPU module reacts when a minor module error occurs.

- > Stop: the CPU module stops running and sends an error.
- > Keep Run: the CPU module keeps running and sends an error.

• Setting delay time to detect I/O Module

This sets the time to detect an I/O module after powering on the CPU module.

Assign X Input Point Control Run/Stop

This assigns an input point to have the CPU module run or stop.

- > **Disable**: run or stop the CPU module with the dip switch of the CPU module.
- Enable: run or stop the CPU module with the assigned input point, and the dip switch of the CPU module still controls the run stop state of the CPU module.

• Select X Input Point

If you select **Enable** in the previous option, you can select one input point to control the Run or Stop state of the CPU module from the dropdown list.

Constant Scan Cycle Time

This sets the minimum scan cycle time.

- > **Disable**: disables this function.
- Enable: when the actual scan cycle time is less than the setting time, the CPU module waits until the setting time is met, and then starts the next scan. When the actual scan time is longer than the setting time, the CPU module starts the next scan after the actual scan time completes.

• Input Constant Time

If you selected **Enable** in the previous option, you set the scan cycle time here. If the actual scan time is less than the setting time, the CPU module waits to begin the next scan until the setting time is met. If the actual scan time is larger than the setting time, the CPU module ignores the setting time and operates according to the actual scan time. If you set the scan time longer than the watchdog timeout set, a watchdog timeout occurs when the CPU module operates.

Setting Watchdog Time

This parameter sets a timeout during which the program is scanned. The CPU module sends an error if the program execution exceeds the watchdog time.

• Show Battery Low Voltage Error

This parameter sets whether to show an alarm when the lithium battery for the real-time clock has low voltage or is not installed in the AS300.

- Disable: disables this function.
- > Enable: enables the alarm when the lithium battery has low voltage or is not installed.

• Save Error History Info

This specifies where to store the error log.

- PLC: store error logs in the PLC. The PLC can store up to twenty error logs. If there are more than twenty error logs, the oldest error log is overwritten by the latest error log.
- > PLC & SD Card: when there are more than twenty error logs, the oldest error log is backed

up to the memory card before the oldest error log is overwritten in the PLC.

• Select Action when 24Vdc Input Unstable

- Continue running when power stable: when the power is unstable, the AS Series pauses, and after the power stabilizes, the PLC continues running.
- Into Error Status: when the power is unstable, the error LED blinks and the AS Series stops running.

Communication Module Refreshed Priority

- Scan Time First: when there is an update, the AS Series automatically refreshes in batches to save scan time.
- Synchronous Data First: when there is an update, the AS Series refreshes completely and automatically to ensure data integrity. When the quantity of the data large, the scan time can be affected.

• COM Communication Error Record

This parameter sets whether to enable the error record when there is an error at the COM port.

- > **Disable**: disables this function.
- > Enable: enables this function and starts recording COM errors in the error log.

• Select Action When 24 Vdc Input Unstable

What to do when the 24 Vdc power is unstable

- Continue Running when power stable: waits till the power is stable and then PLC begins to run.
- Into Error Status: Stops and go to the error mode

Communication Module Refreshed Priority

- Scan time first: only refresh the data that is different from the original ones to save scan time
- Synchronous Data first: scan and refresh all the data to ensure all data are synchronized.

• I601 Timer interrupt Setting Time Base

Sets the interval for triggering the 1601 timer interrupt. This function is used together with Timer Interrupt 0.

• I602 Timer interrupt Setting Time Base

Sets the interval for triggering the 1602 timer interrupt. This function is used together with Timer Interrupt 1.

• I603 Timer interrupt Setting Time Base

Sets the interval for triggering the 1603 timer interrupt. This function is used together with Timer Interrupt 2.

• I6014 Timer interrupt Setting Time Base

Sets the interval for triggering the 1604 timer interrupt. This function is used together with Timer Interrupt 3.

Device Range Setting

The parameters on Device Range Setting table are shown in the following window.



Click is to open the parameter dialog box to set the start and end address. In the dialog box, click **Default** to restore the setting to the default values; click **Clear** to clear the set values; click **OK** to save the values and close the dialog box; click **Cancel** to discard the setting and close the dialog box.

	X
Start Address	20000
Default	Clear
ОК	Cancel

Input Point Filter Time

On the Input Point Filter Time page, you can set the input point filter time for each input. If the duration of the received signal time is less than the filter time setting value, it is processed as noise and filtered out. Select an appropriate filter time according to your needs.

- AS3321	Input Point Filter Time					
System Information System Information System Parameter Device Range Settin Infort Port Fold File Time Position Control Para Delylight Saving Timi COMI Part Setting	Parameter name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum
	X Input Point Setting Mode	Detauli Setting	•	Default Sette	na -	-
	X0.0 Input Filter Time Setting	1	us	1	0	20000
	X0.1 Input Filter Time Setting	T	UŚ	1	0	20000
	X0.2 Input Filter Time Setting	1	us	1	0	20000
	×0.3 Input Filter Time Setting	1	us	1	0	20000
	X0.4 Input Filter Time Setting	1	us	1	D	20000
- Ethernet Port Basic Settir	X0.5 Input Filter Time Setting	1	us	1	0	20000
🕀 Ethernet Port Advance S	X0.6 Input Filter Time Setting	1	us	1	0	20000
-Function Card 1 Setting	×0.7 Input Filter Time Setting	1	us	Ť.	0	20000
-Function Card 2 Setting	X0.8 Input Filter Time Setting	1	us	1.	0	20000
	×0.9 Input Filter Time Setting	1	us	1	0	20000
	XII 10 Innut Filter Time Setting	1	υġ	1	n	20000

- X Input Point Filter for CPU module
 - > Default Setting: uses the default values in the input point filter.
 - > Manual Setting: uses the values you enter for the filter time for each X input point.
- X0.0–X0.15 Input Point Filter Time

If you select Manual Setting for the previous parameter, you can set the filter time individually for X0.0–X0.15.

Position Control Parameter

The parameters on **Position Control Parameter** table set to specify input points as the positive and negative limits of axis 1~ axis 6 channels. 12 limit points can be set at most. Axis No. 1~6 can also be set as Z phase triggers, home function finish points and clear output selects or positive/negative limited position.

System Information	Parameter name	Velue	Linit Dofault	Minimum	Maximum
System Information	Avis 1(Y) (V) 1) Positive Limited Select -	v clide		Working	ividesirilari <u>-</u>
Operation of the second s	Axis 1(Y) (I/Y) 1) Negative Limited Selar -		-	-	-
	Axis 2(Y0.2/Y0.3) Positive Limited Select -	-	-	*	-
	Axis 2(Y0.2/Y0.3) Negative Limited Selei -		-	-	-
	Axis 3(Y0.4/Y0.5) Positive Limited Select -	*	-	*	-
- COM2 Port Setting	Axis 3(Y0.4/Y0.5) Negative Limited Selei -	-	-	~	-
Ethernet Port Basic Settir	Axis 4(Y0.6/Y0.7) Positive Limited Setect -		-	~	-
🗄 Ethernet Port Advance S	Axis 4(Y0.6/Y0.7) Negative Limited Selei —	•	-	~	-
- Function Card 1 Setting	Axis 5(Y0.8/Y0.9) Positive Limited Select -		-	-	-
Function Card 2 Setting	Axis 5(Y0.8/Y0.9) Negative Limited Seler —	1. The second se	-	~	-
	Axis 6(Y0.10/Y0.11) Positive Limited Selt -	•	-	×	+
	Avis 6(YI) 10(YI) 11) Nerrative Limited Se -	÷	-	~	

- Axis1(Y0.0/Y0.1) Positive/negative Limited Select~ Axis 6 (Y0.10/Y0.11) Positive/negative Limited Select: select the rising or falling edge trigger and X input point on the drop-down list.
- Axis1 (Y0.0/Y0.1) Z Phase Trigger ~ Axis6 (Y0.10/Y0.11) Z Phase Trigger: select the rising or falling edge trigger and X input point on the drop-down list.
- Axis1 (Y0.0/Y0.1) Home Function Finish and Clear Output Select ~ Axis6 (Y0.10/Y0.11) Home Function Finish and Clear Output Select: select the rising or falling edge trigger and X input point on the drop-down list.
- Axis1 (Y0.0/Y0.1) Positive/negative Limited Position ~ Axis6 (Y0.10/Y0.11) Positive/negative Limited Position: set up the number of pulses as the positive or negative limited position in axis 1~6; setting range is -2147483647 ~ 2147483647.

Daylight Saving Timing

Enable or disable this function on the Daylight Saving Timing page. Set daylight saving time and the set the time zones

for daylight saving and the system acts accordingly.

AS3321	Daylight Saving Hining						
System Information	Parameter name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum	
System Parameter De∨ice Range Settin	Pisable/Enable D.S.T Function	Disable	-	Disable	9	-	
	start date - month	4		4	3	5	
Input Point Filter Time	start date – day	1		1	1	31	
Position Control Para	end date - month	10		10	9	11	
- COM1 Port Setting	end date - day	1		1	1	31	
- COM2 Port Setting	saving time	60	min.	60	1	180	
Function Card 1 Setting Function Card 2 Setting Function Card 2 Setting							
	Export						

• Disable/Enable D.S.T Function

Sets whether or not to use daylight saving time.

Start Date – Month

Sets the month to start daylight saving

Start Date – Day

Sets the day to start daylight saving

End Date – Month

Sets the month to end daylight saving

• Start Date – Day

Sets the day to end daylight saving

Saving time

Sets daylight saving time in minutes

8.2.2.2 Options - COM1 & COM2 Port Setting

The AS Series CPU module has two communication ports. There are two areas to set the parameters, one for each communication port.

System Information							
-System Information	Parameter name	Value	_	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum
System Parameter Device Range Settin Ingut Point Filter Time Position Control Para Deylight Saving Timi COM1 Part Setting COM2 Part Setting		\geq 1			1	1	254
	Protocol Setup Opportunity	Stop -> Run	*	<(2 p→Run	9	+
	Baud Rate	9600	•	bps	9600	×	+
	Custom Baud Rate	96		0.1kbps	96	1	5000
	Data bit	7	*	bit	7	-	-=:
	Parity bit	Even	-		Even	-	-
Ethernet Port Basic Settir	Stop bit	1	+	bit	1	~	2.
Ethernet Port Advance S	MODBUS mode	ASCII	-	-	ASCIL	8	-
- Function Card 1 Setting	Delay time to Reply	0		ms	0	0	3000
-Function Card 2 Setting	Received Data Timeout	200		ms	200	0	3000
	Setting COM1 LED to show	COM1	-		COM1	-	+

Set a station address. You can identify a device on a network by the station address. The station address cannot be the same as the station address for another device on the same network. If the communication port functions as a slave, and there are other slaves, the station address of the communication port cannot be 0. Station address 0 broadcasts to all slaves in a communication protocol. If a master specifies in a data packet that data must be sent to station address 0, the data is sent to all slaves. No matter what the station address of these slaves are, these slaves receive the data packet addressed to station address 0.

Set when the communication port runs. Select Stop --> Run, and communication works when the CPU module switches from Stop to Run. If you instead select Power-on, the communication starts working when you Power-on the module. Select a communication speed in the **Baud Rate** list , or select **Custom** and enter a new rate.

4 Set the communication parameters for the port.

Set the **Delay Time to Reply** when the AS Series CPU module receives communication and how long it waits before responding to the remote modules. **Received Data Timeout** applies when the AS Series CPU module acts as a server to send out communications. The timeout is how long the module waits before the received data times out.

8.2.2.3 Options - Ethernet Port Basic Setting

Click **Ethernet Port Basic Setting** to see the setup page. Set the communication parameters for the Ethernet port in the CPU module on this page.

AS332T System Information COM1 Port Setting COM2 Port Setting Ethernet Port Advance S Function Card 1 Setting Function Card 2 Setting	Ethernet Port Basic Setting					
	Parameter name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum
	 IP Address 	192,168.1.5		192,168.1.5	1.1.1.1	223,255,255,25
	Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	1	255.255.255.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.25
	Gateway	192.168.1.1		192.168.1.1	1.1.1.1	223.255.255.25
	TCP Keep Alive Timeout	30	s.	30	4	65535
	Mode	Static 💌		Static	+	-
1						

Select **Static** in the **Mode** list to specify an IP address. Select **Dynamic** or **BOOTP** in the **Mode** list to assign an IP address from a DHCP/BOOTP server.

8.2.2.4 Options - Ethernet Port Advanced Setting

Click **Ethernet Port Basic Setting** to see the setup page. There are setups for IP Filter, NTP, Email, Socket, and RTU mapping.

⊟ AS332T	IP Filter				
System Information COM1 Port Setting	Parameter name	Value Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximun 🔺
COM2 Port Setting	IP Filter Function Enable			=	-
Ethernet Port Basic Settin Ethernet Port Advance St IP Filter NTP Ermail Sockt RTU Mapping	1st Begining IP Address			1.1.1.1	223.255.25E
	1 st Ending IP Address			1.1.1.1	223.255.255
	2nd Begining IP Address			1.1.1.1	223.255.255
	2nd Ending IP Address			1111	223.255.255
	3rd Begining IP Address			1.1.1.1	223.255.25E
	3rd Ending IP Address			1.1.1.1	223.255.255
-Function Card 1 Setting	4th Begining IP Address			1.1.1.1	223.255.255
-Function Card 2 Setting	4th Ending IP Address			1.1.1.1	223.255.255
	5th Begining IP Address			1.1.1.1	223.255.255
	Sth Ending IP Address			1111	223.255.255
1	Rth Regining IP Address			1111	223 255 255

IP Filter

Devices whose IP addresses are listed in the table are allowed to communicate with the CPU module; the CPU module discards data packets sent from devices whose IP addresses are not in the table. Devices on a network are filtered. This setting ensures that objects communicating with the CPU module are known devices. You can set up to 8 address ranges for allowed devices.

NTP

Click NTP to synchronize the real-time clock in the CPU module to an NTP server. Please refer to related documents or manuals for more information about NTP.

Select the NTP Client Function Enable check box, and then set the related parameters.

E-AS332T ▲	NTP					
System Information	Parameter name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	11
- System Paramete	NTP Client Function Enable				-	-
-Device Range Se	NTP Server				1.1.1.1	22:
- Input Point Filter T - Position Control F - Daylight Saving T	- Update Cycle	2→ 30	min	30	1	14.
	Time Zone	(GMT-09:00) A		(GMT-12:00)	E -	-
Ethernet Port Advanc						•
	JP24					

- Set the IP address of an NTP server. The CPU module corrects its internal time by connecting periodically to the server.
- Set a time interval for correcting the time in the CPU module. If the interval is thirty minutes, the CPU module
connects to the NTP server every thirty minutes.

• Select a time zone in the Time Zone list.

Click **Email** to set the email-related functions. The system sends email to the set email address after you enable the email function. You can set up to four sets of conditions for sending email to up to four groups of email addresses.

Device Setting					
Options Data Exchange-COM1	Data Exchange-COM2 Data Exchange-Et	hernet			
Limited Point Settin	Email				
- COM1 Port Setting	Parameter name	Value	Unit Defa	ult Minimum	Maximum
- COM2 Port Setting	Email Funciton Enable (1)>	✓			-
Ethernet Port Basic Se	SMTP Server	192.168.1.1		1.1.1.1	223.255.255.25
Ethernet Port Advance	Port	25	25	1	65535
- IP Filter	Local Email	AS300@delta.com		-	-
	Mail Subject	Message		-	-
- 1st Trigger Setti	Account Identification (3)->	~		-	-
1st Trggier Reci	Username	AS300		-	-
- 2nd Trigger Set	- Password	Xaladadak		-	-
2nd Trggier Red	1st Remote Address	user1@delta.com		-	-
- 3rd Trigger Setti	2nd Remote Address	user2@delta.com		-	-
- 3rd Trigger Rec		user3@delta.com		-	-
4th Tragier Bec	4th Remote Address	user4@delta.com		-	-
DefaultImport	Export				
					ОК

- Select Email Function Enable to enable the function.
- Set an IP address of the SMTP server. Set the COM port of SMTP server at the COM port and set the sender's local email address. Type the **Mail Subject** to appear at the start of the subject of every email.
- Select Account identification checkbox to enable the function to authenticate the connection with a user name and a password when logging into an SMTP server.
- O Type the target email addresses.

Click 1st Trigger Setting and type a trigger name in Trigger Name box and a minimum interval in Trigger Min Cycle. Then select a trigger condition in the Trigger Mode list. When the sending condition is met, the system sends an email every designated period of time. The system does not send the same email again.

Limited Point Settin	1st Trigger Setting			
- COM1 Port Setting	Parameter name	Value	Unit	Det
- COM2 Port Setting	1st Trigger Name		÷	
Ethernet Port Basic Se	1st Trigger Min Cycle	6	min	6
Ethernet Port Advance	- 1st Trigger Mode	Trigger Disabli 🔻	2	Trigge
1st Trggier Rect 2nd Trigger Setting				
1st Tragier Reci 2nd Trigger Setting 2nd Trigger Setti 3rd Trigger Setti 3rd Trigger Setti 4th Trigger Setti 4th Trigger Reci 7th Trigger Reci	•			<u>.</u>
1st Tragier Reci 2nd Trigger Setting 2nd Trigger Setting 3rd Trigger Setti 3rd Trigger Setti 4th Trigger Setti 4th Trigger Setti 4th Triggier Reci♥ ↓ Default Import	 €xport 			,

You can set email trigger modes as follows.

• CPU Error

Trigger sending an email if an error occurs in the CPU module. Refer to the Operation manuals for more information about errors occurring in CPU modules. After you select **CPU Error**, select **Fatal Error Only** or **All Errors** in the list at the right side of the option.

- a) Fatal Error Only: Send an email if a fatal error occurs in the CPU module.
- b) All Errors: Send an email if an error occurs in the CPU module.
- CPU (RUN<=>STOP)

Trigger sending an email when the CPU module begins to run, or when the CPU module stops running.

• Bit Status Change

Trigger sending an email if the state of a bit device specified meets a set condition. For example, if X0.0 switches from OFF to ON, it triggers sending an email. To set a condition, click the \cdots button in the following dialog box.



Device Name: Select a device type.

Oevice Number & Bit: Type a device address; if the device type selected is X/Y, you must specify a bit number as well.

6 State: Select Rising or Falling.

•Register Value Change

Trigger sending an email if the value in a device specified meets a set condition. For example, if the value in D0 is larger than 10. To set a condition, click the \cdots button in the following dialog box.

	Parameter Setting	×	1
1st Trigger Reg Address 1st Trigger Reg Trigger State 1st Trigger Value	Device Name	D	1
1st Trigger Beg Address	State Value	> · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3
1st Trigger Reg Trigger State 1st Trigger Value	DK	Cancel	

- **Device Name**: Users can select a device type in the **Device Name** drop-down list.
- **2** Device Number: Users can type a device address in the Device Number field.
- **State & Value**: Users can set s condition of triggering the sending of an email here.
- Periodic Timer

The system periodically sends an email. How often the system sends an email depends on the **Trigger Min Cycle** interval in the **Trigger Setting** section.

When you set any trigger mode, the user message and error log related parameters appear.

NS332P	1st Trigger Setting						
System Information COM1 Port Setting	Parameter name	Value		Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum
- COM2 Port Setting	1st Trigger Name	Condition1	-			-	- 1
Ethernet Port Basic Setting	1st Trigger Min Cycle	6	m	iin	6	1	14400
Ethernet Port Advance Sett	1 st Trigger Made	CPU Error	-		Trigger Disab	1-	-
- IP Filter	1st Trigger CPU Error	Fatal Error Only	-		Fatal Error On	l -	-
-NTP E Email	1st Trigger User Message Enable	~			1	1H).	*
-1st Trigger Setting	1st Trigger User Message	Message				-	-
-1st Trigger Recipien	1st Trigger Error Log Enable	~				.e.	-
- 2nd Trigger Setting	1st Trigger Attachment Mode	File	-		None	-	
- 2nd Trigger Recipier	1st Trigger Attachment File	Error Log	*		Error Log	-	-
	Export						ок

Select the **Trigger User Message Enable** check box and then click the ... to the right side of **Trigger User Message**. Type some content for the email text in the dialog box.

If you select the Error Log Enable check box, the system automatically adds the error log to the email content.

Trigger Attachment Mode determines whether to add an attachment to the email. Check the maximum size allowed for the email file before adding an attachment. Refer to the relevant email operation manuals for more information. If you select **None**, no attachment is inserted.

• File

Allows you to select an error log or the system backup file from the memory card as the email attachment.

PLC Device

The system automatically retrieves the device states or values listed in the table as the email attachment. After you select this option, click \square in the following dialog box to open the **Attachment** dialog box. You can set a maximum of two groups of devices. For example, if the condition is met, the values in D0–D9 are sent as an attachment.

1st Trigger Attachment Data 1 Address D0	Parameter Setting
1st Trigger Attachment Data 1 Length	Device Name D Device Number D
1st Trigger Attachment Data 1 Address D0 … 1st Trigger Attachment Data 1 Length 10	Length 10

Select the receiver's target email address for the triggered email in the **Trigger Receiving** table. Set the specific email address in the **Email** section.

Sockets

You can set the parameters for sockets through which data is transmitted. You must use this function with specific applied instructions. Refer to the AS Series Programming Manual for more information, as sockets are not described here. Refer to the related documents or manuals for more information about sockets. In the **Socket** table, set COM port parameters for data transmission through Ethernet; however, you should use this function only with specific API instructions. For relevant details, refer to the AS Series Programming Manual.



The system for the AS Series module supports data transmission between the CPU module and other CPU modules or devices through a socket as well as through TCP and UDP protocols. You can set up four connections in each of the four groups. Select the **Socket Function Enable** checkbox and then select settings in the **TCP** and **UDP** setting pages.

tom Information	1st TCP Socket Setting						
M1 Port Setting	Ist TCF Socket Setting						
M2 Port Setting	Parameter name	Value		Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum
ernet Port Basic Setting	1st TCP Socket Remote IP	192,168,1,100			0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	223.255.255.25
ernet Port Advance Setting	1st TCP Socket Remote Port	65500	1		0	0	65535
PFilter	1st TCP Socket Local Port	65501			0	0	65535
NTP.	1st TCP Socket Send Address	D0	-		D0	-	-
:mail	1st TCP Socket Send Length	10	b	vte	0	0	200
1st TCP Sorket Sellion	1st TCP Socket Receive Address	D100			DO	-	-
- 2nd TCP Socket Setting	1st TCP Socket Receive Length	20	b	ovte	0	0	200
- 3rd TCP Socket Setting	1st TCP Socket Keep Alive Timer	60	s	ec	30	0	65535
- 4th TCP Socket Setting			- 55				
- 1st UDP Socket Setting							
- 2nd UDP Socket Setting							
- 3rd UDP Socket Setting							
- 4th UDP Socket Setting 👻							
•							
	Contract of Contra						
Default Import	Export						
Default Import	Export						or I
Default Import	Export						ок
Default Import	Export						ок
Default Import	Export						ок
Default Import	Export						ок
Default Import	Export						ок
Default Import	Export	a-Ethornat	_	_		_	OK
Default Import	Export	a-Ethernet		-			OK
Default Import	Export	a-Ethernet					OK J
Default Import	Export	a-Ethernet		Lisit	Details	Minimum	OK
Default Import	Export Data Exchange -COM2 Data Exchange 1st UDP Socket Setting Parameter name	a-Ethermet		Unit	Default	Minimum	OK
Default Import	Export Data Exchange -COM2 Data Exchange 1st UDP Socket Setting Parameter name 1st UDP Socket Remote IP	a-Ethernet Value 1921681		Unit	Default	Minimum 0400	OK
Default Import	Export Export Data Exchange -COM2 Data Exchange 1st 'UDP Socket Setting Parameter name 1st UDP Socket Remote IP 1st UDP Socket Remote Port	e-Ethernet Value 192,168,1100 65500		Unit	Default 0.0.0 0) Minimum 0.0.0.0 0	OK Maximum 223:255:255:25 655:35
Default Import	Export Export Data Exchange -COM2 Data Exchange 1st UDP Socket Setting Parameter name ist UDP Socket Remote IP Tst UDP Socket Remote Part 1st UDP Socket Local Port	e-Ethermet Value 192,168,1,100 65500 65501		Unit	Default 0.0.0.0 0 0	Minimum 0400 0	OK Meximum 2:3:255:255:25 855:35 655:35
Default Import	Export Export Data Exchange -COM2 Data Exchange 1st UDP Socket Setting Parameter name 1st UDP Socket Remote IP 1st UDP Socket Remote Port 1st UDP Socket Remote Port 1st UDP Socket Send Address	a -Ethermet Value 192,168,1100 65500 65501 D0		Unit	Default 0.0.0.0 0 0 D0	Minimum 0.0.0 0 0	OK Maximum 223,255,255,25 655,35 655,35
Default Import	Export Export Data Exchange -COM2 Data Exchange 1st UDP Socket Setting Parameter name ist UDP Socket Remote IP 1st UDP Socket Remote Port 1st UDP Socket Send Address 1st UDP Socket Send Length	a -Ethernet Value 19216811100 65500 65501 D0 10		Unit	Default 0.0.0.0 0 0 00 00 00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Minimum 0000 0 0	OK Maximum 223,255,255,25 65535 - 200
Default Import	Export Export Data Exchange -COM2 Data Exchange Ist UDP Socket Setting Parameter name Ist UDP Socket Remote IP Ist UDP Socket Remote Part Ist UDP Socket Send Address Ist UDP Socket Rencipth Ist UDP Socket Rencipt	a -Ethernet Value 192,168,1,100 65500 65501 D0 10 D0 10 D100		Unit	Default 0.000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Minimum 0.00 0 - 0 -	OK Maximum 223:255:255:25 655:35 655:35 - - 200 -
Default Import	Export Export Data Exchange -COM2 Data Exchange 1st UDP Socket Setting Parameter name 1st UDP Socket Remote Part 1st UDP Socket Remote Part 1st UDP Socket Send Address 1st UDP Socket Beneive Length 1st UDP Socket Beneive Length	a-Ethermet 19216811100 65500 65501 D0 10 D0 10 20	u b	Unit	Default 0.000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Minimum 0d:00 0 - 0 - 0	OK Meximum 223-255-255-25 655-35 655-35 - 200 - 200
Default Import	Export	a -Ethermet Value 192,168,1,100 65500 65501 D0 10 D100 20	u. b	Unit	Default 0.0.0.0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Minimum 0000 0 0 - 0 0	OK Maximum 223 255 255 25 655 35 655 35 - 200 - 200
Default Import	Export	a -Ethermet Value 192,168,1,100 65500 65501 D0 10 10 D100 20		Unit pyte	Default 0.0.0.0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Minimum 00000 0 - 0 - 0 -	OK Maximum 223,255,255,25 65535 - 200 - 200
Default Import	Export	e -Ethernet 1921681100 65500 65501 D0 10 D100 20		.Unit nyte nyte	Default 0.0.0.0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Minimum 00.0.0 0 - 0 0 -	OK Maximum 223-255-255-25 65535 65535 - 200 - 200
Default Import	Export	a-Ethermet 192,188,1100 65500 65501 D0 10 10 D100 20	 b b	Unit	Default 0.0.0.0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Minimum 0000 0 - 0 - 0 -	OK Meximum 2:3:255:255:25 85535 65535 - 200 - 200
Default Import	Export	a -Ethermet 192168:1100 65500 65501 D0 10 10 20		Unit Unit	Default 0.0.0.0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0) Minimum 0.0.0 0 0 - 0 -	OK Maximum 223 255 255 25 655 35 655 35 - 200 - 200
Default Import	Export	a -Ethermet Value 192,168,1100 65500 65501 D0 10 10 D100 20	iii b	Unit	Default 0.0.0.0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Minimum 040.0 0 0 - 0 2 2	OK Meximum 223/255/255/25 655/35 - 200 - 200

The parameters in the **TCP Socket Setting** are the same as the parameters in the **UDP Socket Setting** except that there is no **Keep Alive Timer** parameter in the UDP Socket Setting.

OK

- Remote IP: Sets a remote IP address.
- Remote Port: Sets a communication port used by the remote device for this TCP connection. The port number must be between 0–65535.
- Local Port: Sets a communication port used by the local CPU module for this connection. The port number must be between 0–65535.
- Send Address: Sets an initial device in the CPU module where sent data is stored.

- Send Length: Sets the length of data sent by the local CPU module. The length must be between 0–500 words.
- Receive Address: Sets an initial device in the CPU module where received data is stored.
- Receive Length: Sets the length of data received by the local CPU module. The length must be between 0–500 words.
- Keep Alive Timer: Sets a maximum time to keep the connection alive. If no data is transmitted, and the keep alive period has elapsed, the CPU module automatically terminates the connection.

The port number used by the local CPU module and the port number used by the remote device cannot be the same, and the devices where you store the sent data cannot overlap the devices where you store the received data. If the IP address of the remote device is 192.168.1.100, the port number used by the remote device is 65500, the port number used by the local CPU module is 65501, and the remote device and the local CPU module can transmit data through this TCP connection.

If the local CPU module sends 10-word data to the remote device, the data is stored in D0–D9 before the data is sent. If the local CPU module receives 20-word data from the remote device, the data is stored in D100–D119.

If the length of data received is larger than the setting value for the length, the first 20 words of data are stored in D100–D119, and the remainder of the data is discarded. Likewise, if the length of data received is less than the setting value for the length, the data is stored in the devices starting from D100, and the values in devices where no new data is stored are unchanged.

If no data is transmitted, and 60 seconds have elapsed, the CPU module closes the socket and terminates the connection.

In the **RTU Mapping** table, you can set a Delta RTU-EN01 slave in connection with an AS Series module. The remote device is controlled through Ethernet and you can connect up to 4 groups of RTU-EN01 in the network. Refer to the operation manual for setting and operation of RTU-EN01.

AS332T	RTU Mapping					
System Information COM1 Port Setting	Parameter name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum
COM2 Port Setting	RTU Mapping Enable	V			-	÷
- Ethernet Port Basic Settin	Cycle	10	ms	10	1	60000
Ethernet Port Advance Se	Timeout	1000	ms	1000	1	60000
territer a malaland						
2 2nd RTU Mapping 3rd RTU Mapping 4th RTU Mapping Function Card 1 Setting Function Card 2 Setting						

Select RTU Mapping Enable checkbox to enable the function of connection between RTU module and AS series module. Set the update cycle in **Cycle** box and a timeout in **Timeout** box. It means a timeout when RTU does not give a reply within the timeout set.

The data mapping between each group of RTU-EN01 and AS series module is set in the **RTU Mapping** section. RTU-EN01 and I/O module connected to it are set via DCISoft. For more information on DCISoft, refer to the operation manual.

ASS21 ASS21 ASS221	ISLINIO Mapping						
COM1 Port Setting	Parameter name	Value	_	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum
- COM2 Port Setting	RTUI Enable	~	_				+
- Ethernet Port Basic Settin	RTU1 Station Address	1	-		4	1	247
⊟ Ethernet Port Advance S∈	RTU1 IP Address	192.168.1.1				1.1.1.1	223.255.255.25
-IP Filter	RTU1 RX Mapping Address	×0.0	***		×0.0	-	-
- NIF E. Emeil	RTU1 RX Mapping Length	10			0	0	256
E Sockt	RTU1 RY Mapping Addres	Y0.0	•••		Y0.0		-
B RTU Mapping	RTU1 RY Mapping Length	10			Ŭ	0	256
- 1et RTU Mapping	RTU1 RCR Read Mapping Address	D0	***		D0	-	-
- 2nd RTU Mapping	RTU1 RCR Read Mapping ogth	10			0	0	64
- 3rd RTU Mapping	RTU1 RCR Write Mapping	D100			D0	-	-
Eunction Card 1 Setting	RTU1 RCR Write Mapping Length	10			0	0	64
Function Card 2 Setting	Export						ок

- Select RTU1 Enable to enable this RTU function. You can set each RTU individually.
- Set a station address and an IP address.
- Set the RX mapping address and RX mapping length to make the digital input points for the DI module connected to RTU and mapped to X/M devices, as well as the length for the AS Series module. Set the RY mapping address and length to set the digital output points for the DO module mapped to Y/M devices, as well as the length for the AS300 Series module.
- Set the RCR Read mapping address and RCR Read mapping length to make the analog input points for the AI module connected to RTU and mapped to D/SR devices, as well as the length for the AS300 Series module. Use the RCR Write mapping address and length to set the analog output points for the AO module mapped to D/SR devices, as well as the length for the AS300 Series module.

8.2.2.5 Options - Function Card 1 Setting

Use the **Function Card 1 Setting** table to set the parameters for function card 1 in the AS300 Series CPU module. Install function card 1 by inserting it into the slot in the module.

Device Setting							
Options Data Exchange-COM1	Data Exchange-COM2 Data Exchange-E	thernet					
- AS332T	Function Card 1 Setting						
System Information COM1 Port Setting	Parameter name	Value		Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum 🔺
- COM2 Port Setting	Card 1 Detect mode	Manaul	▼		Auto Detect		-
Ethernet Port Basic Settin	Manual Select Card	AS-F232 COM	•		None	-	-
Ethernet Port Advance Se	- Card 1 ID No.	1			1	1	254
- IP Filter	Protocol Setup Opportunity	Stop –> Run	•		Stop -> Run	-	-
The Final	Baud Rate	9600	▼	bps	9600	-	-
⊕-Sockt	Data bit 🛛 🔁 🔶	7	•	bit	7	-	-
	Parity bit	Even	▼		Even	-	-
 Function Card 1 Setting 	Stop bit	1	•	bit	1	-	-
- Function Card 2 Setting	MODBUS mode	ASCII	▼		ASCII	-	-
	Delay time to Reply	0		ms	0	0	3000
	Received Data Timeout	200		ms	200	0	3000
	F2AD Analog Input mode (0~10∨	•		0~10∨	-	
	•	L	_				>
Default Import	Export						
							ОК

- Select Auto in Card1 Detect mode box to detect the actual card model and setting. Select Manual to manually select the card in the Manual Select Card list and then configure the AS-F232/ F422/ F485/F2AD/F2DA function card.
- For setting the parameters in AS-F232/ F422/ F485 card, refer to the COM port setting in Section 3.5.2.2.
- At the bottom of the table, you can set F2AD to receive the signal of 0–10V or 4–20mA in F2AD Analog Input Mode list and set F2AD to send the signal of 0–10V or 4–20mA in F2DA Analog Output Mode box. Set the sampling interval for the F2AD and the average times in F2AD Sampling Time and Average Times.

8.2.2.6 Options - Function Card 2 Setting

Use the **Function Card 2 Setting** table to set parameters for the function card 2 in the AS Series CPU module. Install function card 2 by inserting it into the slot in the module. For function card 2, there is an additional option (**AS-FCOPM**) in **Manual Select Card** that does not exist for function card 1. If you select the AS-FCOPM card, set the parameters as shown below.

Device Setting						
Options Data Exchange-COM1	Data Exchange-COM2 Data Exchange-E	thernet				
- AS332T - System Information	Function Card 2 Setting					
COM1 Port Setting	Parameter name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum 🔺
- COM2 Port Setting	F2AD Sampling Time	3	ms	3	3	15
Ethernet Port Basic Settin	F2AD Average Times	10		10	1	15
E Ethernet Port Advance Se	AS-FCOPM Working mod	AS Remote Co 🔫		AS Remote Co		-
	AS-FCOPM node ID	1	- 2		1	254
	AS Remote module No.	1	unit	1	1	15
	Select Run mode after detect remote m	Run connectec 🔫		Run connecter	-	-
⊞- RTU Mapping	AS MPU keep or Stop whe Store and a	Only Show Errc 🔫		Only Show Erro	-	-
- Function Card 1 Setting	Remote Communication time out	100	ms	100	0	3000
Function Card 2 Setting	Re-connected Retry number after time (60		60	0	255
	Auto Retry connection after connect	60	sec	60	0	255
	AS-FCOPM Bit Rate	125k 🔻	bps	125k	-	-
						-
DefaultImport	Export					
						ОК

- Select AS Remote Control, Delta ASD-A2 Control, or CANopen DS301 in the AS-FCOPM working mode list. AS Remote Control connects the AS Series remote I/O. Delta ASD-A2 control is exclusively for Delta servo products. CANopen DS301 uses the DS301 standard protocol.
- When you select CANopen DS301, set the address of the station in the AS-FCOPM working mode.
- If you select Delta ASD-A2 Control in the AS-FCOPM working mode, you can set the remote I/O parameters. AS remote module No. sets the number of remote I/O modules, and each one connects an extension module. Refer to Section 3.5.3 for operation of the AS Series remote module. Select Run mode after detect remote module determines if the connected remote module works normally or if all remote modules stop running when the number of actual connected modules is inconsistent with the set number of modules.

AS CPU keep or Stop when slave node disconnected determines whether to show only errors or to stop running and send an alarm when the remote I/O module is disconnected during operation.

Remote Communication Timeout sets the timeout period if the remote I/O module does not reply.

Auto Retry connection after Disconnected sets the number of times to retry the connection after a timeout occurs.

Set the parameters Auto Retry connection after Disconnected and AS-FCOPM Bit Rate under the three AS-FCOPM working modes.

8.2.3 Configuring AS - Series Remote Modules

You can connect remote IO modules with the AS Series CPU module to prevent the need for wiring between a remote device and the controller. Select Manual in the Card2 Detect Mode list and ASJ-FCOMPM in the Manual Select Card list in the Function Card 2 Setting table. Then select AS Remote Control in the AS-FCOPM Working mode list and the number of AS remote modules.

COM1 Port Setting Parameter nam COM2 Port Setting F2AD Sampling Time Ethermet Port Basic Settin B Ethermet Port Advance Sc Europic Card 1 Setting AS-FCOPM Working mod	e Value 3 10	Unit ms	Default 3	Minimum
COM2 Port Setting F2AD Sampling Time Ethemet Port Basic Settin Ethemet Port Advance Se Eucline Cord 1 Setting	3 10	ms	3	2
Ethemet Port Basic Settin Ethemet Port Advance Se Function Cert 1 Setting	10			3
Ethernet Port Advance Se AS-FCOPM Working mod Eupction Card 1 Setting			10	1
Eurotion Card I Setting	a AS Remote Comminu	ucation 💌	AS Remote C	c
Function Cord ? Sotting AS-FCOPM node ID	1		1	1
AS Remote module No.	2	unit	t	1
Select Run mode after de	Select Run mode after detect remote mc Run connected remote modi 💌		Run connecter	t-
AS CPU module keep or 5	Stop when stev Only Show Error Mes	sage 💌	Only Show Em	h ==
Remote Communication ti	me qut 100	ms	100	0
Re-connected Retry numb	ieraftertime o 60		60	Ū.
Auto Retry connection after	r Disconnecte 60	sec	60	0
AS-FCOPM Bit Rate	125k	▼ bps	125k	~

If you enter 2 in the AS Remote module No. box, two remote modules appear in the system configuration area after you click OK .



You can set the remote module in the system configuration area to add, delete, copy, and move an extension module, as shown in Section 8.1.2. As with a general controller, you can click with the mouse, drag, or right-click then click context menu commands. You can configure all extension modules except network modules.



8

Double click a module to open the Device Setting dialog box for a remote module and the extension modules connected to it.



AS00SCM-A	Device Information	Normal Exchange Area	
AS Senal Remote Moduli	Device Name	AS00SCM-A	
	Description	Serial communication module, MODBUS, UD Link protocol (COM. mode). Remote IO control(RTU mode) Module current consumption:(Internal)22mA (External) 0mA	
	Comment		
	DDF Version	00.33.00	0
	Firmware Version	(off-line)	
	Hardware Version	(off-line)	
Default Import	Export	lpde(e]	

Set the start of input device range for the remote module as follows. Click a remote module, then double-click **Input Device Range** in the **Remote Module Group 1** table and then type the **device No.** in the dialog box. After you click **OK**, the input and output device range of the remote device and the extension modules connected to it are automatically configured.

HWCO	NFIG					-	- E X
Eile Edit Optio	on <u>H</u> elp						_ 8 ×
III X D D :	000	11 二 4					
Product List							
	alog input : - SV, 01-SV, 20 mA s/channel	+		BAD +			
Remote Module Group 1	0						
Extension No	Туре	Module Name	DDF Version	Input Device Ra	Output Device	Comment	
El Remote Module	Network Module	AS00SCM-A	00.33.00	D29000 ~ D29009	D29010 10 102901	8	
- Function Card1							
Function Card2	Function Card	AS-FCOPM	None		x2		
Module Information1	Analog I/O Module	ASU4AD-A	00,50.00	D29020 ~ D29039	(2	2)/	



R	emo	ote Module Group 1	1					
		Extension No	Туре	Module Name	DDF Version	Input Device Ra	Output Device	Comment
1								
Ę	R	emote Module		AS00SCM-A	00.33.00	D29040 ~ D29049		
		Function Card1						
		Function Card2	Function Card	AS-FCOPM	None			
	М	odule Information1	Analog I/O Module	AS04AD-A	00.50.00	D29060 ~ D29079		

The module arrangements may affect the input and output device range, and the device range may not be in order. To fix this, you can rearrange the input and output device ranges in an orderly sequence. On the **File** menu, click **Input / Output Device Rearrange** to automatically arrange the device range sequence.



8.3 Data Exchange

8.3.1 Device Settings Dialog Box Descriptions

In the Device Settings dialog box, after you click the Data Exchange-COM1, Data Exchange-COM2 or Data Exchange-Ethernet tab, you can set the parameters for the data exchange table for the communication port built into the AS Series module.

The AS Series module can be a master and exchange data with remote slave devices through COM1 and COM2 using the Modbus protocol, or through an Ethernet port using the Modbus TCP protocol.

Dat	utomatic a Exchar	ally scan s ige Setup	laves, when the first tim				ode Program	m Control 💌	
Γ	Item	Enable	Remote Station Address	Local Address	1 1	Remote Address	Quantity	Add	
			1			D0		G	
				D0	~~	D0	1	Move Up	
Ľ								Mana Denes	~
								CADA C TRUMI	-2
				_				Delete	
				3				Copy	
				-					

- When you set the start Mode to Program Control, the program in the PLC determines whether to perform the set data exchange. PLC Run means that the set data exchange is performed automatically when PLC is in the RUN state. Always Enable means that the data exchange is performed constantly when the PLC is powered on.
- Add a new row in the data exchange table in area by clicking Add. Move the selected data exchange row up or down by clicking Move Up and Move Down. Delete the selected data exchange row by clicking Delete. Copy the selected data exchange row by clicking Copy. You can then paste it back into the table as the last row.
- The following table explains the columns in the data exchange table.

Name	Description
Item	The number of the block for data exchange
Enable	Selects whether to enable the data exchange table when the data exchange is performed.
Station Address/ IP Address	The slave station address for the data exchange table. You can set one address for multiple data exchange tables. It is a station address under the COM1 and COM2 tabs, and IP under the Ethernet tab.
Local Address	The device address range used by the master in the data exchange table
<	$\lceil << \rfloor$: Input: the data block where the master reads from a slave $\lceil >> \rfloor$: Output: the data block where the master writes to a slave
Remote Address	This is the device address range used by a slave in the data exchange table. The device range is in hexadecimal if the slave in the data exchange table is a user-defined Modbus Device.
Quantity	This is the size of the data exchange table, which is consistent with the result calculated from the device range.

8.3.1.1 Data Exchange - COM1 and Data Exchange - COM2

On the **Data Exchange-COM1** or **Data Exchange-COM2** tab, double-click row in the data exchange table to set to open the **Item** dialog box as shown below. Select the **Enable** check box to enable the data exchange table in the mode mentioned above. **Remote Address** is the address of the target slave for data exchange. The **Shortest Update Cycle** is the period for data exchange of the data exchange table. The connection times out if the target device does not make any response within the time specified by **Connection Timeout**.

Select **Support Read/write synchronization (Function code 0x17)** to have the master complete reading and writing in a single command to improve the efficiency of data exchange. This uses the specific Modbus function code. Make sure that all devices in data exchange support the Modbus function code for read and write synchronization. Otherwise, the attempt to read and write fails due to the failure to identify function codes after receiving the command from the master device.

Remote Device Type is the model of a target slave including the Delta PLC and standard Modbus devices.



Read

The AS Series module reads data from a remote device.

Local Start Address: The device type and start address of the devices where the AS Series module stores data.

Remote Start Address: The device type and start address of the remote device to be read.

Quantity: This is the input data length.

• Write

The AS Series module writes data to a remote device.

Local Start Address: The device type and start address of the source data for the AS Series module.

Remote Start Address: The device type and start address of the remote device where data is to be written.

Quantity: The output data length.

8.3.1.2 Data Exchange - Ethernet

On the **Data Exchange - Ethernet** tab, double click a row in the data exchange table to set to open the **Item** dialog box as shown below. The settings are almost the same as those for **Data Exchange - COM1** and **Data Exchange - COM2**, except that the target slave model option in **Remote Device Type** contains Delta PLC and standard Modbus TCP equipment, as well as the IP address for remote slaves. For other settings, refer to the descriptions of Data Exchange - COM1 and Data Exchange - COM2.

and is a bala Exchange -colori bala Exchange -color bala	a Excha	ange -Ethernet
		Mode Program Control
ta Exchange Setup		
Item Enable IP Address Local Addres	ss	Remote Address Quantity Add
D		>> D0 1 Nove tin
		Move Dawa
1		
-		
☐ Enable The Shortest Update Cycle (ms) 10 ☑ ☑ Apply to all		Slave Address 1 IP Address 192.168.1.1
Connection Timeout (ms) 50 🔽 Apply to all Support Read/write synchronization (Function Code: 0x17)		Remote Device Type AS300 series
Local Start Address D0 ~ D29999		Remote Start Address D0 ~ D29999 Quantity (word)
D Register 0	-	D Register 0 1
Local Start Address D0 ~ D29999	+	Kemote Start Address D0 ~ D29999 Quantity (word)
To Iregister		

Select the **Apply to all** check box on the right side of **The Shortest Update Cycle** and **Connection Timeout** and then click **OK**. Selecting the check box writes the settings for **The Shortest Update Cycle** and **Connection Timeout** to other data tables on the tab **Data Exchange - Ethernet**. You can also set the data exchange tables separately without selecting the **Apply to all** check box.

8.4 Setting Parameters in a Module

8.4.1 Parameters in a Module

You can set the parameters in every module configured in HWCONFIG. The functions and characteristics of every module depend on the parameter settings. To set the parameters in a module, double-click the module in the system configuration area to open the **Device Setting** dialog box. This dialog box may be different for each of the various devices.



uptions		And and a second se	
B AS04AD-A	Device Information	n Normal Exchange Area	
-format 	Device Name	AS04AD-A	
- average filter - sampling time - Channel Detect	Description	4 channels 16 bits analog input: -10~+10V, 0~10V, -5~ +5V, 0/1~5V, 0/4~20 mA, -20mA~20 mA conversion time = 2ms/channel Module current consumption:(Internal)0mA (External)0mA	
	Comment		
	DDF Version	00.50.00	
	Firmware Version	(off-line)	
	Hardware Version	(off-line)	
Default Import	Export	lpdare	
			OK

The parameters are set according to the functions supported by the module. Before you set the parameters, refer to the Operation Manual for more information. To prevent damage to the system or personnel, check the effect of the parameters on the module and the entire system. There are two tabs Device Setting dialog box: the Device Information tab and the Normal Exchange Area tab. Click the Device Information tab to display the module information, appearance, and present DDF document version.

The number of parameters that you can set in the module and the range of setting values depend on the version of the DDF document. The firmware and hardware version of the CPU module also appear when all the modules are connected online.

Device Name	AS04AD-A	
Description	4 channels 16 bits analog input :-10~+10V, 0~10V, -5~ +5V, 0/1~5V, 0/4~20 mA, -20mA~20 mA conversion time = 2ms/channel Module current consumption:(Internal)50mA (External)	
Comment	Real Version: 00.40.00	1 a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a
DDF Version	00.50.00	
Firmware Version	00.40.00	
Hardware Version	00.00.00.00	

Click the **Normal Exchange Area** tab to display the corresponding functions for the input/output devices assigned to the module. Select a parameter type at the left side of the dialog box, and then set the parameters in the table at the right side of the dialog box. The table formats for the parameter types are the same, but the contents of the tables are different. The number of parameters you set and the range of setting values depend on the firmware version of the module.

AS04AD-A	average filter				
- CH1~CH4 Mode setting	Parameter name	Value	Unit Default	Minimum	Maximum
CH1~CH4 Calibration	CH1 average times	10	10	1	100
average filter	CH2 average times	10	10	1	100
sampling time	CH3 average times	10	10	1	100
Channel Detect	CH4 average times	10	10	1	100
	CH1 filter Proportion	10% 🔻	10%	-	-
	CH2 filter Proportion	10% 🔻	10%	-	-
	- CH3 filter Proportion	10% 🔻	10%	-	-
	CH4 filter Proportion	10% 🔻	10%	-	-

The following shows the descriptions of the columns in the table. If a table cell is grayed out, you cannot edit the cell.

Parameter name

This column shows the parameter names or descriptions.

Parameter name	Value	Unit Default	Minimum	Maximum
CH1 average times	10	10	1	100
- CH2 average times	10	10	1	100
- CH3 average times	10	10	1	100
- CH4 average times	10	10	1	100

Value

Set the initial parameter values in this column. When you download the parameters you set in HWCONFIG, the initial values (setting values) are written to the module. You may type initial values for some parameter types, or select initial values from a list for other parameter types in the **Value** column. Refer to the instructions for the module for more information about the range of values you can set, as well as the processing mechanism after you download the initial values.

Parameter name	Value	Unit Default	Mi	nimum Maximum
CH1 average times	10	10	1	100
CH2 average times	10	10	1	100
CH3 average times	10	10	1	100
CH4 average times	10	10	1	100

Unit, Default, Minimum and Maximum

Refer to the unit, default, the minimum and maximum of the parameters in the following window.

Parameter name	Value	Unit Default	Minimum	Maximum
CH1 average times	10	10	1	100
- CH2 average times	10	10	1	100
CH3 average times	10	10	1	100
CH4 average times	10	10	1	100

Click the **Default** button in the lower left corner of the Parameter Setting window to restore the default values of the parameters in the module. The software asks you to confirm that you want to reset the parameters to the default values.



8.4.2 Exporting and Importing the Parameters in a Module

You can save the parameters in the module as a CSV file. You can also import a previously exported file.

AS04AD-A	Device Informatio	n Normal Exchange Area	
- format - CH1 °CH4 Mode setting - CH1 °CH4 Calibration - average filter - sampling time - Channel Detect	Device Name	AS04AD-A	
	Description	4 channels 16 bits analog input: -10~+10V, 0~10V, -5~ +5V, 0/1~5V, 0/4~20 mA, -20mA~20 mA conversion time = 2ms/channel Module current consumption:(Internal)0mA (External)0mA	
	Comment		1
	DDFVersion	00.50.00	
	Firmware Version	(off-line)	2
	Hardware Version	(off-line)	
Default Import	Evnort	Inter-	
	Export	shitare	OK

• Exporting the parameters from a module

Click **Export** in the **Device Setting** dialog box. In the **Save As** dialog box, select a folder in the **Save in** list, type a file name in **File name**, and click **Save**.

Importing the parameters from a file

Click **Import File** in the **Device Setting** dialog box. In the **Save As** dialog box, select a file to import, and click **Open**. Note that the windows for importing and exporting parameters may be different for different modules.

Before importing the parameters, the system checks the file format and the module model. If the file format or the module model is not correct, the system stops the importing process. If the data registers specified in the original file that was exported have been used in the present configuration, the system specifies different data registers after the file is imported.

8.4.3 Updating Parameters in a Module

You can update the parameters in a module. Make sure the software is in the Online mode. Double click the module that you want to update. Click **Update** to update the parameters in the selected module. This function is limited to digital input I/O and analog I/O and network modules.

to many many many many			
Eile Edit Option Help	1		<u>- 6 x</u>
A SONN			
 Pigital I/O Module Analog I/O Module Metwork Module Power Module 	P E		
*		<₽	
Device Setting			
C AS16AM10N	Device Informatio	n Normal Evolution Area	
L input filter timer setting	Device informatio	in Noma Excitange Alea	
	Device Name	AS16AM10N	
	Description	16 input Module current consumption:(Internal)20mA.(External)	in the second
		0mA U Module total witch:28mm	
	Comment	0mA International Internationa	
	Comment DDF Version	0mA Module total witch:28mm Peal Version: 00:50:00 01.00:00	
	Comment DDF Version Firmware Version	0mA Module total witch: 28mm Real Version: 00:50:00 01:00:00 00:50:00	
	Comment DDF Version Firmware Version Hardware Version	0mA	

8.4.4 Setting Parameters in an SCM

Delta Electronics, Inc. provides you with specific configuration tools for some CPU modules. You can open the tools such as CANopen network planning and SCM (Serial Communication Module) to set advanced parameters for network assignments for the modules. For advanced setups, in the system configuration area, right-click the CPU module, then click **Communication Software**, and then click **SCMSoft**. You must save the configurations in HWCONFIG before opening the tool. You cannot work in HWCONFIG while editing in the special configuration tools. Some tools require independent separate installation, and a message appears when the tool has not been installed.

Product List			
AS300 Digital I/O Module Analog I/O Module Network Module AS005CM-A Dependent Module	04 05 05 05 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	Enter	
<	Replace(<u>R</u>)	Ctrl+R	
specification	X Cut(I)	Ctrl+X	
Serial communication module.	Copy(C)	Ctrl+C	
MODBUS, UD Link protocol	Paste(P)	Ctrl+V	
(COM. mode), Remote IO control(RTU mode)	Delete(D)	Del	
*	Communicati	on Software 🔺	SCMSoft
2211.0	*		CANopen Builder

Refer to configuration tool manual for the steps to set up the communication software tools.

9

Chapter 9. EtherNet Specification and Operation

Table of Contents

9.1	Introduction	9-4
9	1.1 EtherNet/IP	9-4
9	1.2 Definitions of Common Network Terms	9-4
9	1.3 Ethernet Features	9-5
	9.1.3.1 Delta EIP Architecture	9-5
	9.1.3.2 EIP Features	9-6
9.2	Installation	9-6
9	2.1 EtherNet/IP Device	9-6
9	2.2 Network Cable Installation	9-6
	9.2.2.1. Single Port Device	9-7
	9.2.2.2. Dual Port Device	9-7
		5 5
9.3	Specifications9-	-10
9	3.1 Ethernet Specification	-10
9	3.2 EtherNet/IP Specification	-10
9	3.3 EtherNet Communication Port	-12
	9.3.3.1 Communication Port Pin Assignment	-12 -12
		- 1 2
		-12
9.4	EIP Builder	-12 -13
9.4 9	EIP Builder	-12 -13 -13
9.4 9	EIP Builder 9- 4.1 Run the EIP Builder 9- 9.4.1.1 Run the EIP Builder via an EIP Scanner 9- 4.2 Set up the IP Address 9-	-12 -13 -13
9.4 9 9	EIP Builder 9- 4.1 Run the EIP Builder 9- 9.4.1.1 Run the EIP Builder via an EIP Scanner 9- 4.2 Set up the IP Address 9- 9.4.2.1 IP Address 9- 9.4.2.1 IP Address 9-	-12 -13 -13 -13 -15 -15
9.4 9 9	EIP Builder 9- 4.1 Run the EIP Builder 9- 9.4.1.1 Run the EIP Builder via an EIP Scanner 9- 4.2 Set up the IP Address 9- 9.4.2.1 IP Address Types 9- 9.4.2.2 Set the IP Address (Static IP) 9-	-12 -13 -13 -15 -15 -15 -16
9.4 9 9	EIP Builder 9- 4.1 Run the EIP Builder 9- 9.4.1.1 Run the EIP Builder via an EIP Scanner 9- 4.2 Set up the IP Address 9- 9.4.2.1 IP Address Types 9- 9.4.2.2 Set the IP Address (Static IP) 9- 9.4.2.3 Set the IP Address (BOOTP/DHCP) 9-	-12 -13 -13 -15 -15 -16 -17
9.4 9 9	EIP Builder 9-4.1Run the EIP Builder9-9.4.1.1 Run the EIP Builder via an EIP Scanner9-4.2Set up the IP Address9-9.4.2.1 IP Address Types9-9.4.2.2 Set the IP Address (Static IP)9-9.4.2.3 Set the IP Address (BOOTP/DHCP)9-9.4.2.4 Re-enable BOOTP/DHCP9-	-12 -13 -13 -15 -15 -15 -16 -17 -20
9.4 9 9	EIP Builder	-12 -13 -13 -15 -15 -16 -17 -20 -22 -25
9.4 9 9	EIP Builder 9-4.1Run the EIP Builder9-9.4.1.1 Run the EIP Builder via an EIP Scanner9-4.2Set up the IP Address9-9.4.2.1 IP Address Types9-9.4.2.2 Set the IP Address (Static IP)9-9.4.2.3 Set the IP Address (BOOTP/DHCP)9-9.4.2.4 Re-enable BOOTP/DHCP9-9.4.3.1 Scan Network9-9.4.3.2Add devices (Manually)	-12 -13 -13 -15 -15 -16 -17 -20 -22 -25 -27
9.4 9 9	EIP Builder 9-4.1Run the EIP Builder9-9.4.1.1 Run the EIP Builder via an EIP Scanner9-4.2Set up the IP Address9-9.4.2.1 IP Address Types9-9.4.2.2 Set the IP Address (Static IP)9-9.4.2.3 Set the IP Address (BOOTP/DHCP)9-9.4.2.4 Re-enable BOOTP/DHCP9-9.4.3.1 Scan Network9-9.4.3.2Add devices (Manually)9.4.3.3Set EIP parameters9.4.3.3Set EIP parameters	-12 -13 -13 -15 -15 -16 -17 -20 -22 -25 -27 -29
9.4 9 9 9	EIP Builder 9-4.1Run the EIP Builder9-9.4.1.1 Run the EIP Builder via an EIP Scanner9-4.2Set up the IP Address9-9.4.2.1 IP Address Types9-9.4.2.2 Set the IP Address (Static IP)9-9.4.2.3 Set the IP Address (BOOTP/DHCP)9-9.4.2.4 Re-enable BOOTP/DHCP9-9.4.3.1 Scan Network9-9.4.3.2Add devices (Manually)9.4.3.3Set EIP parameters9.4.4Data Mapping9.4	-12 -13 -13 -15 -15 -15 -16 -17 -20 -22 -25 -27 -29 -32
9.4 9 9 9	EIP Builder 9-4.1Run the EIP Builder9-9.4.1.1 Run the EIP Builder via an EIP Scanner9-4.2Set up the IP Address9-9.4.2.1 IP Address Types9-9.4.2.2 Set the IP Address (Static IP)9-9.4.2.3 Set the IP Address (BOOTP/DHCP)9-9.4.2.4 Re-enable BOOTP/DHCP9-9.4.3.1 Scan Network9-9.4.3.2Add devices (Manually)9-9.4.3.3Set EIP parameters9-9.4.4Data Mapping9-	-12 -13 -13 -15 -15 -15 -16 -17 -20 -22 -25 -27 -29 -32 -38
9.4 9 9 9 9 9.5	EIP Builder 9-4.1Run the EIP Builder9-9.4.1.1 Run the EIP Builder via an EIP Scanner9-4.2Set up the IP Address9-9.4.2.1 IP Address Types9-9.4.2.2 Set the IP Address (Static IP)9-9.4.2.3 Set the IP Address (BOOTP/DHCP)9-9.4.2.4 Re-enable BOOTP/DHCP9-9.4.3.1 Scan Network9-9.4.3.2Add devices (Manually)9-9.4.3.3Set EIP parameters9-9.4.4Data Mapping9-9.5Diagnosis9-9.69-9-9.7	-12 -13 -13 -15 -15 -16 -17 -20 -22 -25 -27 -29 -32 -32 -38 -40
9.4 9 9 9 9 9.5 9	EIP Builder 9- 4.1 Run the EIP Builder 9- 9.4.1.1 Run the EIP Builder via an EIP Scanner 9- 4.2 Set up the IP Address 9- 9.4.2.1 IP Address Types 9- 9.4.2.2 Set the IP Address (Static IP) 9- 9.4.2.3 Set the IP Address (BOOTP/DHCP) 9- 9.4.2.4 Re-enable BOOTP/DHCP 9- 9.4.3.1 Scan Network 9- 9.4.3.2 Add devices (Manually) 9- 9.4.3.3 Set EIP parameters 9- 9.4.4 Data Mapping 9- 9.5 Diagnosis 9-	-12 -13 -13 -15 -15 -15 -16 -17 -20 -22 -25 -27 -29 -32 -38 -40 -40
9.4 9 9 9 9 9.5 9	EIP Builder	-12 -13 -13 -15 -15 -16 -17 -20 -22 -25 -27 -29 -32 -32 -38 -40 -40 -40

9.5.1.2 Consumed TAG	9-42
9.6 Troubleshooting	9-44
9.6.1 Error Code Classification	9-44
9.6.2 Error Codes & How to fix them	9-45
9.6.2.1 Configuration Errors	9-45
9.6.2.2 Application Error	9-48
9.7 Studio 5000 Software Operation	9-48
9.7.1 Architecture	9-48
9.7.2 Create a New Project	9-49
9.7.3 Create a Scanner	9-50
9.7.3.1 Create a New Ethernet/IP Module	
9.7.4 Connect to a Delta Adapter	9-53 9-53
9.7.4.2 Create an Adapter	
9.7.5 Download	9-58
9.7.6 Data Mapping	9-59
9.8 CIP Object	
9.8.1 Object List	
9.8.2 Data Type	
9.8.3 Identity Object (Class ID: 01 Hex)	9-65
9.8.4 Message Router Object (Class ID: 02 Hex)	9-67
9.8.5 Assembly Object (Class ID: 04 Hex)	9-68
9.8.6 Connection Manager Object (Class ID: 06 Hex)	9-70
9.8.7 Port Object (Class ID: F4 Hex)	9-72
9.8.8 TCP/IP Interface Object (Class ID: F5 Hex)	9-74
9.8.9 Ethernet Link Object (Class ID: F6 Hex)	9-76
9.8.10 X Register (Class ID: 350 Hex)	9-78
9.8.11 Y Register (Class ID: 351 Hex)	9-79
9.8.12 D Register (Class ID: 352 Hex)	9-80
9.8.13 M Register (Class ID: 353 Hex)	9-81
9.8.14 S Register (Class ID: 354 Hex)	9-82
9.8.15 T Register (Class ID: 355 Hex)	9-83
9.8.16 C Register (Class ID: 356 Hex)	9-84
9.8.17 HC Register (Class ID: 357 Hex)	9-85
9.8.18 SM Register (Class ID: 358 Hex)	9-86
9.8.19 SR Register (Class ID: 359 Hex)	9-87
9.9 Delta EIP Product List	
9.9.1 Delta EIP Products	
9.9.2 Delta EIP Products, DLR (Device Level Ring) supported	9-88
9.9.3 Delta EIP Products, Scanner supported	9-88
9.10 Operation and Monitor on the Web	0_00
9.10.1 Menu	

9.10 9.10).2 Inf).3 Da	ormation ta Monitor	
9.11	Delta	EIP Product Application (with OMRON Products)	9-93
9.11	L.1 /	Architecture	
9.11	L.2 1	AG Connection	
9.11	L.3 1	O Connection	9-109

9.1 Introduction

9.1.1 EtherNet/IP

EtherNet/IP ("IP" stands for "Industrial Protocol") is an industrial Ethernet network managed by ODVA, Inc. (formerly Open DeviceNet Vendors Association, Inc.), a global trade and standards development organization.

EtherNet/IP works on a TCP/UDP/IP based Ethernet network and uses the most widely deployed collections of Ethernet standards to provide a broad range of applications in different industries that require high-speed and stability including Factory Automation (FA), Building Automation (BA), Process Automation (PA) and many more.

Delta covers a full range of controller and drive products supported by EtherNet/IP, including Programmable Logic Controllers (PLC), inverters, Human Machine Interfaces (HMI) and so on. Refer to Section 9.9 for a full product list that support EtherNet/IP. In addition, you can also use EDS files to connect to other brands of EtherNet/IP devices. You can run Delta EtherNet/IP software (EIP Builder) through the ISPSoft software. Download the ISPSoft software at:

http://www.deltaww.com/services/DownloadCenter2.aspx?secID=8&pid=2&tid=0&CID=06&itemID=060301&typeID=1&d ownloadID=,&title=--%20Select%20Product%20Series%20--&dataType=8;&check=1&hl=en-US

9.1.2 Definitions of Common Network Terms

Term	Definition				
ODVA	Open DeviceNet Vendor Association for EtherNet/IP				
EIP	EtherNet/IP, an industrial Ethernet network, provides interoperability for system providers. IP stands for Industrial Protocol. The term "EIP" (EtherNet/IP) is used in this manual.				
I/O Connection	Use the I/O connection to connect to EtherNet/IP and to exchange data cyclically.				
Explicit Message	Connect to EtherNet/IP and to exchange data non-cyclically. Data is exchanged piece by piece through instructions.				
RPI	Requested Packet Interval, through the I/O connection to connect to EtherNet/IP to exchange data at regular time intervals.				
ACD	Address Conflict Detection to detect IP address duplications.				
	• You use TAGs for assigning and referencing memory locations for Rockwell PLCs, the same as registers for Delta PLCs.				
Produced/Consumed	• Produced tag: A tag that a controller makes available for other controllers. Multiple controllers can simultaneously consume (receive) the data. A produced tag sends its data to consumed tags (consumers) without using logic.				
TAG (P/C TAG)	• Consumed tag: A tag that receives the data of a produced tag. The data type of the consumed tag and the produced tag must match (including any array dimensions).				
	• The data is transferred over Ethernet/IP. For example, PLC-A needs data from PLC-B, so PLC-B sends the data to PLC-A. Therefore, PLC-B is the producer and PLC-A is the consumer.				

	Electronic Data Sheets: EDS files are simple text files used by EtherNet/IP network
EDS	configuration tools to help you identify EtherNet/IP products and easily commission them on
	a network.
Data Mapping	Exchanging data between devices
EIP Scanner	The master station is called an EIP Scanner in EtherNet/IP.
EIP Adapter	The slave station is called an EIP Adapter in EtherNet/IP.
	Device Level Ring (DLR) provides fault-tolerant network design for daisy-chain and linear
	topology. The DLR protocol provides high network availability in a ring topology. It was
DLR	intended primarily for implementation in EtherNet/IP end-devices that have two Ethernet
	ports and embedded switch technology, providing fast network fault detection and
	reconfiguration to support the most demanding control applications.
Modbus TCP	This is a Modbus variant used for communications over TCP/IP networks.

9.1.3 Ethernet Features

9.1.3.1 Delta EIP Architecture

This typical Delta EIP architecture includes an EIP Scanner and Adapters; data mapping is achieved between devices through an I/O connection and explicit messaging. The AS Series supports single port Ethernet; thus you can install and configure devices with embedded switch technology over EtherNet/IP.



9.1.3.2 EIP Features

Flexibility

- Flexible topology: EIP devices may include single port Ethernet as well as dual port Ethernet, and provide applicable networks such as linear topology, ring topology and ring topology for faster expansion and easier management.
- EtherNet/IP works on a TCP/UDP/IP based Ethernet network, uses most widely deployed collections of Ethernet standards, and supports Wi-fi connection. Even personnel with no IT background can build the network easily.
- Applicable networks include linear topology, ring topology, star topology, Ethernet, EtherNet/IP, one or more LANs, etc. You can set configuration through USB or an interface.

Simplicity

- With a connector: Delta provides a full range of products, including human machine interfaces (HMI), programmable logic controllers (PLC), and inverter drives for application in an industrial operation. You can build a network simply through an RJ-45 connector, saving costs on cables and other connecting tools.
- Single network: in place of the 3-tier industrial architecture, single network architecture provides 100MB/bits high-speed cyclical and non-cyclical data mapping functions, ensuring complete network diagnosis and effectively shortening debugging time.
- Graphical user interface software: the EIP Builder uses a graphical user interface designed for intuitive operation.

Integration

- Data mapping: the EIP Builder provides a consistent setting interface, allowing you to reduce the time to learn and set up configurations.
- Listed device parameters: the EIP Builder presents the device parameters in a list. Instead of looking them up in the user manual, you can quickly check on the parameters in the list.
- EDS file: you can connect to Delta and other brands of EtherNet/IP products with EDS files.

9.2 Installation

9.2.1 EtherNet/IP Device

A Delta EtherNet/IP (EIP) device allows you to build a linear topology, ring topology, and star topology networks. A Delta EIP device includes the EIP Builder software, EIP Scanner, EIP Adapter, EIP Tap, and an Ethernet switch. EIP Scanners and EIP Adapters can be further divided into single port and dual port devices. The AS Series are single port devices. Refer to Section 9.2.2.1 for the single port setup and refer to Section 9.2.2.3 for the software installation.

9.2.2 Network Cable Installation

Each EtherNet/IP device is connected to an Ethernet switch with a CAT 5e cable. Please use Delta standard cables and the DVS series industrial switches. Refer to the Delta PLC/HMI Cable Selection Guide for more information.

9.2.2.1. Single Port Device

You can use a single port device to build up either a linear or a star network topology. An Ethernet switch and an Ethernet tab are required to create a star topology or a ring topology.

Linear Topology

• Linear Topology 1



• Linear Topology 2



Star Topology



9.2.2.2. Dual Port Device

You can use a dual port device to build a linear, a star or a ring network topology. A DLR function is required to create a ring topology. Refer to Section 9.9.2 for DLR supported series.

Linear Topology



Star Topology



Ring Topology

A DLR function is required to create a ring topology. Refer to Section 9.9.2 for AS series that support DLR.



When a switch is needed for the particular topology, the switch should support the DLR function. If not, the connection might fail.



9.2.2.3 EIP Builder Software

Linear and star topology

Install the EIP Builder software on your PC to monitor and configure the EIP devices. You can also connect an EIP device to your PCs directly, or use a switch to connect to the PCs.



Ring topology

Install the EIP Builder on your PC to monitor and configure the EIP devices. Be sure to save a network connection for your PC to connect to the EIP device.



Alternatively, you can use an EIP tap to connect your PC so that the ring topology stays intact.



9.3 Specifications

9.3.1 Ethernet Specification

Communication Protocols	EtherNet/IP Scanner / Adapter MODBUS TCP
Protocols	BOOTP
Communication Speed	10/100 Mbps Auto-Detection
Communication Interface	RJ-45 with Auto MDI/MDIX
Numbers of the Ethernet Communication Port	1

Item		Specification		
		AS300	AS200	
	Master	32	16	
	Slave	32	16	
Socket	ТСР	4	2	
(communication port)	UDP	4	2	
SMTP (for emailing)		4	2	

9.3.2 EtherNet/IP Specification

Item			AS300 Series	AS200 Series	Remarks
Communication Protocol		MODBUS TCP, EtherNet/IP, SMTP, HTTP		Protocols can be used simultaneously	
Server connecti		ection number	32	16	
MODR02	Client conne	ection number	32	16	
RTU M		lapping	4	4	
Saakat	TCP connection number		4	2	
SUCKEL	UDP conne	ction number	4	2	
SMTP	SMTP Email number		4	2	
	Ту	/pe	Scanner, Adapter		
	Тор	ology	Star		
EtherNet/IP	CIP Network I/O Connection	CIP connection number	32 (Clients+Servers)	16 (Clients+Servers)	I/O connections shared

Item		AS300 Series	AS200 Series	Remarks
	TCP connection number	16 (Clients+Servers)	8 (Clients+Servers)	I/O connections shared
	Requested Packet Interval (RPI)	5 ms–1	000 ms	Default: 20 ms
	Max. Transmission Speed	3000) pps	
	Max. Data Length/per transmission	500 k	pytes	
CIP Network Explicit Message CIP Network Produced TAG	Class 3 (Connected Type)	Total 32 (Servers), including the ones from the UCMM type	Total 16 (Servers), including the ones from the UCMM type	I/O connections shared
	UCMM (Non- Connected Type)	Total 32 (Clients + Servers) , including the ones from the Class 3	Total 16 (Clients + Servers) , including the ones from the Class 3	I/O connections shared
	CIP Objects	Identity, Message Connection Mana interface, Ether spe	Router, Assembly, Iger, Port, TCP/IP net link, Vendor cific	
	Max. CIP connection number	32	16	I/O connections shared
	Max. Data Length	500 bytes (IC 400 bytes (Exp	Connection)	
	Requested Packet Interval (RPI)	5 ms–1	000 ms	

AS Series Operation Manual

Item		AS300 Series	AS200 Series	Remarks	
	CIP Network Consumed	Max. CIP Connection Number	32	16	I/O connections shared
		Max. Data Length	500 bytes (IO Connection) 400 bytes (Explicit Message)		
TAG	Requested Packet Interval (RPI)	5 ms–1	000 ms		
	AS00SCM (RT connectio	⁻ U) + AS-FEN02 on number	15	8	AS Remote

9.3.3 EtherNet Communication Port

9.3.3.1 Communication Port Pin Assignment

Delta EtherNet/IP devices use CAT5e industrial Ethernet cables and can be connected via RJ-45 communication port.

Pin	Signal	Description	Pin	Signal	Description	
1	Tx+	Transmit plus	5		N/C	
2	Tx-	Transmit negative	6	Rx-	Receive negative	
3	Rx+	Receive plus	7		N/C	8 1
4		N/C	8		N/C	

9.3.3.2 Communication LED Indicator

LED Indicator		LED Status	Description
	Green	ON	• Communication port is connected.
LINK			Connected to Ethernet
		OFF	Communication port is not connected.
			Not Connected to Ethernet
	Yellow	Blinking	Packets transmitting/receiving
ACK			 Packets transmitting/receiving over Ethernet
ACK		OFF	 No packets transmitting/receiving
			 No packets transmitting/receiving over Ethernet

Note: The LED indicator is at the RJ45 connection.

9.4 EIP Builder

The Delta EtherNet/IP software, EIP Builder, is embedded in ISPSoft. You run it from the ISPSoft software (version 3.0 and above). Download the ISPSoft software at:

http://www.deltaww.com/services/DownloadCenter2.aspx?secID=8&pid=2&tid=0&CID=06&itemID=060301&typeID=1&d ownloadID=,&title=--%20Select%20Product%20Series%20--&dataType=8;&check=1&hl=en-US

9.4.1 Run the EIP Builder

You can call EIP Builder from Delta EIP Scanner's HWCONFIG in ISPSoft. You can also call it independently to set up parameters for the Adapter. The Delta EIP Scanner is equipped with the EtherNet/IP communication PLC and the EtherNet/IP module. Refer to Section 9.9.3 for a list of Delta EIP Scanner products supported by EIP Builder.

9.4.1.1 Run the EIP Builder via an EIP Scanner

• Steps to run EIP Builder

Run EIP Builder from an EIP Scanner product. When using a Delta EIP Scanner, you set up an EIP module through HWCONFIG in ISPSoft.



Open ISPSoft V3.0: click the Start menu and go to Programs > Delta Industrial Automation > PLC > ISPSoft
 3.00 > ISPSoft 3.00.

Delta Industrial Automation	
J Communication	
📕 HMI	
Library	
PLC	
ISPSoft 2.05	
🜍 ISPSoft 2.05	
UnInstall WPLSoft 2 ISPSoft Version 2	2.05

2. Create a new project: on the File menu, click New to display the Create a New Project dialog box.

y

File	Edit View Con	npile <u>P</u> LC	Tools	Wizz	ard W	indow	Help	
	New				• E	New	Ctrl+N	
Z	Open		Ct	rl+O		Group	p Project	10
R	Close Project							
	Save		С	trl+S				
	Save <u>A</u> s		Ctrl+A	lt+S	- 84			
3	Print		C	trl+P	- 11			
	Project Print							
2	Printer Setup							
	Program Comparisor				£			
2	Export				+			
0	Import							

3. Select a PLC: in the Create a New Project dialog box, select a PLC product that is supported by EIP builder.

Project Name	Untitled9			
Controller Type	A\$300 -	PLC Type	A\$332T	•
Drive/Path	C:\ProgramData\Delta	Industrial Automa	tion\ISPSoft	_New\Project
				Deamaan

4. Open HWCONFIG: double-click **HWCONFIG** in the Project window.



5. Save and download the settings from HWCONFIG : on the File menu click Save to save the settings and then

click the download button on the toolbar to download the file to PLC. You must save the configuration in HWCONFIG before opening the other communication tools. While working in the communication tools, you cannot work in HWCONFIG.



 Open EIP Builder: right-click the CPU module in the system configuration area point to Communication Software and then click EIP Builder.

9.4.2 Set up the IP Address

This section provides an overview of how to set up IP address for AS Series modules. Set up the IP address before configuring the EIP related parameters or data mapping settings.

9.4.2.1 IP Address Types

The AS Series supports 3 types of IP addressing, BOOTP, DHCP and static IP address.

Type of IP Address	Definition			
	Uses the TCP/IP Bootstrap Protocol (BOOTP) to set up the IP address, netmask and			
BOOTP	gateway. A BOOTP server may require some configuration. The BOOTP protocol is designed			
	for a network in which each host has a permanent network connection.			
DUCD	Uses the Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) to automatically obtain IP address,			
DHCP	netmask, gateway, main computer name and the WINS server.			
Static IP	You manually set the IP address, netmask and gateway.			
9.4.2.2 Set the IP Address (Static IP)

• Steps to set the IP address

When using an EIP product with a static IP address, set up the IP address in HWCONFIG in ISPSoft. The following example uses the AS Series.



Refer to Section 9.4.1.1 for how to set up an EIP module in HWCONFIG.

- 1. Configure the network parameters
- Double-click the AS Series module in HWCONFIG to open the Device Setting dialog box.
- On the **Options** tab, set the IP address on the **Ethernet Port Basic Settings** page, and then click **OK**.



2. Save and download the settings from HWCONFIG: on the **File** menu click **Save** to save the settings and then on the **Options** menu, click **Download** or click the Download button on the toolbar.

Eile Edit Option Help	
	武 1 0
Product List	Download (Ctrl+F8)
H Digital I/O Module Analog I/O Module	
Network Module Dower Module	
Specification	*

9.4.2.3 Set the IP Address (BOOTP/DHCP)

• Steps to set the IP address

When using an EIP product with a BOOTP/DHCP IP address, users can set up the IP address through the IP Manager in the EIP Builder.



Descriptions for the IP Manager:

	Stop the Server Network Interface Intel/R) Ethernet Connection I217-LM 172:16.155.51	7
	Table of Requesting Devices	etwork Settings
<	Clear List	
	Time Type MAC Address Status	
	sectors view. end weatherly.	
•		
2	Mapping Table	
	New Letan Bundul ROSTP 15.	ALL FEI PD
•	Import Export Faculta Pit	K-PAGARTE
<	Type MAC Address IP Address RJ 45 Status	

AS Series Operation Manual

	Item	Definition
0	Stop the Server	Stops the BOOTP/DHCP server; the IP manager does not request an IP addresses from the BOOTP/DHCP server.
0	Network Settings	Opens a dialog box to set up the subnet mask, gateway, primary DNS, secondary DNS, and domain name.
3	Clear List	Clears the contents of the list.
4	New	Adds a new IP/MAC address.
\$	Delete	Deletes the selected item from the list.
6	Import	Imports the IP/MAC address list; the file format is .CSV.
Ø	Export	Exports the IP/MAC address list; the file format is .CSV.
8	Enable BOOTP	Enables the BOOTP to assign an IP address for the selected item.
9	Enable DHCP	Enables the DHCP to assign an IP address to the selected item.
0	Disable BOOTP/DHCP	Disables the BOOTP/DHCP on the device; the device does not request an IP addresses from the server.

• Steps to set the IP address:

1. MAC address: find the MAC address on the EIP device. The MAC address uniquely identifies the device.



- 2. Open the IP Manager
- In EIP Builder on the **Tool** menu, click **IP Manager**.



 The IP Manager can be the BOOTP/DHCP Server, receiving IP address requests from devices. The IP Manager window is shown below.

Stop the Server	Network Interface	Intel(R) Ethernet C	Ionustiana T217-EM	
able of Requesting) Close List	Devices	172.16.155.51		Network Setting
Tine	Type MAC Addu	ns Stains		
lapping Table New	Datas			
lappang Table New Import	Export		1 a. de 10	DRASHING TRANSPORT

- 3. Set up the IP address
- Double-click the listed MAC address for your device to open the Input Data dialog box.

Stop the Server	Netw	ork Interface	Intel(K) Ethernet C	ennection 1217-LM
ble of Requests Clear List	ag Devices		172,16,155,51	Network Setting
Time 2016/10/7	Type 01:56 DHCP	MAC A48 00182310	ress Status SFF3	
ppeng Tabla New]			Ender Street Translater
oppeng Tabla New Import	Export			Conversion III (EntreEAC)

Enter the IP address and click **OK**.

MAC Address	00182301F0E8
IP Address	0.0.0.
Port	1

4. Disable DHCP/BOOTP

Click the device in the Mapping Table that you want to disable, then click **Disable DHCP/BOOTP**. The selected device does not send DHCP/BOOTP requests. To change the IP address receiving mode, refer to Section 9.4.2.4 for more information.

P Enable DHCP
Disable DHCP/BOOTP
P

- Notes
- Enable BOOTP: when the IP address receiving mode is BOOTP (BOOTP is enabled), the IP address is assigned, and the device sends out BOOTP requests for IP addresses during each power-on.
- Enable DHCP: when the IP address receiving mode is DHCP (DHCP is enabled), the IP address is assigned, and the device sends out DHCP requests for IP addresses during each power-on.
- Disable DHCP/BOOTP: when BOOTP is disabled, the device does not send out any DHCP/BOOTP requests for IP addresses during each power-on.

9.4.2.4 Re-enable BOOTP/DHCP

To enable the DHCP or BOOTP function again, use the device software to make the change. Using the AS Series as an example: from the **Start** menu, start ISPSoft, then HWCONFIG, and then IP Manager. In IP Manager sets the IP address to the receiving mode.



• Steps to set device parameters

- 1. Refer to Section 9.4.1.1 for how to start HWCONFIG.
- 2. Set the parameters: enable the IP address receiving mode to BOOTP/DHCP.
 - Double-click the device to open the Device Setting dialog box.
 - Make changes to the items, such as IP address receiving modes and click **OK** to confirm the settings.

	CONFIG		_ (E) ×					
🚝 Elle Edit Opti	ion Help				- 11	×		
BIX CIC J	0 9 9 7 7 0							
Product Lot								
- A 5300 - Bigtol J/O Module - Analog I/O Module - Network Module - Power Module - Specification		2						
ce Setting								
ptions Data Exchange -COM1	Data Exchange -COM2 Data Exchar	nge -Ethernet						
AS332T	Ethernet Port Basic Setting							
E System Information	Parameter name	Value	Linit	Default	Minimum	Maximum		
System Information COM1 Port Setting COM2 Port Setting	Parameter name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum		
System Information COM1 Port Setting COM2 Port Setting Ethernet Port Basic Settir	Parameter name IP Address Subnet Mask	Value 192.168.1.5 255.255.255.0	Unit	Default 192.168.1.5 255.255.255.0	Minimum	Maximum 223.255.255.25 255.255.255.25		
System Information COM1 Port Setting COM2 Port Setting Ethernet Port Basic Settir Ethernet Port Advance S	Parameter name IP Address Subnet Mask Gateway	Value 192.168.1.5 255.255.255.0 192.168.1.1	Unit	Default 192.168.1.5 255.255.255.0 192.168.1.1	Minimum 1.1.1.1 0.0.0.0 1.1.1.1	Maximum 223 255 255 25 255 255 255 25 223 255 255 25		
System Information COM1 Port Setting COM2 Port Setting CoM2 Port Setting Ethernet Port Basic Settin Ethernet Port Advance S IP Filter	Parameter name IP Address Subnet Mask Gateway TCP Keep Alive Timeout	Value 192.168.1.5 255.255.255.0 192.168.1.1 30	Unit	Default 192.168.1.5 255.255.255.0 192.168.1.1 30	Minimum 1.1.1.1 0.0.0.0 1.1.1.1 1	Maximum 223 255 255 25 255 255 255 25 223 255 255 25 655 35		
System Information COMI Port Setting COM2 Port Setting Ethermet Port Basic Settin Ethermet Port Advance S IP Filter NTP E Final	Parameter name IP Address Subnet Mask Gateway TCP Keep Alive Timeout Mode	Value 192.168.1.5 255.255.255.0 192.168.1.1 30 Static	Unit s	Default 192,168,1.5 255,255,255,0 192,168,1.1 30 Static	Minimum 1.1.1.1 0.0.0.0 1.1.1.1 1	Maximum 223 255 255 25 255 255 255 25 223 255 255 25 655 35		
System Information COMI Port Setting COM2 Port Setting Ethermet Port Basic Settin Ethermet Port Advance S In P Filter NTP Email B Sockt	Parameter name IP Address Subnet Mask Gateway TCP Keep Alive Timeout Mode	Value 192.168.1.5 255.255.255.0 192.168.1 30 Static	Unit S	Default 192.168.1.5 255.255.255.255.0 192.168.1.1 30 Stattc	Minimum 1.1.1.1 0.0.0.0 1.1.1.1 1	Maximum 223 255 255 25 255 255 255 25 223 255 255 25 855 35		
System Information COMI Port Setting COM2 Port Setting Ethermet Port Basic Settin Ethermet Port Advance S IPF Pitter NTP Email Sockt RTU Mapping	Parameter hame IP Address Subnet Mask Gateway TCP Ksep Alive Timeout Mode	Value 192.168.1.5 255.255.255.0 192.168.1.1 30 Static BOOTP DHCP	S	Default 192,168,1.5 255,255,255,255,0 192,168,1.1 30 Static	Minimum 1111 0.00.0 1.1.1 1	Maximum 223 255 255 25 255 255 255 25 223 255 255 25 855 35		
System Information COMI Port Setting COM2 Port Setting Ethermet Port Basic Settin Ethermet Port Advance S IP Filter NTP Email B Sockt RTU Mapping Function Card 1 Setting	Parameter name IP Address Subnet Mask Gateway TCP Ksep Alive Timeout Mode	Value 192.168.1.5 255.255.255.0 192.168.1.1 30 Static BOOTP DHCP	S.	Default 192,168,1.5 255,255,255,0 192,168,1.1 30 Static	Minimum 1.1.1.1 0.0.0.0 1.7.1.1 1 1	Maximum 223 255 255 25 255 255 255 25 223 255 255 25 65535		
System Information COMI Port Setting COM2 Port Setting Ethermet Port Advance S IP Filter IP Filter Ernail Sockt Enrotion Card 1 Setting Function Card 2 Setting	Parameter name IP Address Subnet Mask Gateway TCP Keep Alive Timeout Mode	Value 192.168.1.5 255.255.255.0 192.168.1.1 30 Static BOOTP DHCP	S	Default 192,168,1.5 255,255,255,0 192,168,11 30 Static	Minimum 1.1.1.1 0.00.00 1.1.1.1 1 1	Maximum 223 255 255 255 255 255 255 25 223 255 255 25 65535		
System Information OMI Port Setting OMI Port Setting Ethemet Port Basic Settin Ethemet Port Advance S Internet Port Advance S Internet Port Advance S Internet Sockt Branil Sockt BrTU Mapping Function Card 1 Setting Function Card 2 Setting	Parameter name IP Address Subnet Mask Gateway TCP Keep Alive Timeout Mode	Velue 192.168.1.5 255.255.255.0 192.168.1.1 30 Static BOOTP DHCP	s s	Default 192168,15 255,255,255,0 192,168,11 30 Static	Minimum 1.1.1.1 0.00.0 1.1.1.1 1 1 =	Maximum 223 255 255 25 255 255 255 255 223 255 255 25 85535 -		
System Information COMI Port Setting COM2 Port Setting Ethermet Port Basic Settin Ethermet Port Advance S In P Filter NTP Email Sockt RTU Mapping Function Card 1 Setting	Parameter name IP Address Subnet Mask Gateway TCP Keep Alive Timeout Mode	Vetue 192.168,15 255.255.255.0 192.168.11 30 Static BOOTP DHCP	Unit s	Default 192168.15 255.255.255.0 192168.11 30 Static	Minimum 1.1.1.1 0.0.0.0 1.1.1.1 1 -	Maximum 223 255 255 25 255 255 255 255 223 255 255 25 85535		
System Information COMI Port Setting COM2 Port Setting Ethermet Port Basic Settir Ethermet Port Advance S IPF Filter NTP Email Sockt RTU Mapping Function Card 1 Setting Function Card 2 Setting	Parameter name IP Address Subnet Mask Gateway TCP Keep Alive Timeout Mode	Velue 192168.15 255.255.255.0 192168.11 30 Static BOOTP DHCP	Unit s	Default 192168,15 255,255,255,0 192168,11 30 Static	Minimum 1.1.1.1 0.0.0.0 1.1.1.1 1	Maximum 223 255 255 25 255 255 255 25 223 255 255 25 855 35		
System Information COMI Port Setting COM2 Port Setting Ethermet Port Basic Settin Ethermet Port Advance S IP Filter NTP E Email Sockt B RTU Mapping Function Card 1 Setting Function Card 2 Setting	Parameter name IP Address Subnet Mask Gateway TCP Keep Alive Timeout Mode	Velue 192168.15 255.255.255.0 192168.1.1 30 Static BOOTP DHCP	S S	Default 192168115 255.255.255.0 19216811 30 Static	Minimum 1.1.1.1 0.0.0.0 1.1.1.1 1	Meximum 223 255 255 25 255 255 255 25 23 255 255 25 85535		
System Information COMI Port Setting COM2 Port Setting Ethermet Port Basic Settin Ethermet Port Advance S FIF Filter NTP E Email Sockt RTU Mapping Function Card 1 Setting Function Card 2 Setting Default Import Import Import	Parameter name IP Address Subnet Mask Gateway TCP Keep Alive Timeout Mode	Value 192.168.1.5 255.255.255.0 192.168.1.1 30 Static BOOTP DHCP	S S	Default 19216815 255,255,255,0 19216811 30 Static	Minimum 1.1.1.1 0.000 1.1.1.1 1 -	Maximum 223 255 255 25 255 255 255 25 23 255 255 25 85535		

- 3. Download the settings from HWCONFIG
 - Refer to Section 9.4.1.1 for more information.
- 4. Open EIP Builder.



- 5. Open the IP Manager
 - Refer to Section 9.4.2.2 for more information.
- 6. Open the IP setup page
 - Refer to Section 9.4.2.2 for more information.

9.4.3 Network

EIP Builder provides a graphical user interface, and you can see the devices and their EtherNet/IP connections in the Network View. This section provides an overview of how to add your devices to the network connections.



Descriptions of the EIP Builder Window



	Item	Definition
0	Toolbar	Toolbar buttons
0	Network View	Displays the connected devices and their connection status
Ð	Configuration Area	Displays the configurations and allows you to set the parameters
9	Product List	Displays the available devices that can be connected to EtherNet/IP

1 Toolbar buttons

	-	Ш		X	P	10	0	-	Le.	5	1	•		0
_			_								1000		_	

lcon	Name	Definition
	New	Creates a new EIP Builder project
-	Open	Opens an existing project
1	Save	Saves the project
	Help	Opens the help file
26	Cut	Cuts the selected item
印	Сору	Copies the selected item
10	Paste	Pastes the selected item
0	Delete	Deletes the selected item
Le.	Scan Network	Scans the network for device availability
	Check	Checks if the project is planed properly
	On-line Mode	Switches to on-line mode
	Uploader	Uploads from a device
	Downloader	Downloads to a device
•	Setup Button	Opens the communication setting; set up the path connecting the PC to the EIP Scanner.

2 Network View



	Name	Definition
0	Station Name	Name of the station
2	Device Name	Name of the device
3	Ethernet COM Port	Displays the number of devices with Ethernet communication ports. The last digit of the IP address is shown on the COM port.
4	Network_0	Displays the connection status; devices on the same line indicate they are in the same network.

B Configuration Area

Refer to Section 9.4.3.3 for more information.

Product List



	Name	Definition
0	Search Bar	Type the module name you want to find; if no match is found, that means there is no EDS file in the system matching the module name.
2	Product List	Categorizes the devices according to the EtherNet/IP definition; devices from third parties are in the Others folder.

9.4.3.1 Scan Network

E P	Device Type	Comment	
172.16.155.226	8H10EN-58 AS324MT	Have same IP on network va	ew
172,16,155,227	A1910EN-5A	Have same IP on network vie	ew
172.16.155.229	A5332T A5324MT		

	Name	Definition
0	Selection checkboxes	Select the devices you want to add to the network view.
2	Refresh	Refreshes the network view (scans the network again)
3	Join	Adds the selected device to the network view

• Operation Steps: Add new devices in (scan the network)

1. Click the Setup button to display the Communication Setting dialog box.

File Edit Vi	ew Tool Open	ate Workspeace	e Help	
		a o i 😽 🔛	1 16 🖄 🖞	
Project Tree	¢	Work View	X = X	
1	Communication Setting	1	23	_
	Common Setting		•	
	COMMGR Driver	COM1	• 0	
	Station Number	0 -		
	IP Address	0.0.0	7	

- 2. Once your PC is connected to the EIP Scanner, there are 3 ways to set up the network communication.
 - (a) Select an existing driver: Select the driver from the **COMMGR Driver** list.
 - (b) Edit an existing driver: Click the setup button in the **Common Setting** section to edit the driver in the Driver Properties dialog box.
 - (c) Add a new driver: Click the setup button+ in the Common Setting section to add a new driver in the Driver Properties dialog box.

1	Communication Sett	ing		
	Common Setting			Ö
	COMMGR Driver	COM	13	
	Station Number	0		-
	IP Address			-
			-	1
				ок
-	Driver Properties			
	Driver Name	Driver2		
	Connection Setup		-	
	Туре	RS232/42	2/485	<u>*</u>
	Communication Proto	col		
	COM Port	COM1	•	
	Data Length	7	-	ASCII
	Parity	e	•	C RTU
	Stop Bits	1	Ŧ	Auto-detect
	Baud Rate	9600	•	Default
	Setup Responding Ti	me		
	Time of Auto-retry			3 🕄
	Time Interval of Aut	to-retry (100	ms)	30 🛟

3. Click the Scan Network button to scan the network and list the scanned devices in the Device List dialog box.

÷ 1	File	Edi	it. '	View	Т	loo	Op	era	te	We	orksp	eace	He	lp		
		-	8			do	133	10	1.6		le.	-	10	(1)	1	 •
Pr	roje	ct Tr	ee					¢	F		vork	Scan	Net	wor	k	

4. Select the devices to add to the Network View, and then click Join to add the selected devices.

9	

IP		Device Type
17	2.16.155.226	AS332T

9.4.3.2 Add Devices (Manually)

- Steps to add new devices manually
- 1. Select the devices to add from the Product List. You can also enter the module name in the search bar. Drag the device onto the Network View.



- 2. Create the network
- (a) Drag the Ethernet communication port of the device to the network to create a new connection.



(b) Create network connections for the devices.



(c) Once the connection is established, click the network line "Network_0" to see all the connected devices in this network in the Information window.



9.4.3.3 Set EIP parameters

		AHCPU511 -2N		WS NS	ASSIMIT			
	Network_0							
infor	Network_0	neter EDS P	arameter	III				
infor	Network_0 mation EIP Paran Module Name	neter EDS Pr	arameter Rack S	117 lot Port	Ib	Mask	Network	Data Exchange Set
Infor	Network_0 rmation EIP Paran Module Name AHCPU511-EN	neter EDS Pr Version 1.01	arameter Rack S	117 lot Port 0	IP 192.168.1.1	Mask 255.255.255.0	Network	Data Exchange Set Empty
Infor	Network_0 mation EIP Param Module Name AHCPU511-EN AH10EN-5A	eter EDS P Version 1.01 = 1.01 =	arameter Rack S 1 1	۱۳ امt Port 0 0	IP 192.168.1.1 192.168.0.5	Mask 255.255.255.0 255.255.255.0	Network - Network_0	Data Exchange Set Empty Empty

Click the tabs in the Information window to view and edit the EIP Parameter and the EDS Parameter.

Information Tab

This tab contains the Module Name, Version, Rack, Slot, Slot, IP address, Mask, Network and Data Exchange Setting.

1	nformation	EIP Param	eter	EDS	5 Pa	arameter						
-	Modul	e Name	V	ersio	n	Rack	Slot	Port	IP	Mask	Network	Data Exchange Setting
	AHCPUS	511-EN	1.0	1	-	-	-	0	192.168.1.1	255.255.255.0	-	Empty
1	AHIOEN	I-5A	1.0	1	-	1	1	0	192.168.0.5	255.255.255.0	Network_0	Empty
	AH10EN	1-5A	-			1	1	1	192.168.1.5	255.255.255.0	-	Empty

• EIP Parameter Tab

This tab contains parameter information from the EDS file. When offline, you can check only the connection parameters for setting up the EDS filtering rules.

- **Disable Keying:** Disable key checking the product information versions.
- Compatible Keying: Check if the product information and its master version match and check the minor version for compatibility.
- Exact Match: Check if the product information, and both the master version and minor version match.

Information EIP Parame	EDS Parameter	
Connection	点点	
	Name	Value
	2. Electronic keying	Compatiable Keying
		Disable Keying
		Compatiable Keying
		Exact Match

When the device is connected, you can click the Upload button to upload the related parameters from the device.

Nodule Status	۵.	
onnection	Name	Value
ort Status	 ✓ Identification 	
DLR	Vendor	Delta Electronics, Inc.
	Product Type	Communications Adapter
	Product Name	AS332T
	Revision	1.1
	✓ Status	
	Major Fault	None
	Minor Fault	None
	Internal State	NO I/O (No I/O connctions established)
	Configured	No
	Owned	No
	Module Identity	Mached

	Name	Definition
٩	Module Status	 Identification: displays information regarding Vendor, Product Type, Product Name, Revision, etc. Status: displays connection status, including Major Fault, Minor Fault, Internal State, Configuration Status, and Module Identity.
2	IP Setting	 Port1: indicates port 1 of the device, for editing IP Address, Subnet Mask, Gateway Address, and Host Name. Note: when there is a Port2, that means there are 2 Ethernet communication ports.
3	Connection	• EDS parameters filtering rules include Disable Keying, Compatible Keying, and Exact Match.
4	Port Status	 Displays Link Status, Speed, Duplex, Negotiation Status and Hardware Fault.
5	DLR	Displays the DLR information



Information EIP Parameter Module Status	EDS Parameter					
Port Status	Port 1 2	Link status Active Inactive	Speed 100 Mbps -	Duplex Full	Negotiation Status Success	Hardware Fault No detected
	- 1111					

AS Series Operation Manual

IP Setting		
Connection	Name	Value
	DLR Information	7030-0
	Network Topology	Linear
	Network Status	Normal
	Ring Supervisor	IP: 0.0.0.0 MAC: 00:00:00:00:00:00
	Active Supervisor Precedence	0

• EDS Parameter Tab: this is not supported for the AS Series modules; the software closes itself when this Tab is selected.

9.4.4 Data Mapping

When the connection between devices is established, you can use data mapping to exchange data between devices. This section provides an overview of how to create a data mapping table.



Descriptions for the Data Mapping:



	Name	Definition		
0	Connection Count	Data mapping connection count; each row represents one independent EtherNet/IP connection. The number of connections cannot exceed the maximum number of connections for the Scanner. For the AS Series, the maximum number of connections 32.		
0	Enable	Enable and disable data mapping for the connection.		
6	TAG	 Use TAG to perform data mapping with adapters. After selecting this check box, The directional arrow points left of (←) (READ only) Registers cannot be used in this row. 		

	Name	Definition		
		 The length format is defined by the data format in the Global Symbols; you cannot change the length format here. You must create a Consumed TAG in the Global Symbols in ISPSoft before using this function. 		
9	IP Address	The IP address of the Adapter to connect to. After the data mapping connection is established, the system loads the connected device's IP address. You can also select the device's IP address from the list to add and edit the connection.		
6	Adapter Name	Once you select the IP address, its name is displayed but cannot be modified here. Refer to Section 9.4.3 2 for more information on how to change the device name.		
	CPU Address	Start address of the data mapping's register.		
G	Scanner's register address + address offset (Ethernet/IP modules)	Actual represented register = starting register address + address offset; you can set the starting register address in the HWCONFIG setup page.		
	Select the TAG check box.	Select the Consumed TAG name from the list.		
	Adapter Address/Parameter	Target adapter's register address / parameters		
0	Select the TAG check box .	Input the name of the Produced TAG for other connected EIP devices. The default name is the same as the name shown in G .		
0	I/O Mapping Table	Set up the IN/OUT parameters. When there is no I/O representative table presented for the Adapter, the parameters cannot be opened, for example in some PLCs.		
Ø	Length	Set the data mapping length; unit: byte, the maximum is 500 bytes. You cannot change the length format here when using TAG.		
0	Property	Set the advanced data mapping parameters.		

✔ I/O Mapping Table

Delta EIP devices provide an I/O mapping table. You can use the table to edit the parameters if needed.

	Name	Definition
0	Connection	Select the connection from the list. Different connections may have different mapping parameters.
2	In	Input mapping parameters. The No. column shows the maximum

	Name	Definition
		number of mapping parameters to input. Double-click the Name
		column to open the mapping table to edit the parameters.
		Output mapping parameters. The No. column states the maximum
3	Out	number of mapping parameters to output. Double-click the Name
		column to open the mapping table to edit.
	Nama	The parameter name; double-click the Name column to open the
	Name	mapping table to edit the parameters.
		Values; after editing and downloading, the scanner stores the values.
S	Value	When the connection is established, the values are written to the
		Adapter.



Property



9

	Name	Definition
0	Requested Packet Interval (RPI)	Time interval to request packets through the I/O connection, unit: ms
② Multicast Comm		Communication mode setup: Multicast or Point-to-Point
3	Timeout	Sets the timeout according to the RPI or a multiple of RPI (RPI*X).
		Cyclic: renews data cyclically
(4)	Trigger Mode	Change of State: renews data once there is any change
		Application: renews data according to the product setup

• Steps to set up and download parameters

- 1. Create a data mapping table (X):
- Right-click the COM port on the Ethernet Scanner, and then click Data Mapping to open the Data Mapping Table.



The system creates a Data Mapping Tab, shown for Network_0.



- 2. Set the Data Mapping Parameters
- Type the parameters in the data mapping table. See below for examples
 - a) Reading D500–D599 from the Adapter with the IP address 192.168.1.2 to the D10000–D10099 in the Scanner.
 - b) Writing D20200–D20299 from the Scanner to D100–D199 in the Adapter with the IP address 192.168.1.1

	Enable	TAG	IP Address	Adapter Name	CPU Address/TAG	<->	Adapter Address/Parameter/TAG	Length (Byte)	Property
1	V		192.168.1.1	Dev_1	D0	+	D500	 200	
•					D200	-	D100	200	
2	V		-			-			
						-			

- Use TAG function in data mapping
 - a) Create a General Device in the Network View as shown below and then set the IP address to be used as a Produced TAG. For adding a device, please refer to Section 9.4.3.



b) Start or switch to the data mapping page.



Q



c) Once you select the TAG check box, the directional arrow is to the left with (\leftarrow) (READ only)

CPU Address/TAG	_	<->	Adapter Address/Parameter/TAG	
Freq	*	+	input	
		+		
		*		

% You can also enter the IP address to be connected to other TAGs so that creating a General Device is not necessary.

d) Selecting the Consumed TAG

Select the created Consumed TAG from the CPU register address /TAG column.

	CPU Address/TAG	
Freq		-
Freq		

e) Enter the name for the to-be-connected Produced TAG.

After you select the TAG, the software shows the same TAG name in the register address / parameters / address for the Adapter. You can modify the TAG name to have the same name as the Produced TAG name.

- Set the properties
 - a) Click the ... button to set the properties.

Length (Byte)	Property
200	
200	

b) In the Property Setting dialog box, enter the data mapping parameters.
 Set the Requested Packet Interval (**RPI**) to refresh the data between the Scanner and Adapter periodically; for example, every 20ms.

20 Min. 5 ~ Max. 1000)
Multicast
RPI x 4 *
Cyclic +
OK Cancel

3. Download

Click the Downloader button on the tool bar to open the Project Downloader window.

e Workspeace	Help
© : 4, 🔛	💺 🕭 💽 🔅
Network View	Ne Downloader

 Select the Scanner communication port in EIP Builder; every communication port can download a data mapping table.

<u> </u>	Project Downloader
	Select All 📃 Invert Selection
	Name
•	✓ ☑ Untitled0
	✓ ☑ Data exchange
	Untitled0 (P0)

9.4.5 Diagnosis

EIP Builder can provide diagnostic information on the connection and data mapping status. For the connection status, refer to the Adapter connection status and indicator in the Network View tab; and for data mapping status and error codes, refer to Network_0 in the data mapping tab.

Retwo	K View	Retwork_9	** 7					1
	etmork_D	-		,				
🖲 Unt	tled (P0)							
Conn	ection Count	1	Sort					
	Enable	TAG	IP Address		Adapter Name	CPU Address/TAG	<->	Adapter Address/Parameter/TAG
1	12	103	192.158.1.1		Dev_1	00	+	D500
				-		0200	-	D100
• 2	192	121		· · · •			+	

• Steps to view network status

- Network View (Connection Status)
 - a) Click the Network View tab to check the device status from the indicators: for example RUN / STOP and Error indicators for the PLC.



The dotted line and the warning sign indicate a connection error, as shown below.



- Network_0 (Data Mapping):
 - a) Click the On-line Mode button on the toolbar.



b) Click the Network _0 tab to check the data mapping status and the error codes for Network_0. For error code definitions, refer to Section 9.6.2.



9.5 Programming

9.5.1 Explicit Message

All connections in EtherNet/IP can be divided into explicit messaging connections and implicit (or I/O) messaging connections. Explicit messaging uses TCP/IP and request/response communications or client/server connections, requiring that the instruction include the memory location of the data to be sent to the client. Implicit messaging uses UDP/IP, in which a server sends information from predefined memory locations to a client at a given interval, using a requested packet interval (RPI) parameter to specify the interval. For details on using implicit messages, please refer to Section 9.4.4. This section provides an overview of how the AS Series uses explicit messaging instructions.

When the AS Series acts a Scanner, you can use the EIPRW instruction (API 2208) to read and write Objects. When EIP Builder uses Objects as parameters, each Object includes various parameters. For details on the EIPRW instruction, please refer to the AS Programming Manual. For details on Objects that are supported by the AS Series, please refer to Section 9.8.

9.5.2 TAG

EtherNet/IP can use TAGs to exchange data. A Delta PLC can use Global Symbols to define a TAG, and then Delta HMI and third party devices can use the TAG. There are 2 types of EIP TAGs, Produced TAGs and Consumed TAGs.

1. Produced TAG: a PLC makes Produced tags that send data to Consumed tags in other EIP Scanners for data mapping with other EIP devices.

2. Consumed TAG: EIP Scanners make Consumed tags to receive data from Produced tags for data mapping with other EIP devices.

You can use tags to connect to other EIP devices. Before connecting a Consumed TAG, please check the IP address of the device to be connected and the Produced TAG name. One device can have more than one Produced TAG and Consumed TAG. See the following example.



9.5.2.1 Produced TAG

Creating a Produced TAG

1. In ISPSoft, in the Project tree, expand Global Symbols to see EtherNet/IP Table (Produced Tag).



9

2. Double-click EtherNet/IP Table (Produced TAG) to create a Produced TAG.



3. Right click in the EtherNet/IP Table (Produced Tag) window and then click Add a Symbol to open the Add Symbol dialog box.

Add a S	Symbol						
Symbol	ls Filter						
Remove	e Address						
Move U	Up Alt+Up						
Move I	Down Alt+Down						
Undo	Ctrl+Z	Add Symbol					
Redo	Ctrl+Y	Identifier	Address	Tuna	Initial Valu	a (Active why Comment	
χ Cut	Ctrl+X		Address		····	le (Active will Comment	
Copy	Ctrl+C						
Paste	Ctrl+V	Class VAR	▼ ✓ Auto	o-close Dialog	insert	OK	
Delete	Del	-					
Select A	All Ctrl+A						

4. Enter the required information in the table to create the Produced TAG.

Identifier	Address	Туре	Initial Valu	e (Active wh Comment	
status	D100	WORD		PLC	

After the settings are complete, download the TAG to the PLC. Other EIP devices can access the Produced TAG with their Consumed TAG. For information on creating a Consumed TAG, refer to the EIP device manual.

9.5.2.2 Consumed TAG

Creating a Consumed TAG

1. In ISPSoft, in the Project tree, expand Global Symbols to see EtherNet/IP Table (Consumed Tag).



2. Double-click EtherNet/IP Table (Consumed TAG) to create a Consumed TAG.

		EtherNet/I	P Table (Consumed T	ag)	
Class	Identifiers	Address	Type	Initial Value (Activ	Identifier Comment.

3. Right click in the EtherNet/IP Table (Consumed Tag) window and then click Add a Symbol.

	Add a Symbo	1]						
	Symbols Filte	ſ							
	Remove Addr	ess							
	Move Up	Alt+Up							
	Move Down	Alt+Down							
6	Undo	Ctrl+Z	1	Add Symbol					- X
۲	<u>R</u> edo	Ctrl+Y		Identifier	Address	Type	Initial Va	lue (Active who Comment	
X	Cu <u>t</u>	Ctrl+X							
Ð	<u>C</u> opy	Ctrl+C	15/						1
B	<u>P</u> aste	Ctrl+V		Class VAR	▼ ✓ Au	to-close Dialog 🗌	Insert	OK	Cancel
	Delete	Del		-					
	Select All	Ctrl+A							

4. In the Add Symbol dialog box, enter the required information in the table to create a consumed tag.

Identifier	Address	Type	Initial Value	e (Active whe Comment	
Freq	D100	WORD		node 1	

- 5. You can use tags in the data mapping. Refer to Section 9.4.4 for more information.
- Descriptions for the Add Symbol dialog box

dentifier	Address	Туре	Initial Value (A	Active who Comment	

Number	Name	Description
0	Identifier	Create Tags for a PLC; up to 40 characters.
2	Address	Correspond to registers or bytes in a PLC; you can use a data register or M bit device.
3	Туре	Supports data types such as BOOL, WORD, DWORD, INT, DINT, REAL, and ARRAY (one-dimensional array linear array, up to 512 bytes).
4	Initial Value	Not supported
S	Comment	Description for the TAG; up to 128 characters.

9.6 Troubleshooting

This section provides an overview of error codes and troubleshooting for the AS Series.

9.6.1 Error Code Classification

There are two types of error code categories for the AS Series: Configuration Errors, and Application Errors. These error codes are defined by the ODVA for EtherNet/IP errors. Refer to the following table for AS Series error codes.

Error Code C	lassification	
1 st Phase	2 nd Phase	Description
Category	ltem	
Configuration error	EDS files mismatched	Mismatched EDS files lead to I/O connection failure. ${\times}$

	Data exchange setup error	Data exchange setup error lead to I/O connection failure. ※
Application error	Ethernet/IP error	EtherNet/IP communication failure ※
※ Only the last 2 bytes of the error	r code are shown; for example, only	011C appears for the error code H'1101011C.

9.6.2 Error Codes & How to fix them

9.6.2.1 Configuration Errors

Category	Error Code	Description	How to fix them
	H'1101011C	The Transport Class field values of the Transport Class and Trigger in the EDS file are mismatched. The Vender ID or the Product Code in the EDS file is	 Check if the product information and the EDS file match. Reload the EDS file. Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file. Check if the product information and the EDS file match.
		mismatched.	 Reload the EDS file. Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.
	H'11010115	The device type parameters in the EDS file are mismatched.	 Check if the product information and the EDS file match. Reload the EDS file. Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.
EDS Files Mismatched	H'11010116	The revision parameters in the EDS file are mismatched.	 Check if the product information and the EDS file match. Reload the EDS file. Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.
	H'1101011E	The direction parameters in the EDS file are mismatched.	 Check if the product information and the EDS file match. Reload the EDS file. Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.
	H'1101011F	The fixed / variable output flag in the EDS file is mismatched.	 Check if the product information and the EDS file match. Reload the EDS file. Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.
	H'11010120	The fixed / variable input flag in the EDS file is	1. Check if the product information and the EDS file

AS Series Operation Manual

Category	Error Code	Description	How to fix them
		mismatched.	match. 2. Reload the EDS file. 3. Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.
	H'11010121	The output priority in the EDS file is mismatched.	 Check if the product information and the EDS file match. Reload the EDS file. Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.
	H'11010122	The input priority in the EDS file is mismatched.	 Check if the product information and the EDS file match. Reload the EDS file. Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.
	H'11010123	The output connection type parameters in the EDS file are mismatched.	 Check if the product information and the EDS file match. Reload the EDS file. Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.
	H'11010124	The input connection type parameters in the EDS file are mismatched.	 Check if the product information and the EDS file match. Reload the EDS file. Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.
	H'11010125	The redundant ownership output parameters in the EDS file are mismatched.	 Check if the product information and the EDS file match. Reload the EDS file. Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.
	H'11010126	The configuration size parameters in the EDS file are mismatched.	 Check if the product information and the EDS file match. Reload the EDS file. Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.
	H'11010129	The configuration path parameters in the EDS file are mismatched.	 Check if the product information and the EDS file match. Reload the EDS file. Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.
	H'11010132	The EDS file does not	1. Check if the product information and the EDS file

Category	Error Code	Description	How to fix them
		support Null forward open.	match.
			2. Reload the EDS file.
			3. Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.
			1. Check if the system has created the I/O
	H'12010100	I/O connections duplicated	connections.
			2. Change the connection type to Listen Only.
			1. Check the scanner owner.
	H'12010106	Ownership conflict	2. Reconfigure the invalid scanner.
			3. Change the connection to multicast.
	Li'12010110	Target for connection not	1. Check the I/O connection status.
	H 12010110	configured	2. Activate the I/O connections again.
	H'12010111	Adapter RPI not supported	Check the RPI for the adapter.
			1. Check if the number of connections exceeds the
	H'12010113	Out of connections	limit.
		2. Reduce the number of the product connection	2. Reduce the number of the product connections.
			1. Check if the system has created the I/O
Data	H'12010119	Non-Listen only not opened	connections.
Exchange			2. Check the scanner I/O connection status.
Setup Error	H'12010127	Invalid originator to target	Check the module number and the product setup file
	1112010127	Size	to see if they match.
	H'12010128	Invalid target to originator	Check the output size in the connection parameters.
		Size	
	H'1201012D	Consumed TAG does not	Check if the parameters in the Consumed tag are set
		exist.	correctly.
	H'1201012E	Produced TAG does not	Check if the parameters in the Produced tag are set
		exist.	correctly.
			No response from the adapter; check if the power
	H'12010204	Unconnected request timeout	and the network connection for the adapter are
			working properly.
		Network bandwidth NOT	1. Check the I/O connection limit between the
	H'12010302	available for data	scanner and the adapter.
			2. Increase the RPI value or reduce the number of

Category	Error Code	Description	How to fix them
			connections.
	H'12010315	Invalid segment in connection	Check the module number and the product setup file
		path	to see if they match.

9.6.2.2 Application Error

Category	Error Code	Description	How to fix them
EtherNet/ IP Error	H'00010203	I/O connection timeout	 Check the network connection status. Check if the module is working properly. Increase the RPI value.

9.7 Studio 5000 Software Operation

This section provides an overview using Ethernet/IP to connect to a Delta Ethernet/IP Adapter with third party software. For this example we use the Rockwell Automation software Studio 5000.

9.7.1 Architecture

The Rockwell Automation (RA) EIP Scanner uses Ethernet to connect to a Delta Adapter. The PC connects to the RA Scanner through Ethernet or USB.



* Rockwell Software Studio 5000, ControlLogix, RSLogix are registered trademarks of Rockwell Automation, Inc.

• Operation Steps:



9.7.2 Create a New Project

• Open Studio 5000 and under Create, click New Project.



• Select a PLC and select the chassis. This example uses a 1756-L71.

Logix	Search	2
Select PL	I CompactLogix™ 5370 Controller ControlLogix® 5570 Controller	
	1756-L71 ControlLogix® 5570 Controller 1756-L72 ControlLogix® 5570 Controller 1756-L73 ControlLogix® 5570 Controller 1756-L74 ControlLogix® 5570 Controller 1756-L75 ControlLogix® 5570 Controller 1756-L75 ControlLogix® 5570 Controller ISST0 Safety Controller ISST0 Controller SoftLogix™ 5800 Controller ISST0 Controller	
Name:	Example	Persona

• Click **Finish** to create the new project.

Z	1/50-A7 7-Slot ControlLogix Chassis	•
Slot	0 •	Select a backplan
Security Authority:	No Protection	
	$\square \frac{\underline{U} se only the selected Security Authority for automathematical authorization \square$	thentication and
Description:		

After creating the project, Studio 5000 displays the Controller Organizer and workspace.



9.7.3 Create a Scanner

Next, add the 1756-EN2TR Ethernet/IP module, and then connect to the Ethernet/IP devices through the Ethernet/IP module.

9

9.7.3.1 Create a New Ethernet/IP Module

• Right-click 1756 Backplane 1756-A7 and then click New Module.



• Type 1756-EN2TR in the filter field, click the 1756-EN2TR module, and then click Create.

1756-EN2TR	Clear Filters		Show Filters 🗧 🌣
Catalog Number	Description	Vendor	Category
1756-EN2TR	1756 10/100 Mbps Ethernet Bridge, 2-Port, Twisted-Pa	Allen-Bradley	Communication
	m		
• Type the Name, IP address and other required information, and then click OK to add the EtherNet/IP module.

ieneral*	Connection	RSNetWorx	Module Info	Internet Protocol	Port Configuration	Network	Time Sync	
Type:	1756	EN2TR 1756	10/100 Mbps I	Ethernet Bridge, 2-P	ort, Twisted-Pair Me	edia	Change Type	-
Vendor:	Allen-	Bradley						_
Parent:	Local				Ethernet Address			
Name:	Ethe	met_card			Private Netwo	ork: 1	92.168.1. 102	
Descriptio	n:			*	O IP Address:		+ +	
				-) Host Name:]
Revisior Electron Connec Time Sy	n: iic Keying: ction: ync Connect	5.1 Comp None tion: None	atible Module	hange	Slot:	1 •		

The new 1756-EN2TR module appears in the Controller Organizer tree.



9.7.4 Connect to a Delta Adapter

This section provides an overview of connecting to a Delta Ethernet/IP Adapter with the Rockwell Automation software Studio 5000.

9.7.4.1 Import an EDS File

• In Studio 5000, on the Tools menu, click EDS Hardware Installation Tool.



Select Register an EDS file(s) and click Next.



• Select **Register a single file** and click **Browse** to find the EDS file to import.



Follow the instructions in the wizard and then click Finish to complete importing the EDS file.

You have successfully completed the EDS Wizard.
[Finish]

9.7.4.2 Create an Adapter

• In Studio 5000, in the Controller Organizer under 1756-EN2TR, right-click Ethernet and then click New Module.



• Type the module number of the imported Delta EDS file in the filter field, click the Delta module, and then click **Create**.

CMC-EIP01		Clear Filters		Show Filters 🗇
Catalog Number	Description		Vendor	Category

• Verify that the product name and IP address are the same as the information shown in the **Module Definition** section.

Type: CMC-EIP0 Vendor: Delta Elect Parent: Ethemet c	1_v02 CMC-EIP01 ronics, Inc.			
Name: CMCEIPO Description:	1	*	Ethernet Address Private Network: IP Address: Host Name:	192.168.1. 88
Module Dennition Revision: 1.6 Electronic Keying: Con Connections: 10	apatible Module Connection	hange		

• Click **Change** if you need to make a change to the module definition.

General" Co	nnection	Module Info	Internet Protocol			
Туре:	CMC	EIP01_v02 CI	AC-EIP01			
Vendor:	Delta	Electronics, In	IC.			
Parent:	Ether	net_card				
Name:	CMC	EIP01			Ethernet Address	
Description:	_			121	Private Network:	192.168.1. 88 🔹
and the second					O IP Address:	
					0.0.0	
					Host Name:	
Module De	finition					
Revision:		1.6				
Electronic	Keying:	Compatible N	lodule			
Connection	ns:	IO Connecti	on			
			-			
				Change		

ectronic Keying: nnections:	Compatible Mod	dule		•	
Name	1 - 1	Size		Tag S	uffix
10.0	Input:	64	CRIT		CMCEIP01:I1
IO Connection	Output:	64	SINT	1	CMCEIP01:01

- % In general, there is no need to change the parameters from the imported EDS files which can usually be used without modification.
- In the New Module dialog box, click the Connection tab to modify the Requested Packet Interval and Input Type settings. The RPI uses the I/O connection to a Scanner to exchange data at regular intervals, and the units are micro-seconds. For Input Type select either Unicast or Multicast. The Input Type selections may vary for different products.

	Name	Requested Packet Interval (RPI) (ms)	Input Type	Input Trigger	
Connection1		20.0 🗢 2.0 - 1000.0	Unicast 🚽	Cyclic	+
 Inhibit Module Major Fault On 	Controller If Connection Fails	While in Run Mode			

• Click OK to create the adapter. The new Delta Adapter appears in the Controller Organizer tree.



9.7.5 Download

The next step is to download the project to the PLC and go online.

In Studio 5000, on the Communications menu, click Who Active. To establish a connection, select the Scanner connected to the PC, and then on the Communications menu click Download.



• After the connection is successfully established, the I/O status shows green by I/O OK.



9.7.6 Data Mapping

In the Controller Organizer, you can map data, including Configuration, Input and Output parameters. When you create a device I/O Configuration, the tags are added automatically.

• Click **Program TAGs** to display the Tags window.



• Tags are listed in the **Name** column. Tag names begin with a product name and end with **C** or **I1** or **O1**, separated from the name by a colon (:), for example CMCEIP01:C, CMCEIP01:I1, and CMCEIP01:O1.

Scope: 🚺 Example 👻	Show: All Tags				🔻 🏹, Ente	r Name Filter			
Name	<u></u>	Alias For	Base Tag	Data Type	Description	External Access	Constant	Style	-
+ CMCEIP01:C				_031F:CMC_EIP		Read/Write			
+-CMCEIP01:I1				_031F:CMC_EIP		Read/Write			
±-CMCEIP01:01				_031F:CMC_EIP		Read/Write			
									E
Monitor Tags AEdit	Tage			٠					

- Tag name : C indicates the tag contains information from the Adapter EDS file, including Input and Output parameters. You can edit these parameters in Studio 5000.
- Tag name : 11 indicates that the mapping starts from TAG : 11[0], and is mapped to the first parameters of the Adapter output. The length is the output length provided by the Adapter.
- Tag name: O1, indicates that the mapping starts from TAG : O1[0], and is mapped to the first parameters of the Adapter Input. The length is the input length provided by the Adapter.

17	RA EIP Scanner 56-L71+1756-EN2TR	► EtherNet/IP	Delta Adapter VFD-C2000	
	Tag:I1[0]	<u> </u>	Parameter_0	
	Tag:I1[1]	•	Parameter_1	
Tag:I1	:		:	Adapter Output
	Tag:l1[31]	4	Parameter_31	
	Tag:O1[0]		Parameter_0	
	Tag:O1[1]		Parameter_1	
Tag:O1			:	Adapter Input
	Tag:O1[31]		Parameter_31	

9.8 CIP Object

9.8.1 Object List

CIP requires objects (groups of related data and behaviors associated with this data) to describe a device, how it functions, communicates, and to define its unique identity. Objects can be further defined by Class (a set of objects representing the same type of system), Instance (a copy of an object), and Attribute (data values). An object's instance and class have attributes, providing services and implementing behaviors. Instance 0 contains the basic information for every object, that is: version and length. Instance 1–N contains parameters for creating connections. You can get product parameters from the supported service code through objects.



The supported EtherNet/IP objects are listed in the following table. Refer to Section 9.8.2 for the data type definitions. Refer to Section 9.8.3 for object contents. Refer to Section 9.5 for object reading and writing.

Object Name	Function	Class ID
Identity Object	Provides identification of general information about the device.	1 (H'01)
Message Router Object	Provides a messaging connection point through which a client can address a service to any object class or instance residing in the physical device.	2 (H'02)
Assembly Object	Binds attributes of multiple objects, which allows data to or from each object to be sent or received over a single connection and can be used to bind input data or output data.	4 (H'04)
Connection Manager Object	Provides connection and connectionless communications, including establishing connections across multiple subnets.	6 (H'06)
Port Object	Describes the communication interfaces that are present on the device and visible to CIP, including USB, Ethernet/IP and more.	244 (H'F4)
TCP/IP Interface Object	Provides the mechanism to configure a device's TCP/IP network	245 (H'F5)

Object Name	Function	Class ID
	interface; examples of configurable items include the device's IP	
	Address, Network Mask, and Gateway Address.	
Ethernet Link Object	Maintains link-specific counters and status information for an	246 (H'F6)
	IEEE 802.3 communications interface.	210 (1110)
X Register	Bit/Word Register	848(H'350)
Y Register	Bit/Word Register	849(H'351)
D Register	Bit/Word Register	850 (H'352)
M Register	Bit Register	851(H'353)
S Register	Bit Register	852(H'354)
T Register	Bit/Word Register	853(H'355)
C Register	Bit/Word Register	854(H'356)
HC Register	Bit/Word Register	855(H'357)
SM Register	Bit Register	856 (H'358)
SR Register	Word Register	857 (H'359)

9.8.2 Data Type

This section provides an overview of the data types supported by objects.

Data Type					De	escrip	tion				
BOOL	False(H'00) or True	e(H'01)								
	SINT(1 byte), INT(2 bytes), DINT(4 bytes), LINT(8 bytes)										
	Number	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th		6th	7th	8th	
	SINT	0LSB									
	INT	0LSB	1LSB								
SIGNED	DINT	0LSB	1LSB	2LSB	3LSB						
INTEGER	LINT	0LSB	1LSB	2LSB	3LSB	4LS	B 5	SLSB	6LSB	7LSB	
	Example: [DINT val	ue = H'12	2345678							
	Numb	ər	1st		2nd		:	3rd		4th	
	DINT		78		56			34		12	

Data Type					Descri	ptio	on						
	USINT(1 by	/te), UINT(2 bytes), l	JDINT(4 b	ytes), U	ILIN	T(8 byt	es)					
	Ex: UDINT value = H'AABBCCDD												
INTEGER	Numbe	r	1st	2n	d	3rd		4th					
	UDINT		DD	C	C	BB		AA					
		I											
	ASCII CODES, 1 or 2 bytes/words												
	STRING: 2	bytes chai	racter cour	nt + 1 byte	charac	ter							
		Conte	ents (Char	count)			Conten	ts (St	ring co	ntents	;)		
	STRING	04		00	4D		69		6C		6	SC	
STRING	STRING2: 2	2 bytes cha	aracter co	unt + 2 byt	e chara	cter							
		Conte	ents (Char	count)		(Conten	ts (St	ring cor	ntents	s)		
	STRING2	04		00	4D	00	69	00	6C	00	6C	00	
	SHOPT STRING: 1 bytes obstactor count + 1 byte obstactor												
	SHUK I_SI KING: 1 bytes character count + 1 byte character												
		Conte	Contents (Char count)				Conten	ts (St	tring co	ntents	;)		
	STRING		04		4D		69		60	;	6	SC	
	BYTE (1 by	te), WORI	D (2 bytes)	, DWORD	(4 byte	es), I	LWORE) (8 b	ytes)				
		1st	2nd	3rd	4th		5th	6	Sth	7th		8th	
Fixed LENGTH	Byte	70											
BIT STRING	WORD	70	158										
	DWORD	70	158	2316	312	24							
	LWORD	70	158	2316	312	24	393	2 4	4740	55.	48	63\$	56
	A single stri	ng consist	s of multip	le languaç	ge repre	sen	tation						
	Na	me	Dat	а Туре		Meaning							
	Nun	nber	U	SINT	The strin	The number of internationalized character strings							
STRINGI			Ar	ray of:	Arra	Array of individual internationalized character							
	Stri	ngs	Str	uct of:	strin	strings							
	Langua	geChar1	U	SINT	The lang	The first ASCII character of the ISO 639-2/T language							

AS Series Operation Manual

Data Type				De	escrip	otion					
	Language	eChar2	USI	NT	The lang	second uage	ASCII c	haracte	er of the	e ISO	639-2/T
	Language	eChar3	USI	NT	The third ASCII character of the ISO 639-2/T language					;9-2/T	
	CharStrin	gStruct	truct USINT		The structure of the character string, limited to the Elementary Data type value 0xD0 (STRING), 0xD5 (STRING2), 0xD9 (STRINGN) and 0xDA (SHORT_STRING)				RINGN)		
	Char	Set	UIN	UINT Dased on which comes from IANA MIB F Code (RFC 1759).		string is Printer					
	Internation	al String	String Defined in A		An array of 8-bit octet elements which is the actual international character string				s the		
	ISO 639-2/T language:										
	Language		First (Character		Secon	d Chara	cter	Thir	d Ch	aracter
	Engl	ish	е			n			G	i	
	Frer	ich	f s		r p			e			
	Spar	nish									
	Itali	an		i		t		a			
	STRUCT of:	Composed	of any dat	a types.					1		
	Ex.: STRUC	Γ of { BOOL	., UINT, DII	NT	RUE,	H'1234	, H'5678	9ABC }			
STRUCT		1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5	öth	6th	7t	n	
	Byte	01	34	12	BC	ę	9A	78	56	6	
	Array of: Cor	nposed of c	one data ty	pe.							
	Ex.: ARRAY	of UINTs =	{ 1 · 2 · 3 }	•							
	Number	1st	2nd	3rd		4th	5th	6	Sth		
	Array	01	00	02		00	03	(00		
	A path that c	onsists of m	nultiple seg	ments and	d refe	rences	the class	s, instar	nce an	d attri	bute of
EPATH	another obje	ct.									
	Example : Identity Object, Instance attribute 5 = " 20 01 24 01 30 05 "										

9.8.3 Identity Object (Class ID: 01 Hex)

This object stores identity information that consists of the Vendor ID, Device Type, Product Code and Major Revision for your device.

Service Code

Service Service Name		Att	ribute	Description	
code	Service Name	Class Attribute Instance Attribute			
H'01	Get_Attributes_All	х	V	Read all attributes	
H'05	Reset	Х	V	Resets the drive to the start-up state.	
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	V	V	Read one attribute	

Class

Class ID: H'01

Instance

- H'00: Class Attribute
- H'01: Instance Attribute
- When Instance = 0, the Class Attributes are listed below.

Class Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'01	Revision	Get	UINT	H'1	Revision of this object
H'02	Max Instance	Get	UINT	H'1	Maximum instance number of this object
H'03	Number of Instance	Get	UINT	H'1	Number of object instances currently created at this class level of the device

• When Instance = 0, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'01	Vendor ID	Get	UINT	H'31F	Delta Electronics, Inc.
H'02	Device Type	Get	UINT	H'0C	Communication Adapter

AS Series Operation Manual

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'03	Product Code	Get	UINT	H'4000	Product Code
	Revision		STRUCT		Revision of this device: Major / Minor
H'04	Major Revision	Get	USINT	H'01	Major Revision Range: H'01–H'7F
	Minor Revision		USINT	H'01	Minor Revision Range: H'01–H'FF
H'05	Status	Get	WORD	H'00	Status, refer to the following %1 table
H'06	Serial Number	Get	UDINT	H'abcd	The last 4 characters of the MAC address, ab:cd
H'07	Product Name	Get	STRING	"AS300T"	The maximum length of a product name is 32 characters.

%1 Status Description (H'05)

Bit (s)	Name	Description
		Does the device has an owner connection?.
0	Owned	0: No
		1: Yes
1	Reserved	0 · Always OFF
		Is the device configured?
2	Configured	0: No
		1: Yes
3	Reserved	0 · Always OFF
		0: Self-testing
		1: Firmware update
		2: At least one faulted I/O connection
		3: No I/O connections established
4-7	Extended Device Status	4: Non-volatile configuration error
		5: Major fault
		6: At least one I/O connection in run mode
		7: At least one I/O connection established, all in idle
		mode.
		8-15: Reserved

Bit (s)	Name	Description		
0	Minor Popovorabla Fault	0: No minor recoverable fault detected		
0		1: Minor recoverable fault detected		
0	Miner Llorecovership Foult	0: No minor unrecoverable fault detected		
9		1: Minor unrecoverable fault detected		
10	Maiar Dagawarah a Fault	0: No major recoverable fault detected		
10	Major Recoverable Fault	1: Major recoverable fault detected		
		0: No major unrecoverable fault detected		
	wajor onrecoverable Fault	1: Major unrecoverable fault detected		

9.8.4 Message Router Object (Class ID: 02 Hex)

This object provides a messaging connection point through which a client may address a service to any object class or instance residing in the physical device.

Service Code

Service	Service Name	Su	oport	Description	
Code	Gervice Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description	
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	V	V	Read a single attribute	

- Class
 - Class ID: H'02
- Instance
 - H'00: Class Attribute
 - H'01: Instance Attribute
 - When Instance = 0, the Class Attributes are listed below.

Class Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'01	Revision	Get	UINT	H'01	Revision of this object

• When Instance = 0, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'02	Number Available	Get	UINT	H'0	The maximum number of connections

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'03	Number Active	Get	UINT	H'0	The number of connected connections

9.8.5 Assembly Object (Class ID: 04 Hex)

This object binds attributes of multiple objects, which allows data to or from each object to be sent or received over a single connection and can be used to bind input data or output data.

Service Code

Service	Sorvice Name	Sup	port	Description	
Code	Service Maine	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description	
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	V	V	Read a single attribute	
H'10	Set_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Edit a single attribute	

- Class
 - Class ID : H'04

Instance

- H'00 : Class Attribute
- H'64 : I/O Connection Output 1
- H'65 : I/O Connection Input 1
- H'66 : I/O Connection Output 2
- H'67 : I/O Connection Input 2
- H'72 : I/O Connection Output 8
- H'73 : I/O Connection Input 8
- H'74-H'7A Reserved
- H'80 : Configuration 1
- H'81 : Configuration 2
- H'87 : Configuration 8

Class Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'01	Revision	Get	UINT	H'2	Revision of this object
H'02	Max Instance	Get	UINT	H'C7	The maximum number of instances

• When Instance = 0, the Class Attributes are listed below.

• When Instance = 64–87, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

I/O Message Connection							
Connection No.	Function	Instance Attribute	Length				
	Input	0x65	100 words				
Connection 1	Output	0x64	100 words				
	Configuration	0x80	8 words				
	Input	0x67	100 words				
Connection 2	Output	0x66	100 words				
	Configuration	0x81	8 words				
	Input	0x69	100 words				
Connection 3	Output	0x68	100 words				
	Configuration	0x82	8 words				
	Input	0x6B	100 words				
Connection 4	Output	0x6A	100 words				
	Configuration	0x83	8 words				
	Input	0x6D	100 words				
Connection 5	Output	0x6C	100 words				
	Configuration	0x84	8 words				
	Input	0x6F	100 words				
Connection 6	Output	0x6E	100 words				
	Configuration	0x85	8 words				
	Input	0x71	100 words				
Connection 7	Output	0x70	100 words				
	Configuration	0x86	8 words				

	Input	0x73	100 words
Connection 8	Output	0x72	100 words
	Configuration	0x87	8 words

9.8.6 Connection Manager Object (Class ID: 06 Hex)

Use this object for connection and connectionless communications, including establishing connections across multiple subnets.

Service Code

Service	Sorvico Namo	Su	pport	Description
Code	Service Maine	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	V	х	Read a single attribute
H'4E	Forward_Close	Х	V	Close a connection
H'54	Forward_Open	Х	V	Open a connection; the maximum data size is 511 bytes.

- Class
 - Class ID : H'06

Instance

- H'00 : Class Attribute
- H'01 : Instance Attribute
- When Instance = 0, the Class Attributes are listed below.

Class Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'01	Revision	Get	UINT	1	Revision of this object
H'02	Max Instance	Get	UINT	1	Maximum instance number of this object

•	When Instance =	1, the	Instance Attributes	are listed below.
---	-----------------	--------	----------------------------	-------------------

Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'01	Open Requests	Get	UINT	H'0	Number of Forward Open service requests received.
H'02	Open Format Rejects	Get	UINT	H'0	Number of Forward Open service requests that were rejected due to bad format.
H'03	Open Resources Rejects	Get	UINT	H'0	Number of Forward Open service requests that were rejected due to lack of resources.
H'04	Open Other Rejects	Get	STRUCT	H'0	Number of Forward Open service requests that were rejected for reasons other than bad format or lack of resources.
H'05	Close Requests	Get	WORD	H'0	Number of Forward Close service requests received.
H'06	Close Format Rejects	Get	UDINT	H'0	Number of Forward Close service requests that were rejected due to bad format.
H'07	Close Other Rejects	Get	STRING	H'0	Number of Forward Close service requests that were rejected for reasons other than bad format.
H'08	Connection Timeouts	Get	UINT	H'0	Total number of connection timeouts that have occurred in connections controlled by this Connection Manager.

9.8.7 Port Object (Class ID: F4 Hex)

This section describes the communication interfaces that are present on the device and visible to CIP, including USB, EtherNet/IP and more.

Service Code

Service	Service Name	Su	pport	Description
Code	Service Maine	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	
H'01	Get_Attributes_All	Х	V	Returns a predefined listing of this objects' attributes
H'0E	Set_Attribute_Single	V	V	Returns the contents of the specified attribute.

Class

- Class ID : H'F4
- Instance
 - H'00 : Class Attribute
 - H'01 : Instance Attribute
 - H'N: Instance #N Attribute, the number of the Ethernet port

• When Instance = 0, the Class Attributes are listed below.

Class Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'01	Revision	Get	UINT	1	Revision of this object
H'02	Max Instance	Get	UINT	1	Maximum instance number of this object
H'03	Number of Instance	Get	UINT	1	Number of object instances currently created at this class level of the device
H'08	Entry Port	Get	UINT	1	Communication port for EtherNet/IP
H'09	Port Instance Info	Get	ARRAY of STRUCT of		Port Instance information: Port Type + Port Number

Class Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
	Port Type		UINT	H'04	EtherNet/IP, refer to the following %1
	Port Number		UINT	H'01	Identifies each communication port

• When Instance = 1, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'01	Port Type	Get	UINT	H'04	EtherNet/IP, refer to the following %1
H'02	Port Number	Get	UINT	H'01	Identifies each communication port
	Link Object	Get	STRUCT of		Identifies Object attached to this port. Path length + Link Path
H'03	Path Length		UINT		Path length
	Link Path		EPATH		Path segment
H'04	Port Name	Get	SHORT_ STRING	EIP1	Name of the communication port
H'07	Port Number and Node Address	Get	EPATH	01 01	Communication port number and node number of this device on port.

%1 Communication Port Type

Communication Port Type	Description			
1	Self-defined			
2	ControlNet			
3	ControlNet Redundant			
4	EtherNet/IP			
5	DeviceNet			
201	Modbus/TCP			
203	SERCOS III			

9.8.8 TCP/IP Interface Object (Class ID: F5 Hex)

This object provides the mechanism to configure a device's TCP/IP network interface. Examples of configurable items include the device's IP Address, Network Mask, and Gateway Address.

Service Code

Service	Sonvice Name	Sup	port	Description
Code	Service Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'01	Get_Attributes_All	х	V	Read all attributes
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	V	V	Read one attribute
H'10	Set_Attribute_Single	х	V	Write one attribute

Class

- Class ID = H'F5
- Instance
 - H'00 : Class Attribute
 - H'01 : Instance Attribute
 - H'N: Instance #N Attribute, number of IP addresses that the device supported
 - When Instance = 0, the Class Attributes are listed below.

Class Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'01	Revision	Get	UINT	H'2	Revision of this object
H'02	Max Instance	Get	UINT	H'2	Maximum instance number of this object
H'03	Number of Instance	Get	UINT	H'2	Number of object instances currently created at this class level of the device

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'01	Status	Get	DWORD	H'2	IP status, refer to the following ※1
H'02	Configuration Capability	Get	DWORD	H'15	Configuration capability, refer to the following %2
H'03	Configuration Control	Get/Set	DWORD	H'0	Configuration Control, refer to the following X3
	Physical Link Object :		STRUCT of		Path to physical link object
H'04	Path Size	Get	UINT	H'0	Size of Path
	Path		EPATH		Logical segments identifying the physical link object
H'05	Interface Configuration :	Get/Set	STRUCT of		TCP/IP network interface configuration.
	IP Address		UDINT	H'C0A80005	The device's IP address; 192.168.1.5
	Network Mask		UDINT	H'FFFFF00	The device's network mask: 255.255.255.0
	Gateway Address		UDINT	H'C0A80001	Default gateway address: 192.168.0.1
	Name Server		UDINT	0	Primary name server
	Name Server 2		UDINT	0	Secondary name server
	Domain Name		STRING	00 00	Default domain name
H'06	Host Name	Get/Set	STRING	AS300T	Device name

• When Instance = 1, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

%1 Interface Status

Status	Description
0	The Interface Configuration attribute has not been configured.
1	The Interface Configuration attribute contains valid configuration obtained from BOOTP, DHCP or non-volatile memory.
2	The Interface Configuration attribute contains valid configuration obtained from hardware.

%2 Interface Capability Flags

Bit	Description
0	BOOTP Client
1	DNS Client
2	DHCP Client
3	DHCP-DNS Update
4	Configuration Settable
5	Hardware Configurable
6	Interface Configuration Change Requires Reset

%3 Interface Configuration Control

Status	Description						
0	The device uses the interface configuration values previously stored (for example, in non-volatile memory or through hardware switches).						
1	The device obtains its interface configuration values through BOOTP.						
2	The device obtains its interface configuration values through DHCP on start-up.						

9.8.9 Ethernet Link Object (Class ID: F6 Hex)

This object maintains link-specific counters and status information for an IEEE 802.3 communications interface.

• Service Code

Service	Service Name	Sup	oport	Description
Code	Service Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'01	Get_Attributes_All	х	V	Read all attributes
H'0E	Get_Attributes_Single	V	V	Read one attribute

- 9
 - Class
 - Class ID: H'F6
 - Instance
 - H'00: Class Attribute

- H'01: Instance Attribute
- H'N: Instance #N Attribute, the number of the Ethernet port
- When Instance = 0, the Class Attributes are listed below.

Class Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'01	Revision	Get	UINT	H'03	Revision of this object
H'02	Max Instance	Get	UINT	H'021	Maximum instance number of this object
H'03	Number of Instance	Get	UINT	H'01	Number of object instances currently created at this class level of the device

• When Instance = 1, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'01	Interface Speed	Get	DWORD	H'64	Interface speed currently in use 10(H'0A), 100(H'64), 1000(H'3E8) Mbps
H'02	Interface Flags	Get	DWORD	H'F	Ethernet port status, refer to the following $\times 1$
H'03	Physical Address	Get	ARRAY of 6 USINTs	By Product	MAC address
	Interface Label		SHORT_S TRING	NA	Define the name of the Ethernet port For example: for port 1, the definition of the name in string is 01 31.
H'0A	Length	Length Get Interface name	USINT	NA	The maximum length of the name is 16 words.
	Interface name		SHORT_S TRING	NA	Use ASCII characters to name the Ethernet port name.

%1 Interface Flag Table

Bit (s)	Name	Description		
0	Link Statua	0 indicates an inactive link		
0	Link Status	1 indicates an active link		
1		0 indicates half duplex		
I	Hall/Full Duplex	1 indicates full duplex		
		0 : Auto-negotiation in progress		
	Negotiation Status	1 : Auto-negotiation and speed detection failed		
2-4		2 : Auto negotiation failed but detected speed		
		3 : Successfully negotiated speed and duplex		
		4 : Auto-negotiation not attempted. Forced speed and duplex.		
5	Manual Setting Requires Reset	Set to zero		
6	Local Hardwara Fault	0: the interface detects no local hardware fault		
0	Local Haldwale Fault	1: a local hardware fault is detected		
7-31	Reserved	0		

9.8.10 X Register (Class ID: 350 Hex)

Service Code

		Sup	oport	
Service Code	Service Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Read one attribute
H'32	Read_Parameter	Х	V	Read Parameter

- Class
 - Class ID : H'350
- Instance
 - H'01 : Instance Attribute, Bit Register
 - H'02 : Instance Attribute, Word Register

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	X0.0	Get	BOOL	H'00	X0.0 bit register
H'01	X0.1	Get	BOOL	H'00	X0.1 bit register
H'02-H'03FE	X0.2-X63.14	Get	BOOL	H'00	X0.2 -X63.14 bit register
H'3FF	X63.15	Get	BOOL	H'00	X63.15 bit register

• When Instance = 1, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

• When Instance = 2, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	X0	Get	INT	H'00	X0 word register
H'01	X1	Get	INT	H'00	X1 word register
H'02-H'3E	X2-X62	Get	INT	H'00	X2-X62 word register
H'3F	X63	Get	INT	H'00	X63 word register

9.8.11 Y Register (Class ID: 351 Hex)

Service Code

		Sup	oport	
Service Code	Service Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Read one attribute
H'10	Set_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Write one attribute
H'32	Read_Parameter	Х	V	Read Parameter
H'33	Write_Parameter	Х	V	Write Parameter

- Class
 - Class ID : H'351
- Instance
 - H'01 : Instance Attribute, Bit Register

9

- H'02 : Instance Attribute, Word Register
- When Instance = 1, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	Y0.0	Set	BOOL	H'00	Y0.0 bit register
H'01	Y0.1	Set	BOOL	H'00	Y0.1 bit register
H'02-H'03FE	Y0.2-Y63.14	Set	BOOL	H'00	Y0.2-Y63.14 bit register
H'3FF	Y63.15	Set	BOOL	H'00	Y63.15 bit register

• When Instance = 2, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	Y0	Set	INT	H'00	Y0 word register
H'01	Y1	Set	INT	H'00	Y1 word register
H'02-H'3E	Y2-Y62	Set	INT	H'00	Y2-Y62 word register
H'3F	Y63	Set	INT	H'00	Y63 word register

9.8.12 D Register (Class ID: 352 Hex)

Service Code

		Sup	oport	
Service Code	Service Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Read one attribute
H'10	Set_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Write one attribute
H'32	Read_Parameter	Х	V	Read Parameter
H'33	Write_Parameter	Х	V	Write Parameter

•

9

• Class ID : H'352

Instance

Class

- H'01 : Instance Attribute, Bit Register
- H'02 : Instance Attribute, Word Register

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	D0.0	Set	INT	H'00	D0.0 bit register
H'01	D0.1	Set	INT	H'00	D0.1 bit register
H'02-H'752FE	D0.2-D29999.14	Set	INT	H'00	D0.2-D29999.14 bit register
H'752FF	D29999.15	Set	INT	H'00	D29999.15 bit register

• When Instance = 1, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

• When Instance = 2, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	D0	Set	INT	H'00	D0 word register
H'01	D1	Set	INT	H'00	D1 word register
H'02-H'752E	D2-D29998	Set	INT	H'00	D2-D29998 word register
H'752F	D29999	Set	INT	H'00	D29999 word register

9.8.13 M Register (Class ID: 353 Hex)

• Service Code

		Sup	oport	
Service Code	Service Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Read one attribute
H'10	Set_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Write one attribute
H'32	Read_Parameter	Х	V	Read Parameter
H'33	Write_Parameter	Х	V	Write Parameter

- Class
 - Class ID : H'353
- Instance
 - H'01 : Instance Attribute, Bit Register

9

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	MO	Set	BOOL	H'00	M0 bit register
H'01	M1	Set	BOOL	H'00	M1 bit register
H'02-H'1FFE	M2-M8190	Set	BOOL	H'00	M2-M8190 bit register
H'1FFF	M8191	Set	BOOL	H'00	M8191 bit register

• When Instance = 1, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

9.8.14 S Register (Class ID: 354 Hex)

Service Code

		Sup	oport	
Service Code	Service Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Read one attribute
H'10	Set_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Write one attribute
H'32	Read_Parameter	Х	V	Read Parameter
H'33	Write_Parameter	Х	V	Write Parameter

Class

- Class ID : H'354
- Instance
 - H'01 : Instance Attribute, Bit Register
 - When Instance = 1, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	SO	Set	BOOL	H'00	S0 bit register
H'01	S1	Set	BOOL	H'00	S1 bit register
H'02-H'7FE	S2-S2046	Set	BOOL	H'00	S2-S2046 bit register
H'7FF	S2047	Set	BOOL	H'00	S2047 bit register

9.8.15 T Register (Class ID: 355 Hex)

Service Code

		Sup	oport	
Service Code	Service Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	х	V	Read one attribute
H'10	Set_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Write one attribute
H'32	Read_Parameter	Х	V	Read Parameter
H'33	Write_Parameter	Х	V	Write Parameter

Class

• Class ID : H'355

Instance

- H'01 : Instance Attribute, Bit Register
- H'02 : Instance Attribute, Word Register
- When Instance = 1, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	то	Set	BOOL	H'00	T0 bit register
H'01	T1	Set	BOOL	H'00	T1 bit register
H'02-H'1FE	T2-T510	Set	BOOL	H'00	T2-T510 bit register
H'1FF	T511	Set	BOOL	H'00	T511 bit register

• When Instance = 2, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	то	Set	INT	H'00	T0 word register
H'01	T1	Set	INT	H'00	T1 word register
H'02-H'1FE	T2-T510	Set	INT	H'00	T2-T510 word register
H'1FF	T511	Set	INT	H'00	T511 word register

9

9.8.16 C Register (Class ID: 356 Hex)

Service Code

		Sup	oport	
Service Code	Service Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Read one attribute
H'10	Set_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Write one attribute
H'32	Read_Parameter	Х	V	Read Parameter
H'33	Write_Parameter	х	V	Write Parameter

Class

- Class ID : H'356
- Instance
 - H'01 : Instance Attribute, Bit Register
 - H'02 : Instance Attribute, Word Register
 - When Instance = 1, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	CO	Set	BOOL	H'00	C0 bit register
H'01	C1	Set	BOOL	H'00	C1 bit register
H'02-H'1FE	C2-C510	Set	BOOL	H'00	C2-C510 bit register
H'1FF	C511	Set	BOOL	H'00	C511 bit register

• When Instance = 2, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	CO	Set	INT	H'00	C0 word register
H'01	C1	Set	INT	H'00	C1 word register
H'02-H'1FE	C2-C510	Set	INT	H'00	C2-C510 word register
H'1FF	C511	Set	INT	H'00	C511 word register

9.8.17 HC Register (Class ID: 357 Hex)

Service Code

		Sup	oport	
Service Code	Service Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Read one attribute
H'10	Set_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Write one attribute
H'32	Read_Parameter	Х	V	Read Parameter
H'33	Write_Parameter	Х	V	Write Parameter

Class

• Class ID : H'357

Instance

- H'01 : Instance Attribute, Bit Register
- H'02 : Instance Attribute, Word Register
- When Instance = 1, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	HC0	Set	BOOL	H'00	HC0 bit register
H'01	HC1	Set	BOOL	H'00	HC1 bit register
H'02-H'FE	HC2-HC254	Set	BOOL	H'00	HC2-HC254 bit register
H'FF	HC255	Set	BOOL	H'00	HC255 bit register

• When Instance = 2, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	HC0	Set	DINT	H'00	HC0 word register
H'01	HC1	Set	DINT	H'00	HC1 word register
H'02-H'FE	HC2-HC254	Set	DINT	H'00	HC2-HC254 word register
H'FF	HC255	Set	DINT	H'00	HC255 word register

9

9.8.18 SM Register (Class ID: 358 Hex)

Service Code

		Sup	oport	
Service Code	Service Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Read one attribute
H'10	Set_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Write one attribute
H'32	Read_Parameter	Х	V	Read Parameter
H'33	Write_Parameter	х	V	Write Parameter

Class

• Class ID : H'358

Instance

- H'01 : Instance Attribute, Bit Register
- When Instance = 1, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	SM0	Set	BOOL	H'00	SM0 bit register
H'01	SM1	Set	BOOL	H'00	SM1 bit register
H'02-H'FFE	SM2-SM4094	Set	BOOL	H'00	SM2-SM4094 bit register
H'FFF	SM4095	Set	BOOL	H'00	SM4095 bit register

9.8.19 SR Register (Class ID: 359 Hex)

Service Code

		Sup	oport	
Service Code	Service Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Read one attribute
H'10	Set_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Write one attribute
H'32	Read_Parameter	Х	V	Read Parameter
H'33	Write_Parameter	Х	V	Write Parameter

• Class

• Class ID : H'359

Instance

- H'01 : Instance Attribute, Bit Register
- When Instance = 1, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	SR0	Set	INT	H'00	SR0 word register
H'01	SR1	Set	INT	H'00	SR1 word register
H'02-H'7FE	SR2-SR2046	Set	INT	H'00	SR2-SR2046 word register
H'7FF	SR2047	Set	INT	H'00	SR2047 word register
9.9 Delta EIP Product List

9.9.1 Delta EIP Products

Positioning	Product	Firmware Version
	AHCPU511-EN, AHCPU521-EN, AHCPU531-EN	V2.00
	AH10EN-5A	V2.00
Mid-range	AHRTU-ETHN-5A	V1.00
PLC	AH10EMC-5A	V1.00
	AS300 Series	V1.00
	AS200 Series	V1.00
Small PLC	DVP-ES2-E Series	V1.00
	VFD-MS300 Series (CMM-EIP01 Communication Card)	V3.60
inverter	VFD-C2000 Series (CMC-EIP01 Communication Card)	V1.06

9.9.2 Delta EIP Products, DLR (Device Level Ring) supported

Positioning	Product	Firmware Version
Mid-range	AH10EN-5A	V2.00
PLC	AHRTU-ETHN-5A	V1.00

9.9.3 Delta EIP Products, Scanner supported

Positioning	Product	Firmware Version
Mid-range	AHCPU511-EN, AHCPU521-EN, AHCPU531-EN	V2.00
PLC	AH10EN-5A	V2.00
Small PLC	AS Series	V1.00

9.10 Operation and Monitor on the Web

Users can input the IP address of the AS CPU series to connect to the device. The web page consists of three parts, Login/Logout, Menu and Context after the module connection is made.

- (1) Login / Logout
- (2) Menu
- (3) Context

Smarter. Greener. Together.	Automation for A	A Changing World	AS300 CPU
User	Device informat	on	(3)
Password	Device name	AS324MT	
Login (1)	Device description		
	Firmware version	V01.02.10.00	
Device information	IP address	192.168.1.22	
Data Monitor	MAC address	00:18:23:13:d3:d0	
	Serial number	AS324MTAW16370003	
2			
			Copyright © Delta Electronics, Inc. All Rights Reserved. http://www.deltaww.com

9.10.1 Menu

The Menu section provides items such as Information and Data Monitor for setup.

Item	Description	Subtitle
Information	Provide the information of AHRTU-ETHN	Device information
Data Monitor	Data monitor setup	Data monitor setup

9.10.2 Information

• Device information

The following page introduces basic product information. The page can be opened even if you have not logged in. The page cannot be revised.

Device information					
Device name	AS324MT				
Device description					
Firmware version	V01.02.10.00				
IP address	192.168.1.22				
MAC address	00:18:23:13:d3:d0				
Serial number	AS324MTAW16370003				

9.10.3 Data Monitor

• Data monitor setup page

Here provides 4 device monitoring page. Up to 30 items can be monitored on each page.

(1) Add a new table: define the table name and then modify the default update cycle according to your requirement. After that press Save Table List button, a Save Successful window will show up. And the table will be added on the monitoring page.

Iser	Data mo	nitor setup					
assword	No.	Table name	Device	quantity	Default update cycle (1s~60s)	Edit	Delete
migin	1	EST	0		1	Edit	Delete
Information	2		0		1	Edit	Deioto
Data Monitor	3 [0		1	Edit	Delete
TEST	4		0		1	Edit	Delete
	1 2		S Save succ	cessful			
	4		5	ac			
	6		Signal Decural				
	7		Signal Decimal				
	8		Signal Decimal	1 10			
	9		Signal Decimal 🗸 🗸	0			
	10		Signal Decimal	0			
	11		Signal Decimal	1 0		C	

(2) Add a new device to be monitored: select a table you'd like to edit and then click Edit, and the table to be edited will appear in the lower part of the page.

Smarter. Greener. Together.	Auto	mation for A Cha	AS300 C	PU		
User	Data	monitor setup				^
Password	No.	Table name	Device quantit	by Default update cycle (1s~60s)	Edit Delet	te
Login	1	TEST	0	1	Edit Delet	te
Information Device information	2		0	1	Edit Delet	te
Data Monitor Data monitor setup	3		0	1	Edit Delet	le
TEST	4		0	1	Edit Delet	te
	Save table list					
	Table r	name: TEST				
	No.	MODBUS 6 digit	Radix	Point Read only	Description	
	1		Signal Decimal 🗸	0		
	2	-	Signal Decimal 🗸 🗸	0		

(3) Edit the device to be monitored: after editing is done, scroll the page down to see the Save table button. Click the Save table button and once the setup is done, a Save Successful window will show up.

Column	Description
MODBUS 6 digit	The Modbus address of the device to be monitored (6 digits)
Radix	Supported display format: Signal Decimal, Unsignal Decimal, Hexadecimal, Octal and Binary.
Point	How many digits to show after the decimal point
Read only	Set the monitoring to Read only
Description	User-defined

Table	name: TEST				
No.	MODBUS 6 digit	Radix	Point	Read only	Description
1	400001	Signal Decimal 🗸	0		D0
2	400002	Signal Decimal 🗸	0		D1
3		Signal Decimal 🗸	0		

	22	Signal Decimal 🗸	0			^
User	23	Signal Decimal 🗸	0			
Password	24	Signal Decimal 🗸	0			
Login	25	Signal Decimal V	0			
🗄 🛅 Information	26	Signal Decimal V	0			-
Device information	27	Signal Decimal V	0			-
Data monitor setup	28	Signal Decimal V	0			5
E1	29	Signal Decimal V	0			
	30	Signal Decimal V	0			=
	Save table					
						~
				Copyright	© Delta Electronics, Inc. All Rights <u>http://www.de</u>	s Reserved. eltaww.com

• Monitor table page

Display the data to be monitored; green means the status is updated successfully and yellow means it is still in operation.

Column	Description
Update Cycle	Update the default cycle; unit: second; default is 1 second.
"-" Button	Press this button to decrease the value in the update cycle by 1; the minimum value is 1.
"+" Button	Press this button to increase the value in the update cycle by 1; the maximum value is 60.
Device	The Modbus address of the device to be monitored (6 digits)
Value	Supported display format: Signal Decimal, Unsignal Decimal, Hexadecimal, Octal and Binary.
Description	User-defined

Smarter: Greener: Together.	Automa	ation for A Chang	ging World		AS	300 C	PU
User	Table nam	e: TEST		Update cycle (1s ~ 60s): - 1	+		^
Password	No.	Device	Value	Description	Set value	Set	
Login	1	400001	KO	D0		Set	
	2	400002	КО	D1		Set	
Contraction	3					Set	
 Device information Data Monitor 	4					Set	
Data monitor setup	5					Set	
	6					Set	

Smarter: Greener: Together.	Automa	tion for A Chang	jing World		AS	300 C	PU
User	Table name	e: TEST		Update cycle (1s ~ 60s): - 1] +		^
Password	No.	Device	Value	Description	Set value	Set	
Login	1	400001	КО	D0		Set	
	2	400002	KO	D1		Set	
	3					Set	
Device information Device information	4					Set	
Data monitor setup	5					Set	
	6					Set	

Manufacturer	Browser	Version
Microsoft	Internet Explorer	V7.0 and later versions
Google	Chrome	V14 and later versions
Mozilla	Firefox	V17 and later versions

Browsers supported are listed below:

9.11 Delta EIP Product Application (with OMRON Products)

9.11.1 Architecture

Delta EtherNet/IP Scanner connects to OMRON EtherNet/IP Adapter through Ethernet communication. PC connects to Delta EtherNet/IP Scanner through Ethernet communication or USB connection.

Software versions for AS300 and OMRON NJ501-1300:

• AS300 CPU

ISPSoft: V3.02.25

COMMGR: V1.06.05

HWCONFIG: V3.02.20

EIP Builder: V1.03.01

• OMRON NJ501-1300: Sysmac Studio : V1.15 Network Configurator : V3.59c



9.11.2 TAG Connection

EtherNet/IP can use TAGs to exchange data. Here AS300 CPU acts as Master and OMRON NJ501-1300 as a Producer TAG to establish an EtherNet/IP communication.

• Create Produced TAG

1. Start the OMRON software Sysmac Studio. Select **Connect to Device**. Configure the parameters and then click **Connect**.

Sysmac Studio	
Sysme Studio	Connect to Device Serie Serie
	Connect

- After the connection is successfully established, click **Tools** on the menu bar. And then select **EtherNet/IP** Connection Settings to access the EtherNet/IP connection settings.
- 3. Right-click the cell of the Node Address you'd like to edit its EtherNet/IP settings and then select **Edit** to open the EtherNet/IP communication setting window.
- 4. Double-click **Global Variables** under **Programming Data** in the Multiview Explorer. Right-click in the global variable table and select **Create New** from the menu.

Multiview Explorer - P	Global Vanoblet - K
new_Controller_0 •	Name i Data Type i Initial Value i AT i Retain (Constant) Network Publich) Comment i
Configurations and Setup	
▼ Programming	
T D POLA	
V E Programo	Victor New Victor
🗇 Section0	
Tunctions	
V T Data	
Data Types	
► Pt Tasks	

5. Right-click in the global variable table and select Create New from the menu.

%Click Controller on the menu bar and change the Project to Disconnected before creating a new global

6. Set the Network Publish to Output.

And then with this attribute, you can access a variable from external devices through CIP communications or a tag data link. For tag data links, this can be a variable for data output (from the local Controller to another Controller).



7. Select the tab of **Built-in EtherNet/IP Connection Settings** and select the **Tag Set** from the left. Right-click in the editing area and select **Create New Tag Set** from the menu and then name the tag set as ToAS.



8. Right-click on the created Tag Set and select Create New Tag from the menu.



9. The tag is added in the created tag set.

var Global Var	iables	EtherNet/IP Device List	Built-in EtherNet/IPec	tion S ×						
0-	D	Tag Set								
	► De	vice Information								
ot8	🔻 Ta	g Sets								
- LÖ	Ta	g Sets/Max: 1 / 32 Ta	gs/Max: 1 / 256					Registrat	ion All Import	Export
	Inpu	t Output								
	1	Tag Set Name	Bit Selection	Size (Byte)	Size (Bit)	Instance ID	Controller Status	Output at Fatal En	ıl	I
	•	ToAS		200		Auto	Not included			
		ToAS		200	0			Cleared		

10. Click Controller and then Synchronize...from the menu bar to synchronize the setting with OMRON Scanner.

	Synch	ronization					5:5
		Computer: Data Name	Computer: Update Date	Controller: Update Date	Controller: Data Name	Compare	
							- 11
							- 11
							-
Lee	iend:	Synchronized Different A Exists only	on one side 👖 Not chec	ked			
	Clear	the present values of variables with Retain	attribute (Valid for Transfe	er to Controller).			
	Do n	ot transfer the program source (Valid for Tr	ansfer to Controller). All d	ata will be re-transferred w	hen this option is changed.		
	Do n	ot transfer the following, (All items are not	t transierred.)				
	- CJ-	series Special Unit parameters and EtherC4	AT slave backup paramete	rs.			
	- Slav	/e Terminal Unit operation settings and NX	Unit application data.				
	Don	ot transfer the EthenNet/IP Connection Settin	igs (i.e., tag data link settin	igs).			
			ransfer To Controller T	ransfer From Controller	Recompare Cose		
_							

11. Create Tag sets in **Network Configurator**. Open **Network Configurator** and *select Option-> Select Interface-> Ethernet I/F*.

Tools	Option Help			
6 E	Select Interface •		CJ2 USB/Serial Port	I
	Edit Configuration File	1	CS/CJ1 Serial Port -> EIP Unit I/F	L
		1	Ethernet I/F	L
	Setup <u>M</u> onitor Refresh Timer		Ethernet -> CS/CJ1 ETN-EIP Unit I/F	Ľ
	Install Plugin Module	1	NJ/NX Series Ethernet Direct I/F	Г
	Install Interface Module		NJ/NX Series USB Port	L
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			1
	Update Parameter automatically, when Configuration was changed	ι.		
	Update Device Status automatically, when it was connected on Network	ι.		
				-

12. Select Network -> Connect

💐 Untitled - Network Configurator



13. Select Interface and click OK to confirm the setting.

Select Interface	\times
Select Interface Card.	
Broadcom NetLink (TM) Gigabit Ethemet [192.168.250.88]	~
Broadcom NetLink (TM) Gigabit Ethernet [192.168.250.88] Intel(R) Dual Band. Wireless-N 7260 [10.110.114.72] Intel(R) PRO/1000 GT Desktop Adapter [192.168.1.99] VMware Virtual Ethernet Adapter for VMnet1 [192.168.174.1]	ĺ
Select Connect Network Port X	
Select a network port that you would like to connect.	
■ ♥ TCP:2 ■ ♥ 192.168.250.1 NJ501-1300 192.168.250.20 AS324MT	
Device Information Vendor ID : Product Name : Device Type : Revision :	
Refresh Option	
OK Cancel	

14. The blue light indicates the connection is working normally.



- × EtherNet/IP 1 🚉 Network Configurator ٨ 🗄 🌉 EtherNet/IP Hardware 🚊 📵 Vendor 🖮 🧰 Delta Electronics, Inc. 192.168.250.1 🖻 🧰 OMRON Corporation NJ501-1300 📮 🚠 Communications Adapter 🗄 -- 🐻 CJ1 W-EIP21 🖶 📲 CJ1 W-EIP21 (CJ2) 🖶 📲 CJ1 W-EIP21 (NJ) 🗄 📲 CJ2B-EIP21 🐻 CJ2M-EIP21 🗄 📲 CS1 W-EIP21 📆 NJ101 🖮 🐻 NJ301-1100 🐻 Rev 1 🗒 Rev 2 🚊 📆 NJ301-1200 🐻 Rev 1 🐻 Rev 2 🚊 – 📆 NJ501-1300 🐻 Rev 1 Usage of Device Bandwidth
- 15. Drag OMRON NJ501-1300 from the EtherNet/IP Hardware section to the network view.

16. Right-click OMRON NJ501-130 (the scanner) and select Parameter -> Edit from the menu.



17. Click Edit Tags on the Tag Sets tab and click New on the Out-Produce tab to create a new tag with the same name and length as the one from the "output" tag set in Sysmac .

1 - Consume Out - P	roduce Edit Tags	
Name	In - Consume Out - Produce	Size Bit ID
	Name Fault Size Bit	
	Edit Tag X	-
	Name : ToAS Size : 200 Byte Use Bit Data Bit Size 0 Bit Fault Action O Hold O Clear Regist Close	
	New Edit Delete Usage count : 0/256 OK Cancel	1
New Edit	Delete	E pand All Collapse All
Edit Teor	Delete all of unused Tag Sets	To/From File

18. The new tag is created as shown below.

Edit Device Parameters : 192.168.250.1 NJ501-1300				×	
Connections Tag Sets					
In - Consume Out - Produce					
Name	Fault	Size	Bit	ID	
電ToAS		200Byte		Auto	

9

19. After setting, click Network -> Download.

💐 Untitled - Network Configurator



20. After downloading, the Network Configurator dialog box is displayed.



Create a Consumed TAG

- Start ISPSoft and click *Tools -> Communication Settings* and select a driver with Ethernet communication.
 ※ Before setting the communication, make sure COMMGR is working normally and save the driver settings.
 - <u>File Edit View Compile PLC Tools Wizard Window Help</u> i 🗈 🚅 🖪 🎒 🔲 💭 🧇 E 🔿 . Ť. Communication Settings... Change PLC Type... i 🗿 🔘 | X 🗈 🖻 🏉 | 🗨 🏦 Project $\mathbf{p} \times$ Program Settings ۲ 🖃 🕂 😋 Project [C:\Users\joycelw Set RTC 📝 Device Comment Lis Review Error Log File 🚯 Used Device Report 🔏 HWCONFIG Language English • 📮 CARD Utility m AS332T (Untitled18 Options... 💿 Tasks 🔒 DUT 🗄 🌐 🗇 Global Symbols 📕 Programs 💾 Function Blocks 僅 Device Monitor Tabl 🗄 ----- 🎹 APIs **Communication Setting** X Driver Driver. Station Address 0 * **IP Address** -OK Close
- 2. Click **Global Symbols** to expand the tree node and see the options. Double-click **EtherNet/IP Table (Consumed Tag)** from the Project section on the left. Right-click the blank area and select **Add a Symbol**.



3. Set the data type to ARRAY[200] OF WORD and then click OK to confirm the setting.

※ Data size should be the same as the Produced Tag data size

Modify Symbol					2
Identifier FromNJ	Address D1500	Type ARRAY [1] OF W	Initial Value (Active wh	Comment	
Class VAR	▼ ⊠Auto	-close Díalog		OK	Cancel
Type Selection	23	Array Type			
Type Class Simple Type		Type BOOL WORD	Size	+	
Type BOOL WORD	OK	DWORD INT DINT REAL	OK Cancel	4	
DWORD INT DINT REAL	Cancel				

A symbol is added, as the image shown below.



4. Go to PLC-> Transfer -> Download to download the parameters to the Scanner.



5. Double-click **HWCONFIG** from the Project section on the left to start HWCONFIG.

File Edit View Compile PLC Tools Wizar	d Window Help		2352	
Project [C:\ProgramData\Delta Industrial Autom	EtherNet/IP Table	(Consumed Tag)	-	
🖉 Device Comment List			Ethe	Net/IP Table (Consumed Tag)
Used Device Report	Class	Identifiers	Address	Type
	▶ VAR	FromNJ	D1500	ARRAY [1] OF WORD
AS332T (Untitled0) Tasks DUT Global Symbols Chorn Table EtherNet/IP Table (Produced Tag) EtherNet/IP Table (Consumed Tag) Frograms Function Blocks Device Monitor Table TAPIs				

6. Right-click the PLC and select Communication Software - > EIP Builder to start EIP Builder.

Product List			
 AS Series Đigital I/O Module Aralog I/O Module Network Module Power Module 	+ Copen(Q) Replace(<u>R</u>)	Enter Ctrl+R	
	Cut(I) Copy(C) Paste(<u>P</u>)	Ctrl+X Ctrl+C Ctrl+V	
Specification	Communicatio	Del	EIP Builder
			CANopen Builder

7. Click Tool-> DDF(EDS) Manager to import the EDS File.



- 8. Drag and drop the device from the Product List on the right to add have it added in the Network View.
- X You can select the device and click the Information tab to edit its IP address.

File Edit View Tool Operate Help Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: Time Image: T						-
Martine Autority (Gen						
Molec Tries • Hervark Vew • • •						
Connected Dev_1 (Gen)						 Produkt, List.
		81				Generic Device Generic
Information EIP Parame	meter Device Parameter				Long and the second	-
Module	le Name	Version	Port No.	IP	Network Name	-
• NJ501-1300	1.01	1.0	192.10	36.1.1		7

9. Drag and drop the red spare to have the Ethernet communication port connected to the network.



- Network_0
- 10. Right-click the CPU's communication port and select Data Mapping to create a data mapping table.

- 11. Make sure the data below CPU Address/TAG and Adapter/TAG is correct.
- * CPU Address/TAG: Consumed TAG

Adapter /TAG: Produced TAG, created by Producer



12. Click Operate-> Downloader to download the parameters to the Scanner.



- Connection Check
- 1. Click to have the project in On-line Mode and see if the network lines are solid ones.



Network View	Network_0 = ×								
Network_0	AESJIT								
•		III							
Untitled0 (P0)									
Connection Count:	1 Sort	t							
Enable TA	G IP A	Address	Adapter Name	CPU Add	ress/TAG	<->	Adapter	Length	Property
<u>→ 1</u> OK	₩ ¥ 1	92.168,250.1	Dev_1	FromN3	* *		ToAS	200	

2. The solid network lines indicate the data mapping is being monitored successfully.

- Data Mapping
- 1. Start Sysmac Studio and make sure the project is in Online Mode. Go to *View -> Watch Tab Page* on the menu bar. Click **Watch Tab Page** to monitor.

File	Edit	View	Insert	Project	Controller	Simulation	Tools
V	a i	Mult	tiview Ex	plorer		Alt+1	
^	-	Tool	box			Alt+2	
Multi	view F	Out	put Tab P	Page		Alt+3	
		Wat	ch Tab P	age		Alt+4	

2. Select Watch (Table) 1 and input a name for the tag.



3. Modify the values according to the display format. Make sure the value in the **Online Value column** is the same as the value in the **Modify column**.

		-	Output	0 0		[7.3] OF w	ToAS ARRAY
+ 0 ×	I Display format I	AT	I Data type I	Comment	Modify I	Online value I	Watch1 Name
	Hexadecim: 🔻		WORD		2B2B	2828	ToAS[0]
	Explay format 1	AT	WORD	Comment	Modify 2B2B	Online value I 2828	Nome ToAS[0]

4. Start ISPSoft, and select Device Monitor Table -> New to create a new device monitor table.



5. Double click the blank area in the Monitor Table and then select the Identifier tab. Set up the **Object (variable name)** and **the Name (source)** and then click **OK** to confirm the setting.

Project # ×	🖳 Monitor Table						
Project [C:vrogramData@enta indust More Comment List	Object	Identifiers	Device Name	Status	Data Type	Value (16bits)	Value (32bits)
Geed Device Report Geod Device Report Geod Device Report Geod Device Report Geod Dutlity Geod Dutlit	Device Mor Device Id Object GlobalVa Name FromNJ(nitor Input entifier	OK Cancel				

After setting up, s	witch to Onlir	ne Mode.								
<u>File Edit View Compile PLC Too</u>	ls Wizard <u>W</u> indow	<u>H</u> elp								
🖹 🖨 🖪 🔲 🗖 🌒 🕒 🌒	🖫 🖳 🛃 🛃 💋 😂 I	H T S, T 🔮	- 1 8 • 9 9	G 🗣 🖗 🕯						
🕝 🕲 X 🗎 🖺 🦪 🔍 😫	Onlin	e Mode (Ctrl+F4)								
Project # ×	🖵 Monitor Table									- • ×
Device Comment List	Object	Identifiers	Device Name	Status	Data Type	Value (16bits)	Value (32bits)	Float	Radix	Comment
Used Device Report	I GiobalVar	Freedol 195	D1200		WORD	50008	00000000	01000	Hexadecii 🔻	
HWOWIG ACD Unlive MAS32T (Untitled0) G Tasks DUT G Global Symbols Forcion Blocks G Device Monitor Table G Monitor Table G Monitor Table										

Λft sttiv vitch to Online Mod

7. Make sure the values in Consumed Tag are the same as the ones in Produced Tag.

9.11.3 **IO Connection**

- Set up an IO Connection from a slave station •
- Create two variables and set the rule of one variable as input and set the rule of the other variable as output. Set 1. the data type and length as Array[0..99] of word.

🔤 Global Variables 🗙								
Name	Data Type 🔻	1 Initial Value	I AT	Retain	Constant	Network Publish	Comment	1 1
FromAS_IO	ARRAY[099] OF WORD					Input		
ToAS_IO	ARRAY[099] OF WORD					Output		

2. Go to Tools -> Export Global Variables -> Network Configurator on the menu bar.

File	Edit	View	Incart	Deninet	Controllor	Cimulation	Toole	Hole
rile	ECIT	view	Insert	Project	Controller	Simulation	10015	Help

and the second s								
X H B to to c B	A A A	IA S	Troubleshooting		0	21 19		œ.
			Backup	•				
Multiview Explorer 🚽 🗸	Global Variables	×	Export Global Variables		Netv	vork Config	urator	
	Name	1	Comments for Variables and Data Types	٠	CX-D	Designer		
new_controller_0	FromAS_IO	ARR	Import ST Program	1				Inp
Configurations and Setup	ToAS_IO	ARR	Update Configurations and Setup Transfer Data					Ou
Programming	CamProfile0	ARR	EtherNet/IP Connection Settings	-1				Do
V 🖞 POUs	MC_Group001	_sGR		-1	.]			Do
V 🗐 Programs	MC Group000	sGR~	Option		1			Do

3. Start **Network Configurator** and then add and edit **NJ501-1300** from the **Ethernet Hardware List** on the left. Select *Parameter -> Edit* and click *To/From File -> Export to File* on lower right corner of the Tag Sets page.

nnections Tag Sets n - Consume Out - Produce			
Name	Fault	Size	Bit ID
<u>N</u> ew <u>E</u> dit <u>D</u> elete		E <u>x</u> pand	All <u>C</u> ollapse All
Edit <u>T</u> ags Delete all of <u>u</u> nused Tag Sets Usag	ge Count: 0/32	<u>I</u> mport	To/From <u>F</u> ile

4. After the file is imported, make sure the input and output variables are imported in In-Consume and Out-Produce sections.

- Consume Out - Produce				
Name	Fault	Size	Bit	ID
ሞFromAS_IO		200Byte		Auto
onnections Tag Sets				
In - Consume Out - Produce				
In - Consume Out - Produce	Fault	Size	Bit	ID
In - Consume Out - Produce Name	Fault	Size 200Byte	Bit	ID Auto
In - Consume Out - Produce Name ToAS_IO	Fault	Size 200Byte	Bit	ID Auto

5.	Click the	variable	in In	-Consume	section	and	select	Edit.
----	-----------	----------	-------	----------	---------	-----	--------	-------

Name			Fault	Size	Rit	חו
FromAS IO			r duit	200Byte	Dit	100
				,		1
Edit Tag Set					×	
Name : FromAS_IO]	Controller S	'tatus Not Include	() Include		
- Tag List		-Candidate Ta	ag List			
Name Fault Size Bit		Name	Fault	Size E	Bit	
	<< >>					
Advanced			Ok	Ca	ncel	

6. Click **Advanced** button in the Edit Tag Set window and set the Instance ID to **Manual** and then input the Instance ID you'd like to use for IDs in In-Consume section.

Edit Tag Set				×
Name : Fi	romAS_IO] Controll	er Status Not Include	◯ Include
Tag List		Candidat	te Tag List	
Name	Fault Size Bit	Name	Fault	Size Bit
🗺 From	200B	11		
	Advanced Setting Instance ID Auto Manual Rang OK	100 re : 100-199 Cancel		
Advanced			OK	Cancel

 Use the same method to set the Instance ID manually for IDs in In-Consume section as you have set for IDs in Out-Produce section.

abilite		Fault.	Size	Bit	ID
ToAS_I	D		200Byte		Auto
	Edit Tag Set Name : ToAS_IO	Controller Status	s Include OInclud	×	
	Tag List	Candidate Tag L	ist		
	Name Fault Advanced Setting Rea ToAS Clear Instance ID Auto Manual Re OK	110 mge : 100-199 Cancel	Fault Size	Bit	
	Advanced		OK	Cancel	

When the settings for Instance ID are done, click **OK** to confirm the settings on Edit Device Parameter.
 9.

9

10. Click Network -> Download to download the parameters to the slaves.

💐 Untitled - Network Configurator



- Set up an IO Connection from a Master station
- 1. Start EIP Builder and drag and drop a General Device into the Network View area and set up network connection.



2. Click slave icon and set up its IP address and then configure the parameters in the EIP Parameter tab.

Module	Na	me	Version		Port No.	IP		Network Name
General Device			1.01	- 0		192.168.1.1	Network_	1
ormation EIP Parameter	D	evice Parameter						
Connection	1	古						
			Name			Value		
	٠	Electronic keying			Disable Keying			
		Transport Type			Exclusive Owner			
	•	 Input 						
		Assembly instance			101			
		Size (Byte)			200			
		Input Transfer For	nat		Puré data			
		Output						
		Assembly instance			100			
		Size (Byte)			200			
		Output Transfer Fo	mat		Pure data			
4		- Configure			and the second second			
		Assembly instance			128			
		Size (Byte)			0			
		Port						
		Port Segement Ena	ble		Enable			
		Port number			1			
		Link address			0			

- 3. Set up the slave IO connection:
- 1) Master Output Instance ID = Slave Input (In-Consume) Instance ID
- 2) Master Input Instance ID = Slave Output (Out-Produce) Instance ID
 - ※ Refer to slave's operation manual for more information on Instance IDs.
- 4. Set up the connection and start data mapping.



Network Vie	Netwo	ork_0 ≈ ×	٨	Project Downloader				83
			1	Z Select All	Invert Selection			
		ALL		Name		Status	Comment	i.
		2		v 🗹 Untitled				
Networ	k_0 .			▶ 🛛 🛛 Data exch	ange			
4		N7501-1300		✓ Auto close after co	mpletng			*
Untitled0	(P0)							+ 5
Connection	n Count: 1	Sort		Communication Set	tting		Start	Close
Ena	ble TAG	IP Address	Adapter Name	CPU Addre	ess/TAG <->	Adap	ter	Length Property
▶ 1		192.168.250.1 • Dev_	_1 D	0 🔶	Ing	ut	200	***
- 1 A			D5	00 🔶	Out	put	200	

5. Download the EIP parameters to the master.

• Connection status

 After the parameters are downloaded, change the project to Online Mode. And make sure the monitoring on the network and the data mapping table is normal. Network View



Data mapping status

Network	k View	Network_	0 # ×							
Net	twork_0	A55	527 827 83750							
•				111				1		
🔵 Untit	ed0 (P0)									
Conne	ection Count:	1	Sort							
	Enable T	AG	IP A	ddress	Adapter Name	e CPU Addr	ess/TAG	<->	Adapter	Length Property
1	OK	R		192.168.250.1	* Dev_1	DO	+		Input	200
						D500			Output	200

•

Data Mapping Start ISPSoft and create a new Monitor Table. Add devices that correspond to the master in the table. 1.

Device Comment Lis Used Device Report	Object	14.000								0 0
Used Device Report		Identifiers	Device Name	Status	Data Type	Value (16bits)	Value (32bits)	Float	Radix	Comm
A construction of the second s			DO]				Signed Decimal	-
A HWCONFIG			D500	1 I	1				Signed Decimal	•
DUT										
- 🚰 Global Symbols - 🛍 Programs - 🚰 Function Blocks										

2. Change the project to Online Mode and start to monitor the data mapping. Monitoring from the master

.	Monitor Table											×
	Object	Identifiers	Device Name	Status	Data Type	Value (16bits)	Value (32bits)	Float	Radix		Comme	ent
			D0			5555	00005555	0.000	Hexadecimal	•		
Ι			D500			7CB6	00007CB6	0.000	Hexadecimal	•		

Monitor from the slave

Name Data	Type Initial V	alue AT	Retain Co	nstant Network Publish	Comment	6	
ARRAY[7.	7) OF w		0	Cutput			
sht	_	_	-		-	and the second se	
Name	I Online value I	Modify I	Comment	1 Data type 1	AT	Display format	
FromAS_IO[0]	7CB6			WORD		Hexadecima 🔻	
ToAS_IO[0]	5555	5555	1	WORD		Hexadecim; 🔻	
- 17							

Master_Address	Slave_Address
D O	ToAS_IO
DO	(Instance ID=110)
DE00	FromAS_IO
D500	(Instance ID=100)

9

MEMO



Chapter 10 CANopen Function and Operation

Table of Contents

10.1	Introduction to CANopen	10-2
10.1	1 CANopen Function Descriptions	10-2
10.1	2 The Input/Output Mapping Areas	10-3
10.2	Installation and Network Topology	10-4
10.2	1 The Dimensions of AS-FCOPM	
10.2	2 AS-FCOPM on AS300 PLC	10-5
10.2	3 Configure the AS-FCOPM with HWCONFIG	
10.2	4 The CAN Interface and Network Topology	10-6
10.3	The CANopen Protocol	
10.3	1 Introduction to the CANopen Protocol	
10.3	2 The CANopen Communication Object	10-12
10.3	3 The Predefined Connection Set	10-17
10.4	Sending SDO, NMT and Reading Emergency Message thro	ugh the Ladder
	Diagram	
10.4	1 Data Structure of SDO Request Message	10-19
10.4	2 Data Structure of NMT Message	10-21
10.4	.3 Data Structure of EMERGENCY Request Message	10-22
10.4	4 Example of Sending SDO through the Ladder Diagram	10-24
10.5	Troubleshooting	
10.5	1 CANopen Network Node State Display	10-26
10.6	Application Example	
10.7	Object Dictionary	

10.1 Introduction to CANopen

- 1. Because of its simple wiring, immediate and stable communication, strong debugging ability, and low cost, the CANopen network is widely used in fields such as industrial automation, the automotive industry, the medical equipment industry, and the building trades.
- The AS300 Series PLC is compatible with CANopen when using the AS-FCOPM function card for the CAN port, and can work in master mode or slave mode. The CAN port conforms to the basic communication protocol CANopen DS301
- 3. This chapter explains the functions of CANopen. In master mode, CANopen can support up to 64 slaves.
- CANopen Builder is the CANopen network configuration software for the AS Series. You set the CANopen station address and the communication rate with this software. ISPSoft is the programming software for the AS Series.
- 5. This chapter mainly focuses on the CANopen functions. Refer to Section 10.3 for more information.

10.1.1 CANopen Function Descriptions

The CAN port has the following functions when acting as a master.

- 1. It supports the standard CANopen protocol DS301 V4.02.
- 2. It supports the NMT (network management object) service.
 - It supports NMT state control.
 - Use NMT state control to control the state of a slave in the CANopen network.
 - It supports NMT error control.

Use NMT error control detect the disconnection of a slave. The NMT error control is classified into two types; Heartbeat and Node Guarding. The AS Series PLC does not support Node Guarding.

- 3. It supports the PDO (process data object) service.
 - Use PDO messaging to transmit immediate input and output data.
 - It supports up to 256 RxPDO and 1894 bytes.
 - It supports up to 256 TxPDO and 1894 bytes.
 - It supports synchronous and asynchronous modes for the PDO transmission type.
- 4. It supports the SDO (Service Data Object) service.
 - Use SDO to read, write, or configure the slave parameters.
 - It supports standard SDO transmission mode.
 - It supports automatic SDO functions. You can write up to 20 pieces of data to a slave.
 - It supports using the SDO service in a PLC ladder diagram to read the data from a slave or write the data to a slave.
- 5. It supports the reading emergencies from a slave service.
 - Use this service to read an error or an alarm from a slave.
 - You can store up to 5 emergencies in a slave.

- You can read emergencies from a slave through a PLC ladder diagram.
- 6. It supports the SYNC object (synchronous object) service.
- 7. Several devices can operate synchronously through the synchronous object service.
- 8. The supported CANopen communication rates are: 20K, 50K, 125K, 250K, 500K, and 1Mbps.

The supported mapping data types are:

Storage	Data type
8-bit	SINT USINT BYTE
16-bit	INT UINT WORD
32-bit	DINT UDINT REAL DWORD
64-bit	LINT ULINT LREAL LWORD

The CAN port has the following functions when acting as a slave.

- It supports the standard CANopen protocol DS301 V4.02.
- It supports the NMT (network management object) service.
 - It supports the NMT state control.

The state of the AS series in the CANopen network is controlled by a master.

• It supports the NMT error control.

The AS Series supports Heartbeat but not Node Guarding.

- It supports the PDO (process data object) service.
 - The PDO message transmits the immediate input data and output data.
 - It supports up to 8 TxPDO and 8 RxPDO.
 - The PDO transmission type: synchronous mode and asynchronous mode
- It supports the emergency service.

If an error or an alarm occurs in the AS series, the master is notified through the emergency service.

10.1.2 The Input/Output Mapping Areas

The following table lists the CANopen DS301 specifications for the AS series PLC.

Туре	Item	Description
	Maximum slave nodes	Up to 64 nodes
Master	Maximum transfer size of a PDO (Read + Write)	Up to 2000 Bytes (including some system configurations)
Slave	Maximum transfer size of a PDO (Read + Write)	Up to 8 PDOs; each PDO with up to 8 bytes can be transferred at a time

The output mapping areas are D25000-D25999, and the input mapping areas are D24000-D24999, as the following table shows.

Device in the PLC	Mapping area	Mapping length
D25000-D25031	SDO request information, NMT service information, and Emergency request information	64 bytes
D24000-D24031	SDO reply information, and Emergency reply information	64 bytes
D25032–D25978	RxPDO mapping area	1894 bytes
D24032–D24978	TxPDO mapping area	1894 bytes

If an AS Series functions as a slave, the output mapping areas are D25032–25063, and the input mapping areas are D24032–24063 as the following table shows.

Device in the PLC	Mapping area	Mapping length
D6032–D6063	RxPDO mapping area	64 bytes
D6282–D6313	TxPDO mapping area	64 bytes

10.2 Installation and Network Topology

This section introduces the physical dimensions of AS-FCOPM function card, the HWCONFIG settings, the CAN interface, the CANopen network framework, and the maximum communication distance.

10.2.1 The Dimensions of AS-FCOPM



10

10.2.2 AS-FCOPM on AS300 PLC



Note: the AS-FCOPM card can only be installed in the Card 2 slot in the AS series

10.2.3 Configure the AS-FCOPM with HWCONFIG

Before using the AS-FCOPM card in an AS series PLC, use HWCONFIG in ISPSoft to configure the AS-FCOPM card.

1. You can only install the AS-FCOPM in the card 2 slot as marked in red below. Double click the function card 2 slot to go to the Device Setting dialog box.



2. Select Manual for Card 2 Detect mode and select AS-FCOPM Card for Manual Select Card.

System Information								
-COM1 Port Setting	Parameter name	Value	_	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximun	*
- COM2 Port Setting	Card 2 Detect mode	Manual	-		Auto Detect		-	
-Ethernet Port Basic Settir	Manual Select Card	AS-FCOPM C	•	1	None		-	
Ethernet Port Advance S	Card 2 ID No.	1		1	1	1	254	
-Function Card 1 Setting Europian Card 2 Setting	Protocol Setup Opportunity	Stop -> Run	-		Stop -> Run	*	-	
- I unclion colluiz bening	Baud Rate	9600	•	bps	9600	*	-	
	Data bit	7	+	bit	7		÷	
	Parity bit	Even	-		Even	-	-	
	Stop bit	1		bít	1	*	(-	
	MODBUS made	RTU	-		ASCI		8	
	Delay time to Reply	0		ms	0	D	3000	
	Received Data Timeout	200	-	ms	200	0	3000	
	F2AD Analog Input mode	0~107	-		0~101/	~	-	Τ.
	4						*	

10
- 3. Select the working mode, node ID and the bit rate for AS-FCOPM.
 - * Working mode: CANopen DS301
 - * Node ID: 1
 - * Bit rate: 125k bps (the default, or you can select your own bit rate)

System Information								
COM1 Port Setting	Parameter name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximun 4		
- COM2 Port Setting - Ethernet Port Basic Settin B Ethernet Port Advance S - Function Card 1 Setting - Function Card 2 Setting	FZAU Sampling Time	10	ms	10	3	15		
	AS-ECOPM Working mode	CáNepen DS' -	1	AS Remote Cr	1	15		
	AS-FCOPM node ID	1	1	As hemote or	1	254		
	AS Remote module No	1	unit	1	1	15		
	Select Run mode after detect remote mc	Run connecter -		Run connecter	-	+		
	AS CPU module keep or Stop when slav	Only Show Err -		Only Show Em		-		
	Remote Communication time out	100	ms	100	0	3000		
	Re-connected Retry number after time o	60		60	0	255		
	Auto Retry connection after Disconnecte	60	sec	60	D	255		
	AS-FCOPM Bit Rate	125k 💌	bps	125k	-	-		
1								

4. When finished, click the **Download** button on the toolbar to download the settings to the PLC.



10.2.4 The CAN Interface and Network Topology

10.2.4.1 Definitions of the CAN Signal and Data Types

The CAN signal is a differential signal. The voltage of the signal is the voltage difference between CAN+ and CAN-. The CAN+ and CAN- voltages take SG as a reference point. The CAN network can be in one of two states. One state is a dominant level, and is indicated by the logical "0". The other state is a recessive level, and is indicated by the logical "0". The other state is a recessive level, and is indicated by the logical "1". The CAN signal level shows below.



The following picture shows the data frame format. The CAN nodes transmit the CAN messages to the network from left to right.



10.2.4.2 The CAN Network Endpoint and the Topology Structure

In order to make the CAN communication more stable, the two endpoints of the CAN network are connected to 120 ohm terminal resistors. The topology structure of the CAN network appears below.



10.2.4.3 The Topology Structure of the CANopen Network



- Use standard Delta cables when wiring the CANopen network. These cables are the thick cable UC-DN01Z-01A, the thin cable UC-DN01Z-02A, and the thin cable UC-DN01Z-02A. Separate the communication cables from any power cables to avoid interference.
- 2) Connect the CAN+ (white) and CAN- (blue), which are at the endpoints of the network, to 120 ohm resistors. The AS-FCOPM card is equipped with a 120 ohm resistor switch; you can enable the resistor with the switch. Purchase the standard Delta terminal resistor for use with the other devices and the RJ45 connecter.

3) Note the limitation on the length of the CANopen network. The transmission distance of the CANopen network depends on the transmission rate of the CANopen network. The following table shows the relation between the transmission rate and the maximum communication distance.

Transmission rate (bit/seconds)	20K	50K	125K	250K	500K	1M
Maximum communication distance (meters)	2500	1000	500	250	100	25

4) The list below shows the Delta network products for the CANopen network.

Product	Model	Function		
	AS332T-A AS332P-A AS324MT-A	The AS300 series PLC can function as the CANopen master or slave when you install an AS-FCOPM function card. The AS-FCOPM is equipped with a 120 ohm resistor controlled by a switch.		
	DVP32ES200RC DVP32ES200TC	The DVP-ES2-C series PLC has a built-in CAN interface. It can function as the CANopen master or slave.		
DVPCOPM The set of the set of th	DVPCOPM-SL	DVPCOPM-SL is a module connected to the left side of an S series PLC. It can function as the CANopen master or slave. The PLCs that you can connect to the DVPCOPM-SL are the DVP-28SV, DVP-28SV2, DVP-SX2, DVP-SA2, and DVP-EH2-L.		
	IFD9503	The IFD9503 gateway converts CANopen to Modbus, and connects a device (with an RS-232 or RS-485 interface) that conforms to the standard Modbus protocol to a CANopen network. You can connect up to 15 devices.		
Croz	DVPCP02-H2	The CANopen slave module is connected to the right side of an EH2 series PLC. It can connect the EH2 series PLC to a CANopen network.		

Product	Model	Function			
	IFD6503	This analyzes CANopen network data, and has ports both ends for a CAN interface and a USB interface. Use it to monitor CAN network data, or allow CAN nodes to transmit the data. The product is used with the Netview Builder software.			
	ASD-A2-xxxx-M servo driver	This servo driver has a built-in CANopen interface. It controls positioning, speed, and torque.			
	VFD-C2000/CP2000/C200 series AC motor drives	This AC motor drive has a built-in CANopen function, and controls positioning, speed, and torque. For the C2000/CP2000 series AC motor drives, you must purchase a CMC-COP01 to provide the CAN interface. Only the C200 series AC motor drive has the built-in CANopen interface.			
	VFD-EC series AC motor drive	The EC series AC motor drive has a built-in CANopen interface. It controls speed and torque.			
	TAP-CN01	This CANopen network topology distribution box has a 120 ohm resistor enabled with a switch.			
	TAP-CN02	This CANopen network topology distribution box has a 120 ohm resistor enabled with a switch.			

Product	Model	Function
	TAP-CN03	This CANopen network topology distribution box has a 120 ohm resistor enabled with switch.
	UC-CMC003-01A UC-CMC005-01A UC-CMC010-01A UC-CMC015-01A UC-CMC020-01A UC-CMC030-01A UC-CMC050-01A UC-CMC100-01A UC-CMC200-01A	These CANopen sub cables have RJ45 connectors at both ends. UC-CMC003-01A: 0.3 meters UC-CMC005-01A: 0.5 meters UC-CMC010-01A: 1 meter UC-CMC015-01A: 1.5 meters UC-CMC020-01A: 2 meters UC-CMC030-01A: 3 meters UC-CMC050-01A: 5 meters UC-CMC100-01A: 10 meters UC-CMC200-01A: 20 meters
	UC-DN01Z-01A UC-DN01Z-02A	CANopen network cable UC-DN01Z-01A: CANopen main cable UC-DN01Z-02A: CANopen sub cable
	TAP-TR01	This 120 ohm resistor has an RJ45 connector.

10.3 The CANopen Protocol

10.3.1 Introduction to the CANopen Protocol

The CAN (controller area network) fieldbus only defines the physical layer and the data link layer of a network. See the ISO11898 standard for information. The CAN fieldbus does not define the application layer. In practice, the hardware contains the physical layer and the data link layer. The CAN fieldbus itself is not complete, and needs a superior protocol to define the use of 11/29-bit identifier and 8-byte data.

The CANopen protocol is the superior protocol based on the CAN fieldbus. It is one of the protocols defined and maintained by CiA (CAN-in-Automation) and was developed on the basis of the CAL (CAN application layer) protocol, using a subset of the CAL communication and service protocols.

The CANopen protocol contains the application layer and the communication profile (CiA DS301). It also contains a framework for programmable devices (CiA 302), recommendations for cables and connectors (CiA 303-1), and SI units and prefix representations (CiA 303-2).

In the OSI model, the relation between the CAN standard and the CANopen protocol is described in the following diagram.



1. The object dictionary

CANopen uses an object-based method to define a standard device. Every device is represented by a set of objects and can be visited by the network. The diagram below illustrates the CANopen device model. The object dictionary is the interface between the communication program and the superior application program.

The core concept of CANopen is the device object dictionary (OD). It is an orderly set of objects. Every object has a 16-bit index for addressing and also defines an 8-bit subindex. Every node in the CANopen network has an object dictionary that includes the parameters that describe the device and the network behavior. The object dictionary of a node is also described in the electronic data sheet (EDS) for the device.



10.3.2 The CANopen Communication Object

The CANopen communication protocol contains the following communication objects.

- 1. PDO (process data object)
- The PDO provides the direct channel for the device application object, and transmits the real-time data. It has high priority. Every byte in the PDO CAN message data list transmits data, and the message usage rate is high.
- There are two kinds of uses for PDOs; data transmission and data reception. They are distinguished by Transmit-PDOs (TxPDOs) and Receive-PDOs (RxPDOs). Devices supporting TxPDOs are called PDO producers, and devices that receive PDOs are called PDO consumers.
- The PDO is described by the "producer/consumer mode". The data transmits from one producer to one or many consumers. The data that can be transmitted is limited to between 1-byte and 8-byte data. After the producer transmits the data, the consumer does not need to reply to the data. Every node in the network detects the transmitted data and decides whether to process the received data .
- Every PDO is described by two objects in the object dictionary: the PDO communication parameters and the PDO mapping parameters

PDO communication parameters: the COB-ID used by PDO, the transmission type, the prohibition time, and the counter cycle

PDO mapping parameters: the object list in an object dictionary. These objects are mapped into the PDO, including the data length (in bits). To explain the contents of the PDO, the producer and the consumer both have to understand the mapping.

The PDO transmission modes: synchronous and asynchronous

Synchronous mode: synchronous periodic and synchronous non-periodic

Asynchronous: The producer transmits the PDO when the data changes, or after a trigger.

The following table lists supported transmission modes.

Туре	PDO transmission						
	Periodic	Non-periodic	Synchronous	Asynchronous	RTR		
0		Х	Х				
1 – 240	Х		Х				
254				Х			
255				Х			

Mode 0: The PDO information is transmitted only when the PDO data changes and the synchronous signal is received.

Modes 1-240: One piece of PDO information is transmitted every 1-240 synchronous signals.

Mode 254: The trigger is defined the manufacturer. The definition in the PLC is the same as mode 255.

Mode 255: The PDO is transmitted when the data changes, or it is transmitted after a trigger.

All the data in the PDO has to be mapped from the object dictionary. The following diagram shows an example of PDO mapping.

	Object	dictionary					PDO_1 n	napping	ļ
xxxxh	xxh	Application	object A			0		3	
					_	1	yyyyh	yyh	8
yyyyh	yyh	Application of	object B		$\overline{\}$	2	zzzzh	zzh	16
					\times	3	xxxxh	xxh	8
zzzzh	zzh	Application of	object C						
PDO_1	Applic	Application object B			object C		Арр	plication o	bject A

The following table shows the data format for RxPDO and TxPDO.

COB-ID	Byte 0	Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5	Byte 6	Byte 7
Object identifier				Da	ita			

- 2. SDO (service data object)
- The SDO builds the client/server relation between two CANopen devices. The client device can read the data from the object dictionary on the server device and write the data into the object dictionary on the server device. The SDO visit mode is "client/server" mode. The mode which is visited is the SDO server. Every CANopen device has at least one service data object that provides the visit channel for the object dictionary of the device. SDO can read all the objects in the object dictionary, and write all objects into the object dictionary.
- The SDO message contains the index and subindex information used to position the objects in the
 object dictionary, and the composite data structure can easily be passed by the SDO visit. After the
 SDO client sends the reading/writing request, the SDO server replies. The client and the server can
 stop SDO transmission. The requested message and the reply message are separated by different
 COB-IDs.
- The SDO can transmit the data in any length. If the data length is more than 4 bytes, the data must be transmitted by segment. The last segment of the data contains an end flag.
- The following table shows the structures of the SDO requested message and reply message.

The format of the requested message:

COB-ID	Byte 0	Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5	Byte 6	Byte 7
600 (hex)	Requested	Objec	t index	Object	Requested data			
+Node-ID	code	LSB	MSB	subindex	bit7-0	bit15-8	bit23-16	bit31-24

Request code (hex)	Description
23	Writing 4-byte data
2B	Writing 2-byte data
2F	Writing 1-byte data
40	Reading data
80	Stopping the current SDO function

The definition of the requested code in the requested message:

The format of the reply message:

COB-ID	Byte 0	Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5	Byte 6	Byte 7
580 (hex)	Reply	Object index		Object	Reply data			
+Node-ID	code	LSB	MSB	subindex	bit7-0	bit15-8	bit23-16	bit31-24

The definition of the reply code in the reply message:

Reply code (hex)	Description				
43	Reading 4-byte data				
4B	Reading 2-byte data				
4F	Reading 1-byte data				
60	Writing 1/2/4-byte data				
80	Stopping the current SDO function				

3. NMT (network management object)

The CANopen network management conforms to the master/slave mode. Only one NMT master exists in the CANopen network, and all other nodes are considered to be slaves. NMT includes three services: module control, error control, and boot-up services.

• Module control services

The master node in the CANopen network controls the slave by sending commands. The slave receives and executes the command, and does not need to reply. All CANopen nodes have internal NMT states. The slave node has four states: initialization, pre-operational, operational, and stop states. The following diagram illustrates the device states.



(1) After power is supplied, the device automatically enters the initialization state.

(2) After the initialization is complete, the device automatically enters the pre-operational state.

- (3)(6) The remote node starts.
- (4)(7) The device enters the pre-operational state.
- (5)(8) The remote node stops.
- (9)(10)(11) The application layer resets.
- (12)(13)(14) The communication resets.
- (15) After the initializing is complete, the device automatically enters the reset application state.
- (16) After the reset application state is complete, the device automatically enters the reset communication state.

The following table shows the relation between the communication object and the state. You can only execute the communication object service in the correct state. For example, you can only execute SDO in the operational state and pre-operational states.

	Initialization	Pre-operational	Operational	Stopped
PDO			Х	
SDO		Х	Х	
SYNC		Х	Х	
Time Stamp		Х	Х	
EMCY		Х	Х	
Boot-up	Х			
NMT		Х	Х	Х

The control message format for the node state:

COB-ID	Byte 0	Byte 1	
0	Command aposition (CS)	Slave address	
	Command specifier (CS)	(0: Broadcast)	

The command specifiers:

Command specifier (hex)	Function	
01	Start the remote node	
02	Stop the remote node	
80	Enter the pre-operational state	
81	Reset the application layer	
82	Reset the communication	

• Error control services

The error control service detects the disconnection of a network node. The error control services are classified into two types: Heartbeat and Node Guarding. The AS Series PLC only supports Heartbeat. For example, the master can detect the disconnection of the slave only after the slave enables the Heartbeat service.

The following illustrates the Heartbeat principle. The Heartbeat producer transmits the Heartbeat message according to the set Heartbeat producing time. One or many Heartbeat consumers detect the message transmitted by the Heartbeat producer. If the consumer does not receive the message transmitted by the producer within the timeout period, there is a problem in the CANopen communication or the producer is disconnected.



• Boot-up services

After the slave completes the initialization and enters the pre-operational state, it transmits the Boot-up message.

1. Other predefined CANopen communication objects (SYNC and EMCY)

• SYNC Object (Synchronous object)

The synchronous object is the message that the master node periodically broadcasts on the CANopen network. This object recognizes the network clock signal. Every device decides whether to use the event use synchronous communication with other network devices depending on its configuration. For example, when controlling a driving device, the devices do not act immediately after they receive the command sent by the master. They do act when they receive the synchronous message. This makes multiple devices act synchronously.

The format of the SYNC message:

COB-ID	
80 (hex)	

Emergency object

The emergency object is used by a CANopen device to indicate an internal error. When an emergency error occurs in the device, the device sends the emergency message (including the emergency error code), and the device enters an error state. After the error is eliminated, the device sends another emergency message with emergency error code 0, and the device enters the normal state.

The format	of the	emergency	message:

COB-ID	Byte 0	Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5	Byte 6	Byte 7
80 (hex) Emergency error code		Error	Factory-defined error code					
+Node-ID	LSB	MSB	register					

Note: The value in the error register is mapped to index 1001 (hex) in the object dictionary. If the value is 0, no error occurred. If the value is 1, a normal error occurred. If the value is H'80, an internal error occurred in the device.

10.3.3 The Predefined Connection Set

In order to decrease the configuration workload of the network, CANopen defines a default identifier. In the predefined connection set, the structure of the 11-bit identifier is as follows.



The following tables list the objects that are supported and the COB-IDs that are assigned to the objects.

Object	Function code	COB-ID	Index of the communication parameter
NMT	0000	0	-
SYNC	0001	128 (80h)	1005h, 1006h, 1007h
Time stamp	0010	256 (100h)	1012h, 1013h

1. The broadcast object in the predefined connection setting

2. The corresponding object in the predefined connection set

Object	Function code	COB-ID	Index of the communication parameter
Emergency	0001	129 (81h)–255 (FFh)	1014h, 1015h
PDO1 (TX)	0011	385 (181h)–511 (1FFh)	1800h
PDO1 (RX)	0100	513 (201h)–639 (27Fh)	1400h
PDO2 (TX)	0101	641 (281h)–767 (2FFh)	1801h
PDO2 (RX)	0110	769 (301h)–895 (37Fh)	1401h
PDO3 (TX)	0111	879 (381h)–1023 (3FFh)	1802h
PDO3 (RX)	1000	1025 (401h)–1151 (47Fh)	1402h
PDO4 (TX)	1001	1153 (481h)–1279 (4FFh)	1803h
PDO4 (RX)	1010	1281 (501h)–1407 (57Fh)	1403h
SDO (TX)	1011	1409 (581h)–1535 (5FFh)	1200h
SDO (RX)	1100	1537 (601h)–1663 (67Fh)	1200h
NMT Error Control	1110	1793 (701h)–1919 (77Fh)	1016h, 1017h

10.4 Sending SDO, NMT and Reading Emergency Message through the Ladder Diagram

You can edit the request message mapping area to affect the transmission of SDO, NMT and Emergency messages. The following table shows the corresponding relations between the request message mapping area, response message mapping area, and PLC device.

PLC device	Mapping area	Mapping length
D25000-D25031	SDO request message, NMT service message and Emergency request message	64 bytes
D24000-D24031	SDO response message and Emergency response message	64 bytes

The CANopen master can only send one SDO, NMT, or Emergency request message to the same device at a time. Clear the request message mapping area to zero when sending SDO, NMT, or Emergency request message through the WPL program.

10.4.1 Data Structure of SDO Request Message

Sending SDO through the ladder diagram reads or writes the slave parameter.

1. The data format of the SDO request message:

DLC device		Request message)
PLC device		High byte	Low byte
D25000		ReqID	Command (Fixed to 01)
D25001	Message Header	Reserved	Size
D25002		Туре	Node ID
D25003		High byte of main index	Low byte of main index
D25004		Reserved	Sub-index
D25005	Message Data	Datum 1	Datum 0
D25006		Datum 3	Datum 2
D25007 - D25031		Rese	erved

- ReqID: the request ID. Whenever an SDO request message is sent out, the message is given a ReqID for CANopen master to identify. When reading/writing another SDO message, the original ID number must be changed. In other words, reading/writing SDO is triggered by changing of the value of "ReqID". The ReqID range is between 00–FF (Hex).
- Size: the length of the message data. The counting starts from D6253 with a byte as the unit. When reading, it is fixed to four and when writing, it is four plus the byte number of data types of index and subindex and the maximum value is eight. But when writing, if the data type of the index and subindex is word, the data length is six. The data length is file if the data type is byte.
- Node ID: the node address for the target equipment on a CANopen network.
- Type: 01 indicates the read access; 02 indicates the write access.

The following table shows the data format of the SDO response message.

		Response messag	e
PLC device		High byte	Low byte
D24000		ResID	Status code
D24001	Message Header	Reserved	Size
D24002		Туре	Node ID
D24003		High byte of main index	Low byte of main index
D24004		Reserved	Sub-index
D24005	Message Data	Datum 1	Datum 0
D24006		Datum 3	Datum 2
D24007~D24031		Rese	erved

• Status code:

The following table lists the status code values in the response message.

Status code	Explanation		
0	No data transmission request		
1	SDO message transmission succeeds.		
2	SDO message is being transmitted.		
3	Error: SDO transmission time-out		

Status code	Explanation				
4	Error: Illegal command code				
5	Error: the length of the transmitted data is illegal.				
6	Error: the length of the response data is illegal.				
7	Error: Equipment to be sent messages is busy.				
8	Error: Illegal type				
9	Error: Incorrect node address				
0A	Error message (See the error code for SDO response message)				
0B-FF	Reserved				

- ResID: the same as the request ID in the request message.
- Size: the length of the message data, maximum of 20 bytes. The unit is bytes. When writing, the maximum is four; the data length is decided by the data type of index and subindex when reading.
- Node ID: the node address of the target equipment on CANopen network.
- Type: in the SDO response message, 43 (Hex) refers to reading four bytes of data; 4B (Hex) refers to reading two bytes of data; 4F (Hex) refers to reading one byte of data; 60 (Hex) refers to writing 1/2/4 byte(s) of data; 80 (Hex) refers to stopping SDO command.

Example 1: write 010203E8 (hex) to (Index_subindex) 212D_0 in slave of No. 3 through SDO; the data type of (Index_subindex) 212D_0 is double words (32 bits).

• Request data:

	Request message			
PLC device		High byte(Hex)	Low byte(Hex)	
D25000	Message Header	ReqID=01	Command =01	
D25001		Reserved =0	Size =8	
D25002		Туре =02	Node ID =03	
D25003		Main index high byte =21	Main index low byte =2D	
D25004	Message data	Reserved =0	Subindex =0	
D25005		Datum 1=03	Datum 0=E8	
D25006		Datum 3=01	Datum 2=02	

Response data:

DLC device	Response message			
PLC device		High byte(Hex)	Low byte(Hex)	
D24000	Message Header	ResID =01	Command =01	
D24001		Reserved =0	Size =4	
D24002		Туре =60	Node ID =03	
D24003	Message data	Main index high byte =21	Main index low byte =2D	
D24004		Reserved =0	Subindex =0	
D24005		Datum 1=00	Datum 0=00	
D24006		Datum 3=00	Datum 2=00	

Example 2: read the value of (Index_subindex) 212D_0 in slave of No. 3 through SDO; the data type of (Index_subindex) 212D_0 is double words (32 bits).

Request data:

DL O davias	Request message			
PLC device		High byte(Hex)	Low byte(Hex)	
D25000		ReqID =01	Command =01	
D25001	Message Header	Reserved =0	Size =4	
D25002		Type =01	Node ID =03	
D25003	Message data	Main index high byte =21	Main index low byte =2D	
D25004		Reserved =0	Subindex =0	
D25005		Datum 1=0	Datum 0=0	
D25006		Datum 3=0	Datum 2=0	

10.4.2 Data Structure of NMT Message

Use the NMT service to manage the CANopen network such as start, operation, reset of nodes, etc.

The following table shows the data format of the NMT request message.

PLC device	Request message				
		High byte	Low byte		
D25000	Message Header	ReqID	Command (Fixed to 01)		
D25001		Reserved	Size (Fixed to 04)		
D25002		Type (Fixed to 03)	Node ID		
D25003	Message data	Reserved	NMT service code		
D25004		Reserved	Node ID		

- Command: Fixed to 01.
- ReqID: the request ID. Whenever an NMT request message is sent, the message is given a ReqID for the CANopen master to identify. Before another NMT request message is sent out, the original ID number must be changed. In other words, change the value of ReqID. The ReqID range is between 00–FF (Hex) to trigger sending the NMA request message.
- Node ID: the node address for the target equipment on the CANopen network (0: Broadcast).
- NMT service code:

NMT service code (Hex)	Function
01	Start remote node
02	Stop remote node
80	Enter the pre-operational state
81	Reset application
82	Reset communication

	Response message			
PLC device		High byte	Low byte	
D24000	Message header	ResID	Status code	
D24001		Reserved	Reserved	
D24002		Reserved	Node ID	

The following table shows the data format of the NMT Response message.

- When status code is 1, the NMT operation has succeeded. When status code is not equal to1, the NMT operation has failed and you should verify that the data in NMT request message is correct.
- Node ID: the node address for the target equipment on the CANopen network.

Example 1: Stop slave of No. 3 through NMT

Request data:

PLC device		Request message			
		High byte(Hex)	Low byte(Hex)		
D25000	Message header	ReqID =01	Command =01		
D25001		Reserved =0	Size =04		
D25002		Туре =03	Node ID =03		
D25003	Message	Reserved	NMT service code =02		
D25004	25004 data	Reserved	Node ID =03		

Response data:

PLC device		Response message			
		High byte(Hex)	Low byte(Hex)		
D24000	00 01 02 Message header	ResID=01	Status code =01		
D24001		Reserved =0	Reserved =0		
D24002		Reserved =0	Node ID =03		

10.4.3 Data Structure of EMERGENCY Request Message

The Emergency request message communicates the slave error and alarm information.

The following table shows the data format of the Emergency request message.

	Request message			
PLC device		High byte	Low byte	
D25000	Message	ReqID	Command (Fixed to 1)	
D25001		Reserved	Size (Fixed to 0)	
D25002	neauei	Type (Fixed to 04)	Node ID	
D25003~D25031	Message data	Reserved		

- Command: Fixed to 01.
- ReqID: the request ID. Whenever an Emergency message is sent, the message is given a ReqID for the CANopen master to identify. Before another Emergency request message is sent out, the original ID number must be changed. In other words, change the value of ReqID. The ReqID range is between 00–FF (Hex) to trigger the sending the Emergency request message.

• Node ID: the node address of the target equipment on CANopen network.

	Response message				
PLC device		High byte(Hex)	Low byte(Hex)		
D24000		ResID	Status code		
D24001	Message	Reserved	Size Fixed to 2A		
D24002	neauei	Type (Fixed to 04)	Node ID		
D24003		Total number of data	Number of data stored		
D24004		Datum 1	Datum 0		
D24005		Datum 3	Datum 2		
D24006		Datum 5	Datum 4		
D24007	Message	Datum 7	Datum 6		
D24008-D24011	data	Emergency2			
D24012-D24015		Emergency3			
D24016-D24019		Emergency4			
D24020-D24023		Em	Emergency5		
D24024-D24031		R	eserved		

The following table shows data format of the Emergency response message.

- Command: Fixed to 01(Hex).
- When status code is 1, reading the Emergency message has succeeded. When status code is not equal to1, reading the Emergency message has failed and you should verify that the data in the Emergency message is correct.
- Node ID: the node address for the target equipment on the CANopen network.
- Total number of data: the total number of Emergency messages CANopen master receives from the slave.
- Number of data stored: the latest number of Emergency messages CANopen master receives from the slave (5 messages at most).
- An Emergency 1 consists of the data in D6004-D6007 and every Emergency message consists of 8 bytes of data.

The following table shows the data format of Emergency messages on the CAN bus. Datum 0–datum 7 in Emergency response message correspond to byte 0–byte 7 respectively.

COB-ID	Byte 0	Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5	Byte 6	Byte 7
80 (hex)	Emerge	ncy error	Error storage		Vondor	custom or	ror codo	
+Node-ID	co	de	register		venuor			

Example 1: read the Emergency message from the slave No.2, and the Emergency messages the slave sends out successively.

COB-ID	Byte 0	Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5	Byte 6	Byte 7
82 (hex)	43	54	20	14	0	0	0	0

COB-ID	Byte 0	Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5	Byte 6	Byte 7
82 (hex)	42	54	20	15	0	0	0	0

• Request data:

PLC device		Request message					
		High byte	Low byte				
D25000	Message header	ReqID=01	Command =01				
D25001		Reserved	Size =0				
D25002		Type =04	Node ID =03				

• Emergency response data

	Response message						
PLC device		High byte	Low byte				
D24000		ResID=01	Status code =01				
D24001	Message	Reserved =0	Size =2A (Hex)				
D24002	neauer	Type =04	Node ID =03				
D24003		Total number of data =1	Number of data stored =1				
D24004		Datum 1=54	Datum 0=42				
D24005	Message	Datum 3=20	Datum 2=14				
D24006	uala	Datum 5=0	Datum 4=0				
D24007		Datum 7=0	Datum 6=0				

10.4.4 Example of Sending SDO through the Ladder Diagram

1. Control Requirement:

Read the value of P0-09 from the servo through SDO.

2. Hardware Connection:



3. The Corresponding Relation between Slave Parameter and Index/Subindex

The index_subindex corresponding to P0-09 in servo is 2009_0. In the CANopen Builder network configuration software, right click the servo icon, and then click **Parameter Edit**. In the **Parameter Edit** dialog box, you can see the index_subindex corresponding to the servo parameter.

For more details on how to operate the network configuration interface, refer to Section 11.1.1 in the CANopen Builder software help file



4. The Structure of the Request Message Devices:

DLC device		Content	Explana	Explanation		
PLC a	PLC device		High byte(Hex)	Low byte(Hex)		
SDO	D25000	0101	ReqID = 01	Command = 01		
request	D25001	0004	Reserved	Size = 04		
message	D25002	0102	Type = 01	Node ID = 03		
mapping	D25003	2009	Index high byte = 20	Index low byte = 09		
area	D25004	0000	Reserved	Subindex = 00		

5. Editing the Ladder Diagram in ISPSoft



When M2=ON, after reading succeeds, the program stores the data from the target device in D24000–D24005. The value of D24005: 100 (hex) is the value read from P0-09.

		Content	Explanation			
PLC a	evice	(Hex)	High byte(Hex)	Low byte(Hex)		
	D24000	0101	ResID = 01	Status code = 01		
SDO	D24001	0006	Reserved	Size = 08		
response	D24002	4303	Type = 43	Node ID = 03		
message	D24003	2009	Main index high byte = 20	Index low byte = 09		
area	D24004	0004	Reserved	Subindex = 00		
	D24005	0100	Datum 1= 01	Datum 0= 00		

6. The Structure of the Response Message Devices:

10.5 Troubleshooting

10.5.1 CANopen Network Node State Display

1. In the AS300 Series PLC, while you enable the CANopen function, it uses SR825–893 as the special registers as shown in the following table.

Special register	Function
SR825	Displays the state of AS300 series PLC.
SR830–SR893	Displays the state of 64 nodes in the network
SR826	Flag for the state of the slave 1–16
SR827	Flag for the state of the slave 17-32
SR828	Flag for the state of the slave 33-48
SR289	Flag for the state of the slave 49–64
SR821	Version of CANopen DS301
SR822	Displays the CANopen baud rate (unit: 1kpps)

 As a master, the AS300 series PLC supports a maximum of 64 slaves ranging from node 1 to node 64. You can use SR826–829 to monitor the state of the nodes in the network. The 16 bits in SR826 correspond to 16 slaves and their corresponding relations are shown in the following table.

Bit	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
Node	Node 8	Node 7	Node 6	Node 5	Node 4	Node 3	Node 2	Node 1
Bit	b15	b14	b13	b12	b11	b10	b9	b8
Node	Node16	Node15	Node14	Node13	Node12	Node11	Node10	Node 9

When the node in the master node list is normal, the corresponding bit is OFF; when the node in the master node list is abnormal (for example, initializing fails or the slave is offline for some reason), the corresponding bit is ON.

3. The error code of every node is displayed through the corresponding special register (SR830–893) and the relations between special register and corresponding node (1–16) is shown in the following table.

Special register	SR830	SR831	SR832	SR833	SR834	SR835	SR836	SR837
Node	Node 1	Node 2	Node 3	Node 4	Node 5	Node 6	Node 7	Node 8

Special register	SR830	SR831	SR832	SR833	SR834	SR835	SR836	SR837
Special register	SR838	SR839	SR840	SR841	SR842	SR843	SR844	SR845
Node	Node 9	Node10	Node11	Node12	Node13	Node14	Node15	Node16

4. Codes displayed in SR830–893 when the AS300 Series PLC is the master:

Code	Indication	How to correct
E0	AS300 Series PLC master module receives the emergency message sent from slave.	Read the relevant message with the PLC program
E1	PDO data length returned from the slave is not consistent with the length set in the node list.	Set the PDO data length of the slave and re-download.
E2	PDO of slave is not received.	Check and ensure the setting is correct.
E3	Downloading auto SDO fails.	Check and ensure auto SDO is correct.
E4	Configuration of PDO parameter fails.	Ensure that the PDO parameter setting is legal.
E5	Error in key parameter setting.	Ensure that the connected slave device is consistent with the configured slave in the software.
E6	The slave does not exist in the network	Ensure that the power supply of slave is normal
E7	Slave error control is timed-out.	and slave is correctly connected to the network.
E8	The node IDs of master and slave repeat.	Set the node ID of the master and slave again and ensure their node IDs are unique.

5. Codes displayed in SR825 when the AS300 Series PLC is the master:

Code	Indication	How to correct
F1	Slave has not been added to node list of CANopen Builder software	Add slave into the node list and then re-download the configuration data.
F2	The data are being downloaded to AS300 Series PLC	Wait to finish downloading the configuration data.
F3	AS300 Series PLC is in error status	Download parameter configuration again.
F4	Bus-OFF is detected.	Check that the CANopen bus cables are properly connected and ensure that all the node devices run at the same baud rate before you reboot.
F5	AS300 Series PLC setting error such as incorrect node address	The node address in the AS300 Series PLC should be between: 1–127.
F8	Internal error; the error is detected in the internal memory	If the same error occurs after cycling the power, replace it with a new AS300 PLC.
FB	The sending buffer in the AS300 Series PLC is full.	Check that the CANopen bus cable is properly connected and then reboot.
FC	The receiving buffer in the AS300 Series PLC is full.	Check that the CANopen bus cable is properly connected and then reboot.

Code	Indication	How to correct
A0	AS300 series PLC is being initialized.	
A1	AS300 series PLC is pre-operational.	Check that the CANopen bus cable is properly connected
A3	The data are being downloaded to AS300 series PLC	Wait to finish downloading the configured data.
B0	Heartbeat message time-out	Check that the CANopen bus cable is properly connected.
B1	PDO data length returned from the slave is not consistent with the length set in the node list.	Reset the PDO data length in the slave and download the new setting to the AS300 Series PLC.
F4	BUS-OFF state is detected.	Check that CANopen bus cables are properly connected and ensure that all the node devices run at the same baud rate before you reboot.
FB	The sending buffer in the AS300 Series PLC is full.	Check that the CANopen bus cable is properly connected and then reboot.
FC	The receiving buffer in the AS300 Series PLC is full.	Check that the CANopen bus cable is properly connected and then reboot.

6. Codes displayed in SR825 when the AS300 Series PLC is the slave:

10.6 Application Example

The AS300 Series PLC can control Delta A2 servo rotation, and monitor the actual rotation speed of the motor in real time. It does this by mapping the relevant servo drive parameters to the corresponding PDO, and reads or writes the relevant servo drive parameters through the CAN bus.

1. Connectting the Hardware



Note:

- Use a standard communication cable such as UC-DN01Z-01A / UC-DN01Z-02A / UC-CMC010-01A. and connect the terminal resistors (Delta standard terminal resistor TAP-TR01) to both ends of the network when you construct the network.
- M of ASD-A2-xxxx-M refers to the model code and currently only the M-model servo supports CANopen communication.

2. Setting Servo Parameters:

• Set servo parameters as shown in the following table.

Parameter	Setting	Explanation
3-00	03	Node ID of the A2 servo is 2
3-01	400	CAN communication rate is 1Mbps.
1-01	04	Speed mode
0-17	07	Drive displays the motor rotation speed (r/min)
2-10	101	Set DI1 as the signal for Servo On
2-12	114	Set DI3 as the signal _SPD0 for speed selection
2-13	115	Set DI4 as the signal _SPD1 for speed selection

3. Setting the CANopen Baud Rate and Node ID of AS300 Series PLC

The AS300 Series PLC uses the default setting values: Node ID: 1 and baud rate: 1Mbps.

You set the CANopen Node ID and baud rate for the AS300 series PLC in the CANopen Builder software, as shown in the following steps.

A. Right click the AS300 Series PLC icon in HWCONFIG, then click **Communication Software**, and then click **CANopen Builder**.



B. Click the Online

button on the Toolbar to enter on-line mode.



C. Click the Scan Network

🖶 Delta CANopen Builder - DS301.cop	
File Edit View Network Tools Setup Help	
B 📽 🗄 🗄 X, 🖿 🖷 🗡 🞒 🔲 🗖 🗖 🖉	🖉 🖳 🔁 🖄 🖆 🖬 🛟 💋
× Project AS300 Series , Master , Un	001 AS300 Series , Master , UnitID 1 , Node Address 1 . 003

D. On the Network menu, click Master parameter to display the Master Configuration dialog box.

	File Edit View Network Tools	Setup Help
	🗎 💕 📰 🐰 🥂 Master paran	ameter
	Project AS300 s Online	F10
H Delta CANopen Builder - DS301.cop	•	
File Edit View Network Tools Setup Help		
B 🚅 🗄 📆 X, 🖿 🗎 🗡 🛃 🚺	🔲 🕜 🍠 🗷 💷 🏠 🖄 🖓 📰 🛟	2
Project AS300 Series , Master , Un	001 AS300 Series , Master , UnitID 1 , 003 OO3 ASDA-A2 Drive	Master Configuration Node I Baud rate: IMbps > Name: AS300 Series Master Work Mode: Master Mode Synchronization Object(SYNC) COB ID: COB ID: I28 Cycle Period: 50 Kaster's heartbeat time is 0, then the heartbeat function is disabled. Master's heartbeat time: 200 OK Cancel

Item	Explanation	Default
Node ID	Node ID of AS300 series PLC on the CANopen network	1
Baud rate	CANopen communication rate	1M bit/second
Work mode	CANopen master/slave mode	Master
Cycle period	Cycle time for sending one SYNC message	50ms
Master heartbeat time	Interval time for sending the master heartbeat message	200ms

Configure the CANopen communication stations and rates in HWCONFIG.

E. After you complete the previous steps, click the Download ^b button on the Toolbar to download the parameters to the PLC.



Note: you must reboot the AS300 Series PLC to enable the downloaded parameters.

4. Scanning the Network:

On the **Network** menu, click **Online** or click the souther button to scan for the master and slaves on the CANopen network. The master and slave found by the scan appear in CANopen Builder. For more information, refer to Section 11.1.1 in the CANopen Builder software help file.



5. Configurating Nodes:

Double click the slave icon in CANopen Builder to display the Node configuration dialog box.

• Error Control Protocol

Sets the error control protocol for the master to monitor if the slave is offline.

Auto SDO Configuration

Perform one write action to the slave parameter with SDO. The write action is finished when the slave enters the operational state from the pre-operational state. You can configure up to 20 SDOs by clicking Auto SDO configuration.

• PDO Mapping and Properties

Sets the mapping parameter and transmission type for the PDO.

For more details on the function of these buttons, refer to Section 11.1.1 in the CANopen Builder software help file.

ode Coni	figuration										
Node ID:	3		Name:	[ASDA	-A2 I	Drive				
-Node It	formation	(Hex)-									
Ve Ve	endor ID:	0	0001	D	_	Error Control Protocol			Protocol		
	oralia o Treno a			_		Auto SDO Config			nfiguration		
N D	P Device type.		04020192								
 ✓ Product Code: ✓ Revision: 		le: 00	00600			Emergency COB ID: 8			83		
		02	02000001			Nodeguard COB		OB ID	703		
PDO fro	om EDS fil										
Index	PDO Nat	ne			Type	In	hibit	Event		Export EDS fil	
1400	Receive	PDO C	ommu	nic	255	-		-			
1401	Receive	PDO C	ommu	nic	255	-		-			
1402	Receive	PDO C	ommu	nic	255	-		-		Add	
1403	Receive	PDO C	ommu	nic	255	-		-			
1800	Transmit	PDO O	Commu	mi	255	0		0		Delete	
1801	Transmit	PDO O	Commu	mi	255	0		0		Define PDO	
1802	Transmit	PDO O	Commu	mi	255	0		0		Define TDO	
1803	Transmit	PDO	Commi	mi	2.55	0		0	-		
Configu	ired PDO-										
Index	COB ID	R/T	Len	Typ	be D	escri	ption			PDO Mappin	
1400	203	Rx	4	255	R	xPDC	01			Properties	
1401	303	Rx	4	255	R	xPDC	2				
1800	183	Tx	4	1	Т	xPDC	01				
										OK	
					-					Cancel	

PDO Mapping:

RxPDO1: mapping parameter P1-09; transmission type 255.

RxPDO2: mapping parameter P3-06, P4-07; transmission type 255.

TxPDO1: mapping parameter P0-09; transmission type 1.

Config	ured PDO –						1
Index	COB ID	R/T	Len	Туре	Description		PDO Mapping
1400	203	Rx	4	255	RxPDO 1		Properties
1401	303	Rx	4	255	RxPDO 2		
1800	183	Tx	4	1	TxPDO 1		
-						_	OK
							Cancel

PDO transmission type :

PDOs can be classified into RxPDO or TxPDO. RxPDO data are sent from master to slave and TxPDO data are sent from slave to master.

The PDO transmission types can be synchronous or asynchronous. In synchronous transmission, the master sends out the SYNC message in a fixed cycle. You set the length of the cycle in the Master Properties dialog box (default is 50ms). In asynchronous transmission, the message is sent out when the PDO mapping parameter changes.

The following table describes the PDO Transmission types.

Transmis	ssion Type	Description	Remark
	RxPDO	When any change in the mapped data happens, RxPDO data is sent out immediately. The data the slave receives is valid only when receiving the next SYNCH message. RxPDO data is not sent out if there is no change in the data.	SYNCH
0	TxPDO	When any change in the mapped data happens and the slave receives the SYNC message, the data are sent out immediately. The TxPDO data are valid immediately after master receives them. TxPDO data is not sent out if there is no change in the data.	non-cycle
N	RxPDO	After N messages are sent out, and regardless of whether the mapped data changes, the data that the slave receives is valid only when receiving the next SYNCH message.	SYNCH cycle
(N:1–240)	TxPDO	After N messages are sent out and regardless of whether the mapped data is changed, the data that the master receives is valid at once.	
	RxPDO	The mapped data is sent out immediately when it changes and is valid when the slaves receives it. RxPDO data is not sent out if there is no change in the data.	
254	TxPDO	The slave sends out the data once every one Event timer time. After that, the TxPDO data is not allowed to be sent out within an inhibit timer time. When the Event timer and Inhibit timer are both equal to 0, the slave sends TxPDO data to the master immediately when the data changes, and the data that master receives is immediately valid.	ASYNCH
255		Same as Type254	

Note:

- Synchronous transmission type can fulfill multi-axis motion at the same time.
- If you monitor a real-time changing parameter such as the actual rotation speed of the motor, set the TxPDO to the synchronous transmission type; otherwise the frequent change in the slave data can block the CANopen network.

After you finish setting the above parameters, double click the master device to display the **Node List Setting** dialog box. Select ASDA-A2 Drive, and click > to move the A2 drive to the right-side list, and then download the configured data.

Available N	odes:		Node List:		
Node ID	Node Name		Node ID	Node Name	
			003	ASDA-A2 Drive	
		 <			
Output Tab					
Output Tab	le		nput lable –		
Device I	le Device Mapping		Device	Device Mapping	
Device I D25032_L [le Device Mapping 003]RxPDO-P1-09		Device D24032_L	Device Mapping [003]TxPDO-P0-09	
Device I D25032_L [D25032_H [le Device Mapping 003]RxPDO-P1-09 003]RxPDO-P1-09		Device D24032_L D24032_H	Device Mapping [003]TxPDO-P0-09 [003]TxPDO-P0-09	<u> </u>
Device I D25032_L [D25032_H [D25033_L [le Device Mapping 003]RxPDO-P1-09 003]RxPDO-P1-09 003]RxPDO-P1-09		Device D24032_L D24032_H D24033_L	Device Mapping [003]TxPDO-P0-09 [003]TxPDO-P0-09 [003]TxPDO-P0-09	-
Device I D25032_L [D25032_H [D25033_L [D25033_H [le Device Mapping 003]RxPDO-P1-09 003]RxPDO-P1-09 003]RxPDO-P1-09 003]RxPDO-P1-09		Device D24032_L D24032_H D24033_L D24033_H	Device Mapping [003]TxPDO-P0-09 [003]TxPDO-P0-09 [003]TxPDO-P0-09 [003]TxPDO-P0-09	
Device I D25032_L [D25032_H [D25033_L [D25033_H [D25034_L [le Device Mapping 003]RxPDO-P1-09 003]RxPDO-P1-09 003]RxPDO-P1-09 003]RxPDO-P1-09 003]RxPDO-P3-06		Device D24032_L D24032_H D24033_L D24033_H D24033_H D24034_L	Device Mapping [003]TxPDO-P0-09 [003]TxPDO-P0-09 [003]TxPDO-P0-09 [003]TxPDO-P0-09	
Device I D25032_L [D25033_L [D25033_L [D25033_H [D25034_L [D25034_H [le Device Mapping 003]RxPDO-P1-09 003]RxPDO-P1-09 003]RxPDO-P1-09 003]RxPDO-P1-09 003]RxPDO-P3-06 003]RxPDO-P3-06		Device D24032_L D24032_H D24033_L D24033_H D24034_L D24034_H	Device Mapping [003]TxPDO-P0-09 [003]TxPDO-P0-09 [003]TxPDO-P0-09 [003]TxPDO-P0-09	
Device I D25032_L [D25032_H [D25033_L [D25033_H [D25034_L [D25034_H [D25035_L]	le Device Mapping 003]RxPDO-P1-09 003]RxPDO-P1-09 003]RxPDO-P1-09 003]RxPDO-P1-09 003]RxPDO-P3-06 003]RxPDO-P3-06 003]RxPDO-P4-07		Device D24032_L D24032_H D24033_L D24033_H D24034_L D24034_H D24034_H D24035_L	Device Mapping [003]TxPDO-P0-09 [003]TxPDO-P0-09 [003]TxPDO-P0-09 [003]TxPDO-P0-09	

The mapping relation between master and slave:

AS300 Series PLC master register	Data transmission on CANopen bus	A2 device
D25032		Low word of P1-09 of servo
D25033		High word of P1-09 of servo
D25034		P3-06 of servo
D25037		P4-07 of servo
D24032		Low word of P0-09 of servo
D24033		High word of P0-09 of servo

6. Program control: D25032 is given the value 256 in ISPSoft; that is, the speed command is set as 256r/min in the following diagram.



7. Program explanation

When the AS300 Series PLC runs for the first time, set the parameter P3-06 for servo drive to F.

- When M0 switches from OFF to ON, the instruction writes 256 to D25032 and then writes the value to the servo parameter P1-09 through RxPDO1.
- When M1 switches from OFF to ON, change P4-07 to 5. DI1 and DI3 are ON. DI1 means the SERVO is ON and DI3 calls the speed specified by parameter P1-09 for servo rotation.
- When M1 switches from ON to OFF, the speed command becomes 0 and the motor stops running.

10.7 Object Dictionary

Index	Subindex	Object name	Data type	Attribute	Default value
H'1000	H'00	Device type	Unsigned 32 bits	R	0x00000000
H'1001	H'00	Error register	Unsigned 8 bits	R	0
H'1005	H'00	COB-ID SYNC	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x00000080
H'1008	H'00	Manufacturer device name	Vis-String	R	AS300 Series PLC
H'1014	H'00	COB-ID EMCY	Unsigned 32 bits	R	0x80 + Node-ID
		Consumer heartbeat time			
H'1016	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	1
	H'01	Consumer heartbeat time	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
H'1017	H'00	Producer heartbeat time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	0
H'1018		Identity Object			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	3
	H'01	Vendor-ID	Unsigned 32 bits	R	0x000001DD
	H'02	Product code	Unsigned 32 bits	R	0x00000055
	H'03	Revision number	Unsigned 32 bits	R	0x00010002
		RxPDO1 communication parameter			
1.114.400	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	3
H1400	H'01	COB-ID of RxPDO1	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x00000200+ Node-ID
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	0
1.114.404		RxPDO2 communication parameter			
H 1401	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	3

The following table lists the communication objects in the object dictionary.

AS Series Operation Manual

Index	Subindex	Object name	Data type	Attribute	Default value
	H'01	COB-ID of RxPDO2	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	0
		RxPDO3 communication parameter			
H'1402	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	3
	H'01	COB-ID of RxPDO3	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF
H'1402	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	0
		RxPDO4 communication parameter			
L!'1402	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	3
H 1403	H'01	COB-ID of RxPDO4	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	0
H'1404		RxPDO5 communication parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	3
	H'01	COB-ID of RxPDO5	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	0
		RxPDO6 communication parameter			
LI'1405	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	3
П 1405	H'01	COB-ID of RxPDO6	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	0
		RxPDO7 communication parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	3
H'1406	H'01	COB-ID of RxPDO7	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	0
H'1407		RxPDO8 communication parameter			

Index	Subindex	Object name	Data type	Attribute	Default value
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	3
	H'01	COB-ID of RxPDO8	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	0
H'1600		RxPDO1 mapping parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	4
	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x20000110
H'1600	H'01	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x20000210
	H'02	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x20000310
	H'03	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x20000410
H'1601		RxPDO2 mapping parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0
	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'01	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'02	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'03	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
		RxPDO3 mapping parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0
LI'1602	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
H'1602	H'01	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'02	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'03	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
H'1603		RxPDO4 mapping parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0
	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'01	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'02	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'03	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
H'1604		RxPDO5 mapping parameter			

AS Series Operation Manual

Index	Subindex	Object name	Data type	Attribute	Default value
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0
H'1604	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'01	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'02	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'03	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
		RxPDO6 mapping parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0
	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
H'1605	H'01	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'02	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'03	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
		RxPDO7 mapping parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0
	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
H'1606	H'01	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'02	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'03	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
		RxPDO8 mapping parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0
	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
H'1607	H'01	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'02	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'03	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
H'1800		TxPDO1 communication parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	5
	H'01	COB-ID of TxPDO1	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x00000180+ Node-ID
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	50
H'1800	H'05	Timer	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	100
H'1801		TxPDO2 communication parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	5
	H'01	COB-ID of TxPDO2	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	50
	H'05	Timer	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	100

Index	Subindex	Object name	Data type	Attribute	Default value
H'1802		TxPDO3 communication parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	5
	H'01	COB-ID of TxPDO3	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	50
	H'05	Timer	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	100
		TxPDO4 communication parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	5
H'1803	H'01	COB-ID of TxPDO4	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	50
	H'05	Timer	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	100
		TxPDO5 communication parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	5
H'1804	H'01	COB-ID of TxPDO5	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	50
	H'05	Timer	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	100
		TxPDO6 communication parameter			
H'1805	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	5
	H'01	COB-ID of TxPDO6	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF
1.114.005	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	50
	H'05	Timer	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	100
		TxPDO7 communication parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	5
H'1806	H'01	COB-ID of TxPDO7	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	50
	H'05	Timer	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	100
H'1807		TxPDO8 communication parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	5
	H'01	COB-ID of TxPDO8	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	50
	H'05	Timer	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	100

AS Series Operation Manual

Index	Subindex	Object name	Data type	Attribute	Default value
H'1A00		TxPDO1 mapping parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	4
	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x20010110
	H'02	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x20010210
	H'03	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x20010310
	H'04	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x20010410
		TxPDO2 mapping parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0
	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
H'1A01	H'02	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'03	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'04	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
		TxPDO3 mapping parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0
H'1A02	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'02	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'03	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
H'1A02	H'04	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
		TxPDO4 mapping parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0
H'1A03	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'02	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'03	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
		TxPDO5 mapping parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0
	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
H'1A04	H'02	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'03	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'04	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
		TxPDO6 mapping parameter			
H'1A05	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0
	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'02	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'03	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'04	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
		TxPDO7 mapping parameter			
H'1A06	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0

Index	Subindex	Object name	Data type	Attribute	Default value
	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'02	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'03	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'04	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
H'1A07		TxPDO8 mapping parameter			
H'1A07	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0
	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'02	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'03	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'04	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
MEMO





Chapter 11 CPU Module Operating Principles

Table of Contents

11.1 CPI	J Module Operations	
11.1.1	Procedure	11-2
11.1.2	I/O Refreshing and Communication Service	11-3
	. 5	
11.2 CPI	J Module Operating Modes	
11.2 CPU 11.2.1	J Module Operating Modes	11-3 11-3

11.1 CPU Module Operations

11.1.1 Procedure

The following diagram describes the operation of the CPU module.

The CPU module is supplied with power.

The system enables the initialization.

- The non-latched memory is initialized.
- The downloaded program is checked.
- The parameters in the CPU module are checked.
- The parameters in the module table are checked.
- The module table in the CPU module is compared with the actual I/O configuration.
- The I/O setting is downloaded to the I/O module.
- If the memory card is installed, whether to execute the system copy procedure or not is checked.



11.1.2 I/O Refreshing and Communication Service

Refreshing I/O

The CPU module reads external I/O data periodically or outputs data to an external I/O. Refreshing the I/O includes the following.

- Refreshing data in a digital I/O module
- Refreshing data in an analog I/O module
- Refreshing data in a network module

All I/O refreshing executes in the same loop. The data in an input device refreshes before a program executes, and the data in an output device refreshes after the program executes.

Unit	Maximum data exchange	Data exchange area
Digital I/O module	Depends on the number of input/output channels in the unit.	Input relay/Output relay
Analog I/O module	Depends on the number of input/output channels in the unit.	Data register
Network module	Depends on the unit.	Data register

• Communication service

Communication service is the unscheduled communication service for a network module. It includes the communication requests sent from external equipment to a CPU module, and the communication requests sent from the CPU module to the external equipment.

11.2 CPU Module Operating Modes

11.2.1 Operating Modes

There are two operating modes. They can be used to control a user program and all tasks.

STOP mode: A program is not executed under this mode. Users can download a module table, initialize CPU configuration and other setting, download a program, check a program, and force a bit ON/OFF.

RUN mode: A program is executed under this mode. Users can not download a module table, and initialize CPU configuration and other setting.

11.2.2 Status and Operation under Different Operating Modes

The following table lists the status and operation states for RUN and STOP modes.

Basic operation

CDU		1/0	Program mer		emory
mode	Program	refreshing	External output	Non-latched area	Latched area
STOP	The execution of the program stops.	I/O refreshing executes.	OFF. If you set the I/O module so that the final state of the external output on the I/O module is retained, the final state of the external output on the I/O module is retained.	The data in the memories is i	e program retained.
RUN	The program executes.	I/O refreshing executes.	The program controls the external output.	The program con program memor	ntrols the

• Relationship between the operating modes and tasks

Mode	Loop task	Interrupt task
STOP	Execution of a loop tasks stops.	Execution of an interrupt task stops.
RUN	 The tasks that have not been executed are in the HALT state. If a task is active, or the instruction TKON is executed, the task executes. 	If the condition of the interrupt is met, the interrupt task executes.
	 If a task is not active, or the instruction TKOFF executes, the task does not execute. 	

• Relationship between changing modes and the program memory

Change of the mode	Non-latched area	Latched area
STOP→RUN	Data is cleared or retained depending on your setting.	The data is retained.
RUN→STOP	The data is retained.	The data is retained.

12

Chapter 12 Troubleshooting

Table of Contents

12.1	roubleshooting12-2
12.1.	Basic troubleshooting steps 12-2
12.1.	2 Clear the Error States 12-2
12.1.	3 Troubleshooting SOP 12-3
12.1.	System Log 12-4
12.2	roubleshooting for CPU Modules12-5
12.2.	ERROR LED Indicators Are ON 12-5
12.2.	2 ERROR LED Indicators Blinking Every 0.5 Seconds
12.2.	B ERROR LED Indicators Blinking Rapidly Every 0.2 Seconds 12-7
12.2.	ERROR LED Indicators Slow Blinking Every 3 Seconds and Lighting up
	for 1 Second 12-7
12.2.	BAT. LOW LED Indicators Are ON 12-7
12.2.	BAT. LOW LED Indicators Blinking Every 0.5 Seconds 12-7
12.2.	Ine LED RUN and ERROR Indicators are Blinking Simultaneously Every
12.2	
12.2.	Ine RUN and LED Indicators are Blinking One After Another Every
12.2	0.5 Seconds 12-8
12.2.	Other Errors (Without LED Indicators) 12-8
400 7	
12.3	roubleshooting for I/O Modules12-14
12.3 12.3.	Troubleshooting for I/O Modules
12.3 12.3.	Troubleshooting for I/O Modules 12-14 Troubleshooting for Analog Modules (AD/DA/XA) and Temperature Modules (RTD/TC)
12.3 12.3.	Troubleshooting for I/O Modules 12-14 Troubleshooting for Analog Modules (AD/DA/XA) and Temperature Modules (RTD/TC) Yes Troubleshooting for the Load Cell Module AS02LC
12.3 12.3. 12.3. 12.3.	Troubleshooting for I/O Modules 12-14 Troubleshooting for Analog Modules (AD/DA/XA) and Temperature Modules (RTD/TC) Troubleshooting for the Load Cell Module AS02LC Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Communication
12.3 12.3. 12.3. 12.3.	Troubleshooting for I/O Modules 12-14 Troubleshooting for Analog Modules (AD/DA/XA) and Temperature Modules (RTD/TC) Proubleshooting for the Load Cell Module AS02LC Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Communication Module Module
12.3 12.3. 12.3. 12.3. 12.3.	Troubleshooting for I/O Modules 12-14 Troubleshooting for Analog Modules (AD/DA/XA) and Temperature 12-14 Modules (RTD/TC) 12-14 Troubleshooting for the Load Cell Module AS02LC 12-15 Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Communication 12-16 Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Remote Module 12-17
12.3 12.3. 12.3. 12.3. 12.3. 12.3.	Troubleshooting for I/O Modules12-14Troubleshooting for Analog Modules (AD/DA/XA) and Temperature12-14Modules (RTD/TC)12-14Troubleshooting for the Load Cell Module AS02LC12-15Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Communication12-16Module12-16Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Remote Module12-17Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Remote Module12-17Troubleshooting for AS01DNET Modules12-18
12.3 12.3. 12.3. 12.3. 12.3. 12.3. 12.3.	roubleshooting for I/O Modules 12-14 Troubleshooting for Analog Modules (AD/DA/XA) and Temperature 12-14 Modules (RTD/TC) 12-14 Troubleshooting for the Load Cell Module AS02LC 12-15 Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Communication 12-16 Module 12-17 Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Remote Module 12-17 Troubleshooting for AS01DNET Modules 12-18
12.3 12.3. 12.3. 12.3. 12.3. 12.3. 12.4 12.4	roubleshooting for I/O Modules 12-14 Troubleshooting for Analog Modules (AD/DA/XA) and Temperature 12-14 Modules (RTD/TC) 12-14 Troubleshooting for the Load Cell Module AS02LC 12-15 Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Communication 12-16 Module 12-17 Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Remote Module 12-16 Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Remote Module 12-17 Troubleshooting for AS01DNET Modules 12-18 Pror Codes and LED Indicators for CPU Modules 12-19
12.3 12.3. 12.3. 12.3. 12.3. 12.3. 12.3. 12.4 12.4. 12.4. 12.4.	roubleshooting for I/O Modules 12-14 Troubleshooting for Analog Modules (AD/DA/XA) and Temperature 12-14 Modules (RTD/TC) 12-14 Troubleshooting for the Load Cell Module AS02LC 12-15 Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Communication 12-16 Module 12-17 Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Remote Module 12-17 Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Remote Module 12-18 Pror Codes and LED Indicators for CPU Modules 12-18 Error Codes and LED Indicators for CPU Modules 12-19 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Analog/Temperature Modules 12-19
12.3 12.3. 12.3. 12.3. 12.3. 12.3. 12.4 12.4. 12.4. 12.4. 12.4.	Troubleshooting for I/O Modules 12-14 Troubleshooting for Analog Modules (AD/DA/XA) and Temperature 12-14 Modules (RTD/TC) 12-14 Troubleshooting for the Load Cell Module AS02LC 12-15 Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Communication 12-16 Module 12-17 Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Remote Module 12-17 Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Remote Module 12-18 Fror Codes and LED Indicators for CPU Modules 12-18 Error Codes and LED Indicators for CPU Modules 12-19 Error Codes and LED Indicators for CPU Modules 12-19 Error Codes and LED Indicators for CPU Modules 12-24 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Load Cell Module AS02LC 12-25
12.3 12.3. 12.3. 12.3. 12.3. 12.3. 12.4 12.4. 12.4. 12.4. 12.4. 12.4.	Troubleshooting for I/O Modules 12-14 Troubleshooting for Analog Modules (AD/DA/XA) and Temperature 12-14 Modules (RTD/TC) 12-14 Troubleshooting for the Load Cell Module AS02LC 12-15 Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Communication 12-16 Module 12-17 Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Remote Module 12-17 Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Remote Module 12-18 Fror Codes and LED Indicators for CPU Modules 12-19 Error Codes and LED Indicators for CPU Modules 12-19 Error Codes and LED Indicators for CPU Modules 12-24 Error Codes and LED Indicators for CPU Modules 12-19 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Analog/Temperature Modules 12-24 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Load Cell Module AS02LC 12-25 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS00SCM as a Communication
12.3 12.3. 12.3. 12.3. 12.3. 12.3. 12.3. 12.4. 12.4. 12.4. 12.4. 12.4.	roubleshooting for I/O Modules 12-14 Troubleshooting for Analog Modules (AD/DA/XA) and Temperature 12-14 Modul es (RTD/TC) 12-14 Troubleshooting for the Load Cell Module AS02LC 12-15 Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Communication 12-16 Modul e 12-16 Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Remote Module 12-17 Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Remote Module 12-18 Troubleshooting for AS01DNET Modules 12-18 Informed Codes and LED Indicators for CPU Modules 12-19 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Analog/Temperature Modules 12-24 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Load Cell Module AS02LC 12-25 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS00SCM as a Communication 12-25 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Load Cell Module AS02LC 12-25 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS00SCM as a Communication 12-25 Module 12-25
12.3 12.3 12.3 12.3 12.3 12.3 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4	roubleshooting for I/O Modules 12-14 Troubleshooting for Analog Modules (AD/DA/XA) and Temperature 12-14 Modules (RTD/TC) 12-14 Troubleshooting for the Load Cell Module AS02LC 12-15 Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Communication 12-16 Module 12-17 Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Remote Module 12-17 Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Remote Module 12-18 rror Codes and LED Indicators for CPU Modules 12-19 Error Codes and LED Indicators for CPU Modules 12-19 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Load Cell Module AS02LC 12-25 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS00SCM as a Communication 12-25 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS00SCM as a Remote 12-25 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS00SCM as a Communication 12-25 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS00SCM as a Communication 12-25 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS00SCM as a Remote 12-25 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS00SCM as a Remote 12-25
12.3 12.3 12.3 12.3 12.3 12.3 12.3 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4	Troubleshooting for I/O Modules 12-14 Troubleshooting for Analog Modules (AD/DA/XA) and Temperature 12-14 Modules (RTD/TC) 12-14 Troubleshooting for the Load Cell Module AS02LC 12-15 Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Communication 12-16 Module 12-17 Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Remote Module 12-17 Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Remote Module 12-18 Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Remote Module 12-18 Troubleshooting for AS01DNET Modules 12-18 Error Codes and LED Indicators for CPU Modules 12-19 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Analog/Temperature Modules 12-24 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Load Cell Module AS02LC 12-25 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS00SCM as a Communication 12-25 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS00SCM as a Communication 12-25 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS00SCM as a Remote 12-25 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS00SCM as a Remote 12-25 Module 12-25 12-25
12.3 12.3 12.3 12.3 12.3 12.3 12.3 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4	Troubleshooting for I/O Modules 12-14 Troubleshooting for Analog Modules (AD/DA/XA) and Temperature 12-14 Modules (RTD/TC) 12-14 Troubleshooting for the Load Cell Module AS02LC 12-15 Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Communication 12-16 Module 12-17 Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Remote Module 12-17 Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Remote Module 12-18 Troubleshooting for AS01DNET Modules 12-18 Fror Codes and LED Indicators for CPU Modules 12-19 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Analog/Temperature Modules 12-24 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Load Cell Module AS02LC 12-25 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS00SCM as a Communication 12-25 Module 12-25 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS00SCM as a Communication 12-25 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS00SCM as a Remote 12-25 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS00SCM as a Remote 12-25 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS00SCM as a Remote 12-25 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS00SCM as a Remote 12-25 Error Codes and LED Indicat
12.3 12.3. 12.3. 12.3. 12.3. 12.3. 12.4. 12.4. 12.4. 12.4. 12.4. 12.4. 12.4. 12.4. 12.4.	IPOUDIESHOOTING FOR I/O MODULES 12-14 Troubleshooting for Analog Modules (AD/DA/XA) and Temperature 12-14 Modules (RTD/TC) 12-14 Troubleshooting for the Load Cell Module AS02LC 12-15 Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Communication 12-16 Module 12-17 Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Remote Module 12-17 Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Remote Module 12-18 Troubleshooting for AS01DNET Modules 12-18 Fror Codes and LED Indicators for CPU Modules 12-19 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Analog/Temperature Modules 12-24 Berror Codes and LED Indicators for Load Cell Module AS02LC 12-25 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS00SCM as a Communication 12-25 Module 12-25 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS00SCM as a Remote 12-25 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS00SCM as a Remote 12-25 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS00SCM as a Remote 12-25 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS00SCM as a Remote 12-25 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS00SCM as a Remote 12-25 Error Codes and LED Indicators fo

12.1 Troubleshooting

12.1.1 Basic troubleshooting steps

This chapter includes the possible errors the can occur during operation, their causes, and corrective actions.

- (1) Check the following:
 - The PLC should be operated in a safe environment (consider environmental, electronic, and vibration safeties).
 - Connect power supply correctly to the PLC.
 - Secure the module, terminal, and cable installations.
 - All LED indicators show correctly.
 - Set all switches correctly.
- (2) Check the following operational functions:
 - Switch the RUN/STOP state
 - Check the settings for the AS Series to RUN/STOP
 - Check and eliminate errors from external devices
 - Use the System Log function in ISPSoft to check system operation and logs
- (3) Identify possible causes:
 - AS Series or external device
 - CPU or extension modules
 - Parameters or program settings

12.1.2 Clear the Error States

Use the following methods to clear the error states. If the error source is not corrected, the system continues to show errors.

- (1) Switch the CPU model state to STOP and then to RUN.
- (2) Turn off the CPU and turn it on again.
- (3) Use ISPSoft to clear the error logs.
- (4) Reset the CPU to the default settings and download the program again.

12.1.3 Troubleshooting SOP



The system runs normally.

12.1.4 System Log

If ISPSoft is connected to an AS Series, you can view actions and errors in the AS Series by clicking **System Log** on the **PLC** menu. The CPU can store up to 20 error log sets. After the 20 sets are stored, the 1st log is replaced with the 21st if there are new logs coming in, and the old logs are replaced with the new ones sequentially. When the memory card is installed in the CPU module, 20 sets of the old logs are backed up in the memory card and up to 1000 logs can be recorded. If the stored logs exceed 1000, the oldest 20 logs are replaced with the newest 20 logs in the memory card.

(1) On the **PLC** menu, click **System Log**.

PLC	<u>T</u> ools <u>W</u> indow <u>H</u> e	lp	
5	Transfer	+	
	System Security	•	
0	Run	Ctrl+Fl1	
0	Stop	Ctrl+F12	
8	Online Mode	Ctrl+F4	
<u>@</u>	New Devices Table		
	Format PLC Memory		
	System Log		
=	System Information	rl+Alt+I	

(2) The **System Log** window appears. Click **Clear Log** to clear the error log in the window and the error log in the CPU module, and reset the CPU module.

Sys	stem Log							×
E	rror Log	Progra	m Change Log	g Status Change Log]			
	Group	No	Module No	PLC/Module Name	Error Code	Date & Time		
	1	0)	AS332P	16#6012	0-1-1 0:0:14	3001Err6012	
	1	0)	AS332P	16#2003	16-8-31 17:29:7	3001Err2003	
1								F
	D.C	. 1						
	Refre	sh				Clear Log	Cancel	

- Group No.: The number 1 indicates that the error occurred in the CPU module or the right-side module 1. The numbers 2–16 indicate the error occurred in the remote modules 1–15.
- Module No.: The number 0 indicates that the error occurred in the CPU module or the remote module. The numbers 1–32 indicate the error occurred in the right-side module of the CPU module / remote module. The number 1 represents the closest module to the CPU module or the remote module. This number increases from the closest to the furthest from the CPU module or the remote module. Note: up to eight extension modules can be connected to the right-side of the remote module.
- PLC/Module name: Model names of the CPU, remote, and extension modules.

- Error Code: Error codes in the error log.
- Date & Time: The date and time the error occurred. The most recently occurring error is listed on the top.
- The last column shows the descriptions for the error.

12.2 Troubleshooting for CPU Modules

Check the LED indicators and the error codes from the CPU module and refer to the following table for troubleshooting. V in the Log column indicates the error is recorded in the log. X in the Log column indicates the error is not recorded in the log. H in the Log column indicates whether or not you can set recording the error in the log in HWCONFIG.

12.2.1 ERROR LED Indicators Are ON

Error Code (16#)	Description	Solution	Flag	Log
000A	Scan timeout	 Check the setting of the watchdog timer in HWCONFIG. Check whether the program causes a long scan time 	SM8	V

12.2.2 ERROR LED Indicators Blinking Every 0.5 Seconds

Error Code (16#)	Description	Solution	Flag	Log
000C	The program in the PLC is damaged.	Download the program again.	SM9	V
0010	CPU memory is denied.	Contact the factory.	SM9	V
002E	CPU external memory access is denied.	Contact the factory.	SM9	V
002F	PLC programs are not consistent with the system logs.	Download the program again.	SM34	V
0070	The arrangement of the function cards is not consistent with the settings.	Check whether the settings in HWCONFIG are consistent with the arrangement of the function cards.	SM10	v
0102	The interrupt number exceeds the range.	Check the program, compile the program again, and download the program again.	SM5	х
0202	The MC instruction exceeds the range.	Check the program, compile the program again, and download the program again.	SM5	х
0302	The MCR instruction exceeds the range.	Check the program, compile the program again, and download the program again.	SM5	х
0D03	The operands used in DHSCS are not used properly.	Check the program, compile the program again, and download the program again.	SM5	x
0E05	The operands HCXXX used in DCNT are not used properly.	Check the program, compile the program again, and download the program again.	SM5	x
1300 - 130F	Errors occurred in the remote modules	Refer to Section 12.3.4 for more information on the error codes for the remote modules.	SM30	V

AS Series Hardware Manual

Error Code (16#)	Description	Solution	Flag	Log
1402	The arrangement of the I/O modules is not consistent with the settings.	Check whether the settings in HWCONFIG are consistent with the arrangement of the I/O modules.	SM10	V
140B	More than four communication modules.	Check the total number of communication modules (maximum is four).	SM10	V
140D	More than 32 extension modules.	Check the total number of extension modules (maximum is 32).	SM10	V
140E	More than eight remote modules on the right side of the CPU module.	Check the total number of remote modules on the right side of the CPU module (maximum is 8).	SM30	V
1600	The extension module ID exceeds the range.	 Make sure the module is properly connected to the CPU module and turn the modules on again. If the error still occurs, contact the factory. 	SM10	V
1601	The extension module ID cannot be set.	 Make sure the module is properly connected to the CPU module and turn the modules on again. If the error still occurs, contact the factory. 	SM10	v
1602	The extension module ID is duplicated.	 Make sure the module is properly connected to the CPU module and turn the modules on again. If the error still occurs, contact the factory. 	SM10	V
1603	The extension module cannot be operated.	 Make sure the module is properly connected to the CPU module and turn the modules on again. If the error still occurs, contact the factory. 	SM10	V
1604	Extension module communication timeout	 Make sure the module is properly connected to the CPU module and turn the modules on again. If the error still occurs, contact the factory. 	SM10	V
1605	Hardware failure	Contact the factory.	SM10	V
1606	Errors on the communication module function card	Make sure the function card is properly connected to the CPU module and turn the modules on again.	SM10	V
1607	The external voltage is abnormal.	Check whether the external 24 V power supply to the module is normal.	SM10	V
1608	The Internal factory calibration or the CJC is abnormal.	Contact the factory.	SM10	V
1609 - 160F	Reserved (Error codes for the extens	ion modules)		
200A	Invalid instruction	Check the program, compile the program again, and download the program again.	SM5	V
6010	The number of MODBUS TCP connections exceeds the range.	Check the number of superior devices (maximum is 32).	SM 1092	v
6011	The number of EtherNet/IP connections exceeds the range.	Check the number of connections (maximum is 16).	SM 1093	V
C000 - CFFF	The program syntax is incorrect.	Save the PLC program and hand the file to the company or the technicians.		

12.2.3 ERROR LED Indicators Blinking Rapidly Every 0.2 Seconds

This happens when the power supply 24 VDC of the CPU module is disconnected, or the power supply is not sufficient, not stable or abnormal.

Error Code (16#)	Description	Solution	Flag	Log
002A	The external voltage is abnormal.	Check whether the external 24 V power supply to the module is normal.	SM7	V

12.2.4 ERROR LED Indicators Slow Blinking Every 3 Seconds and Lighting up for 1 Second

Error Code (16#)	Description	Solution	Flag	Log
1500	Connection lost in the remote modules	Check the network connection cable.	SM30	v
1502 - 150F	Errors occurred in the remote modules	Refer to Section 12.3.4 for more information on the remote module error codes.	SM30	V
1800 - 180F	Errors occurred in the extension modules	Refer to Section 12.3 for more information on the extension module error codes.	SM10	v
1900 - 191C	Heartbeat errors occurred in the slave for the Delta ASD-A2 control.	 Check the CANopen connection cable. Check if the specific slave is working properly. Note: The last 2 digits of the error code represent the ID number of the slave (convert hexadecimal to decimal). 	-	V

12.2.5 BAT. LOW LED Indicators Are ON

This happens when there is no battery (CR1620) or the power is low. Turn this option off in the HWCONFIG > CPU > Device Setting > Show Battery Low Voltage Error CPU when you don't need the RTC function to keep track of the current time (default is enabled).

Error Code (16#)	Description	Solution	Flag	Log
0027	Battery Low	Change battery or turn this option off	SM219	Х

12.2.6 BAT. LOW LED Indicators Blinking Every 0.5 Seconds

This happens when RTC cannot keep track of the current time.

Error Code (16#)	Description	Solution	Flag	Log
0026	RTC cannot keep track of the current time	Contact the factory.	SM218	V

12.2.7 The LED RUN and ERROR Indicators are Blinking Simultaneously Every 0.5 Seconds

This happens when the firmware of the CPU module is being upgraded. If this happens once the power is supplied to the CPU module, it means errors occurred during the previous firmware upgrade. Users need to upgrade the firmware again or contact your point of purchase.

12.2.8 The RUN and LED Indicators are Blinking One After Another Every 0.5 Seconds.

This happens when the CPU module memory card is backing up, restoring, or saving.

12.2.9 Other Errors (Without LED Indicators)

Error Code (16#)	Description	Solution	Flag	Log
0011	The PLC ID is incorrect.	Check the PLC ID.	SM34	V
0012	The PLC password is incorrect.	Check the PLC password.	SM34	V
002D	The PLC maximum password attempts exceeded.	Reset the CPU module or restore the CPU module to its factory settings.	SM34	V
0050	The memories in the latched special auxiliary relays are abnormal.	 Reset the CPU module or restore the CPU module to its factory settings, and then download the program and the parameters again. If the error still occurs, contact the factory. 	SM6	V
0051	The latched special data registers are abnormal.	 Reset the CPU module or restore the CPU module to its factory settings, and then download the program and the parameters again. If the error still occurs, contact the factory. 	SM6	V
0052	The memories in the latched auxiliary relays are abnormal.	 Reset the CPU module or restore the CPU module to its factory settings, and then download the program and the parameters again. If the error still occurs, contact the factory. 	SM6	v
0054	The latched counters are abnormal.	 Reset the CPU module or restore the CPU module to its factory settings, and then download the program and the parameters again. If the error still occurs, please contact the factory. 	SM6	V
0055	The latched 32-bit counters are abnormal.	 Reset the CPU module or restore the CPU module to its factory settings, and then download the program and the parameters again. If the error still occurs, contact the factory. 	SM6	v
0056	The latched special auxiliary relay is abnormal.	 Reset the CPU module or restore the CPU module to its factory settings, and then download the program and the parameters again. If the error still occurs, contact the factory. 	SM6	v
0059	The latched data registers are abnormal.	 Reset the CPU module or restore the CPU module to its factory settings, and then download the program and the parameters again. If the error still occurs, contact the factory. 	SM6	v
005D	The CPU module does not detect a	Check that the memory card is inserted correctly	SM453	V

	memory card.	into the CPU module.		
005E	The memory card is initialized incorrectly.	Check whether the memory card is broken.	SM453	V
0063	An error occurs when data is written to the memory card.	Check whether the file path is correct or whether the memory card is malfunctioning.	SM453	V
0064	A file in the memory card cannot be read.	Check whether the file path is correct, or whether the file is damaged.	SM453	V
1950	The initialization of the Delta ASD-A2 control has not yet been completed, the CANopen instructions cannot be executed.	 Check the CANopen connection cable. Check if the specific slave is working properly. If nothing is wrong, initialize the Delta ASD-A2 again. 	-	V
2001	Not using the FCOMP card or not in the right mode for the ASDA-A2 while using the CANopen communication instruction.	Use the FCOMP card in the function card slot to check if the operation mode is correct.	SM0	v
2003	The device used in the program exceeds the device range.	Check the program, compile the program again, and download the program again.	SM0	V
200B	The operand n or the other constant operands K/H exceed the range.	Check the program, compile the program again, and download the program again.	SM0	V
200C	The operands overlap.	Check the program, compile the program again, and download the program again.	SM0	V
200D	The binary to binary-coded decimal conversion is incorrect.	Check the program, compile the program again, and download the program again.	SM0	V
200E	The string does not end with 00.	Check the program, compile the program again, and download the program again.	SM0	V
2012	Incorrect division operation	Check the program, compile the program again, and download the program again.	SM0	V
2013	The value exceeds the range of values that can be represented by the floating-point numbers.	Check the program, compile the program again, and download the program again.	SM0	V
2014	The task designated by the TKON or YKOFF instruction is incorrect or exceeds the range.	Check the program, compile the program again, and download the program again.	SM0	V
2017	The instruction BREAK is written outside of the FOR-NEXT loop.	Check the program, compile the program again, and download the program again.	SM0	V
2027	No such position planning table number or the format is incorrect.	 Check the program, compile the program again, and download the program again. Check the settings of the position planning table. 	SM0	V
2028	High speed output instruction is being executed. Only one instruction can be executed at a time.	Refer to SR28 for the record of the axis number and rearrange the output control procedures.	-	V
6004	The IP address filter is set incorrectly.	Set the Ethernet parameter for the CPU module in HWCONFIG again.	SM1108	х
600D	RJ45 port is not connected.	Check the connection.	SM1100	X
6012	There are devices using the same IP address.	 Check if there are devices using the same IP address. Check if there is more than 1 DHCP or BOOTP server on the network. 	SM1101	V
6100	The email connection is busy.	Retry the email connection later. This error does not cause the PLC to stop running. Solve the problem by means of the related flag in the program.	SM1113	x

		-		
6103	The trigger attachment mode in the email is set incorrectly.	Set up the trigger attachment mode in HWCONFIG > CPU Module > Device Setting > Options > Ethernet Port Advanced > Email > Trigger Setting > Trigger Attachment Mode.	SM1113	х
6104	The attachment in the email does not exist.	Check whether the attachment exists in the memory card.	SM1113	х
6105	The attachment in the email is oversized.	Check the size of the attachment. If the size is over 2 MB, the file cannot be sent as an attachment.	SM1113	х
6106	There is an SMTP server response timeout.	Check for the correct address and set up the SMTP server in HWCONFIG > CPU Module > Device Setting > Options > Ethernet Port Advanced > Email again.	SM1113	x
6107	There is an SMTP server response timeout.	 Check whether the status of the SMTP server is normal. Retry sending of the email later. This error does not cause the PLC to stop running. Solve the problem by means of the related flag in the program. 	SM1113	x
6108	SMTP verification failed	Check for the correct ID/Password and set up in HWCONFIG > CPU Module > Device Setting > Options > Ethernet Port Advanced > Email again.	SM1113	х
6200	The remote communication IP address set in the TCP socket function is illegal.	 Check the program and the related special data registers. Set the Ethernet parameter for the CPU module in HWCONFIG CPU Module > Device Setting > Options > Ethernet Port Advanced > TCP Socket. 	-	x
6201	The local communication port set in the TCP socket function is illegal.	 Check the program and the related special data registers. Set the Ethernet parameter for the CPU module in HWCONFIG CPU Module > Device Setting > Options > Ethernet Port Advanced > TCP Socket. 	-	x
6202	The remote communication port set in the TCP socket function is illegal.	 Check the program and the related special data registers. Set the Ethernet parameter for the CPU module in HWCONFIG CPU Module > Device Setting > Options > Ethernet Port Advanced > TCP Socket. 	-	x
6203	The device from which the data is sent in the TCP socket function is illegal.	 Check the program and the related special data registers. Set the Ethernet parameter for the CPU module in HWCONFIG CPU Module > Device Setting > Options > Ethernet Port Advanced > TCP Socket. 	-	x
6206	The device which receives the data in the TCP socket function is illegal.	 Check the program and the related special data registers. Set the Ethernet parameter for the CPU module in HWCONFIG CPU Module > Device Setting > Options > Ethernet Port Advanced > TCP Socket. 	-	x

	-			
6208	The data received through the TCP socket exceeds the device range.	 Check the program and the related special data registers. Set the Ethernet parameter for the CPU module in HWCONFIG CPU Module > Device Setting > Options > Ethernet Port Advanced > TCP Socket. 	-	x
6209	The remote communication IP address set in the UDP socket function is illegal.	 Check the program and the related special data registers. Set the Ethernet parameter for the CPU module in HWCONFIG CPU Module > Device Setting > Options > Ethernet Port Advanced > UDP Socket. 	-	x
620A	The local communication port set in the UDP socket function is illegal.	 Check the program and the related special data registers. Set the Ethernet parameter for the CPU module in HWCONFIG CPU Module > Device Setting > Options > Ethernet Port Advanced > UDP Socket. 	-	x
620C	The device from which the data is sent in the UDP socket function is illegal.	 Check the program and the related special data registers. Set the Ethernet parameter for the CPU module in HWCONFIG CPU Module > Device Setting > Options > Ethernet Port Advanced > UDP Socket. 	-	x
620F	The device which receives the data in the UDP socket function is illegal.	 Check the program and the related special data registers. Set the Ethernet parameter for the CPU module in HWCONFIG CPU Module > Device Setting > Options > Ethernet Port Advanced > UDP Socket. 	-	x
6210	The data received through the UDP socket exceeds the device range.	 Check the program and the related special data registers. Set the Ethernet parameter for the CPU module in HWCONFIG CPU Module > Device Setting > Options > Ethernet Port Advanced > UDP Socket. 	-	x
6212	There is no response from the remote device after the timeout period.	Make sure that the remote device is connected.	-	x
6213	The data received exceeds the limit.	 Check the program and the related special data registers. Set the Ethernet parameter for the CPU module in HWCONFIG CPU Module > Device Setting > Options > Ethernet Port Advanced > UDP Socket. 	-	x
6214	The remote device refuses the connection.	Make sure the remote device operates normally.	-	x
6215	The socket is not opened.	Check whether operational sequence in the program is correct.	-	x
6217	The socket is opened.	Check whether operational sequence in the program is correct.	-	x
6218	The data has been sent through the socket.	Check whether operational sequence in the program is correct.	-	x
6219	The data has been received through the	Check whether operational sequence in the	-	X

	socket.	program is correct.		
621A	The socket is closed.	Check whether operational sequence in the program is correct.	-	x
7011	The device communication function code in COM1 is incorrect.	 Check the communication setting in the master and the slave. Check the communication cable. 	-	н
7012	The device communication address used in COM1 is incorrect.	 Check the communication setting in the master and the slave. Check the communication cable. 	-	н
7013	The device used in COM1 exceeds the device range.	 Check the communication setting in the master and the slave. Check the communication cable. 	-	н
7014	The device length of the communication data in COM1 exceeds the limit.	 Check the communication setting in the master and the slave. Check the communication cable. 	-	н
7017	The device checksum for the communication serial port of COM1 is incorrect.	 Check the communication setting in the master and the slave. Check the communication cable. 	-	н
7021	The device communication function code in COM2 is incorrect.	 Check the communication setting in the master and the slave. Check the communication cable. 	-	н
7022	The device communication address used in COM2 is incorrect.	 Check the communication setting in the master and the slave. Check the communication cable. 	-	н
7023	The device used in COM2 exceeds the device range.	 Check the communication setting in the master and the slave. Check the communication cable. 	-	н
7024	The device length of the communication data in COM2 exceeds the limit.	 Check the communication setting in the master and the slave. Check the communication cable 	-	н
7027	The device checksum for the communication serial port of COM2 is incorrect.	 Check the communication setting in the master and the slave. Check the communication cable. 	-	н
7031	The device communication function code in the Ethernet is incorrect.	 Check the communication setting in the master and the slave. Check the communication cable. 	-	н
7032	The device communication address used in the Ethernet is incorrect.	 Check the communication setting in the master and the slave. Check the communication cable. 	-	н
7033	The device used in the Ethernet exceeds the device range.	 Check the communication setting in the master and the slave. Check the communication cable. 	-	н
7034	The device length of the communication data in the Ethernet exceeds the limit.	 Check the communication setting in the master and the slave. Check the communication cable. 	-	н
7037	The device checksum for the communication serial port of the Ethernet is incorrect.	 Check the communication setting in the master and the slave. Check the communication cable. 	-	н
7041	The device communication function code in the USB is incorrect.	 Check the communication setting in the master and the slave. Check the communication cable. 	-	н

7042	The device communication address used in the USB is incorrect.	 Check the communication setting in the master and the slave. Check the communication cable. 	-	н
7043	The device used in the USB exceeds the device range.	 Check the communication setting in the master and the slave. Check the communication cable. 	-	н
7044	The device length of the communication data in the USB exceeds the limit.	 Check the communication setting in the master and the slave. Check the communication cable. 	-	н
7047	The device checksum for the communication serial port of the USB is incorrect.	 Check the communication setting in the master and the slave. Check the communication cable. 	-	н
70B1	The device communication function code in function card 1 is incorrect.	 Check the communication setting in the master and the slave. Check the communication cable. 	-	н
70B2	The device communication address used in function card 1 is incorrect.	 Check the communication setting in the master and the slave. Check the communication cable. 	-	н
70B3	The device used in the function card 1 exceeds the device range.	 Check the communication setting in the master and the slave. Check the communication cable. 	-	н
70B4	The device length of the communication data in function card 1 exceeds the limit.	 Check the communication setting in the master and the slave. Check the communication cable. 	-	н
70B7	The device checksum for the communication serial port of function card 1 is incorrect.	 Check the communication setting in the master and the slave. Check the communication cable. 	-	н
70C1	The device communication function code in function card 2 is incorrect.	 Check the communication setting in the master and the slave. Check the communication cable. 	-	н
70C2	The device communication address used in function card 2 is incorrect.	 Check the communication setting in the master and the slave. Check the communication cable. 	-	н
70C3	The device used in function card 2 exceeds the device range.	 Check the communication setting in the master and the slave. Check the communication cable. 	-	н
70C4	The device length of the communication data in function card 2 exceeds the limit.	 Check the communication setting in the master and the slave. Check the communication cable. 	-	н
70C7	The device checksum for the communication serial port of function card 2 is incorrect.	 Check the communication setting in the master and the slave. Check the communication cable. 	-	н
7203	Invalid communication function code	 Refer to the function codes defined by the communication protocols. Check if the product firmware and the software used are the most updated versions. Make a note of the operation procedures and screenshots of the error windows and hand this note to the company or the technicians from the agents. 	-	н

8105	The contents of the program downloaded are incorrect. The program syntax is incorrect.	 Download the program and parameters again. Check the communication cable. Save all the projects and compress the projects into one compressed file and then hand this file to the company or the technicians from the agents. 	-	н
8106	The contents of the program downloaded are incorrect. The length of the execution code exceeds the limit.	 Download the program and parameters again. Save all the projects and compress the projects into one compressed file and then hand this file to the company or the technicians from the agents. 	-	Н
8107	The contents of the program downloaded are incorrect. The length of the source code exceeds the limit.	 Download the program and parameters again. Save all the projects and compress the projects into one compressed file and then hand this file to the company or the technicians from the agents. 	-	Н
8000 - 8FFF	Errors occur between software and PLC.	 Check if the product firmware and the software used are the most updated versions. Make a note of the operation procedures and screenshots of the error windows and hand this note to the company or the technicians from the agents. 		

12.3 Troubleshooting for I/O Modules

Introduction to troubleshotting modules

Digital I/O, analog I/O, temperature measurement, load cell, and network modules can be installed in an AS Series system. There are 2 types of error codes; error and warning. The CPU module and its modules stop operating when errors occur. The CPU modules and its modules do not stop operating when warnings are triggered.

12.3.1 Troubleshooting for Analog Modules (AD/DA/XA) and Temperature Modules (RTD/TC)

12.3.1.1 ERROR LED Indicators Are ON

The following errors are specified as warnings. You can set up HWCONFIG to make them appear as errors when the following errors occur.

Error Code	Description	Solution
16#1605	Hardware failure	Contact the factory.
16#1607	The external voltage is abnormal.	Check the power supply.
16#1608	The factory calibration or the CJC is abnormal.	Contact the factory.

12.3.1.2 ERROR LED Indicators Blinking Every 0.5 Seconds

The following errors are specified as warnings to ensure that the CPU module can still run even when the warnings are triggered by its AIO modules. You can set up HWCONFIG to have the following first 4 error codes appear as errors when they occur.

Error Code	Description	Solution
16#1801	The external voltage is abnormal.	Check the power supply.
16#1802	Hardware failure	Contact the factory.
16#1804	The factory calibration is abnormal.	Contact the factory.
16#1807	The CJC is abnormal.	Contact the factory.
16#1808	The signal received by channel 1 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).	Check the signal received by channel 1
16#1809	The signal received by channel 2 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).	Check the signal received by channel 2
16#180A	The signal received by channel 3 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).	Check the signal received by channel 3
16#180B	The signal received by channel 4 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).	Check the signal received by channel 4
16#180C	The signal received by channel 5 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).	Check the signal received by channel 5
16#180D	The signal received by channel 6 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).	Check the signal received by channel 6
16#180E	The signal received by channel 7 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).	Check the signal received by channel 7
16#180F	The signal received by channel 8 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).	Check the signal received by channel 8

12.3.2 Troubleshooting for the Load Cell Module AS02LC

12.3.2.1 ERROR LED Indicators Are ON

You can set up HWCONFIG to have the following appear as errors when they occur.

Error Code	Description	Solution				
16#1605	Hardware failure (that is, the driver board)	Contact the factory.				
16#1607	The external voltage is abnormal.	Check the power supply.				

12.3.2.2 ERROR LED Indicators Blinking Every 0.5 Seconds

The following errors are specified as warnings to ensure the CPU module can still run even when the warnings are triggered by its AIO modules. You can set up HWCONFIG to have the following first 3 error codes appear as errors when they occur.

Error Code	Description	Solution				
16#1801	The external voltage is abnormal.	Check the power supply.				
16#1802	Hardware failure	Contact the factory.				
16#1807	Diver board failure	Contact the factory.				
16#1808	The signal received by channel 1 exceeds the range of analog inputs or the SEN voltage is abnormal.	Check the signal received by channel 1 and the cable connections.				

Error Code	Description	Solution		
16#1809	The signal received by channel 1 exceeds the weight limit.	Check the value input to channel 1 and the maximum weight setting.		
16#180A	The factory calibration in channel 1 is incorrect.	Check the weight calibration in channel 1.		
16#180B	The signal received by channel 2 exceeds the range of analog inputs or the SEN voltage is abnormal.	Check the signal received by channel 2 and the cable connections.		
16#180C	The signal received by channel 2 exceeds the weight limit.	Check the value input to channel 2 and the maximum weight setting.		
16#180D	The factory calibration in channel 2 is incorrect.	Check the weight calibration in channel 1.		

12.3.3 Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Communication Module

12.3.3.1 ERROR LED Indicator Are ON

The following error codes identify possible errors when the AS00SCM module is installed on the right side of the CPU module and acts as a communication module.

Error Code	Description	Solution			
16#1605	Hardware failure	1. Check that the module is securely installed.			
		Install a new AS00SCM or contact the factory.			
16#1606	The function card setting is incorrect.	1. Check if the function card is securely installed.			
		2. Install a new function card or contact the factory.			
		Check if the setting in HWCONFIG is consistent with the function card setting.			
		4. Install a new AS00SCM or contact the factory.			

12.3.3.2 ERROR LED Indicators Blinking Every 0.5 Seconds

The following error codes identify possible errors when the AS00SCM module is installed on the right side of the CPU module and acts as a communication module.

Description	Solution				
Incorrect parameters	Check the parameter in HWCONFIG. Download the parameter again.				
Communication timeout	1. Check whether the communication cable is properly connected.				
	2. Check if the station number and the communication format are correctly set.				
	 Check if the connection with the function card is working correctly. 				
The UD Link setting is incorrect.	 Check the settings of the UD Link. Check the warning settings in the PLC 				
	Description Incorrect parameters Communication timeout The UD Link setting is incorrect.				

The following error codes can only be viewed with SCMSoft; when the following errors occur, they are not shown on the LED indicators and the system does not send the error messages to the CPU module.

Error Code	Description	Solution				
16#0107	The settings in HWCONFIG and manual settings are not consistent with function card 1.	Check the settings in HWCONFIG and manual setting for function card 1.				
16#0108	The settings in HWCONFIG and manual settings are not consistent for function card 2.	Check the settings in HWCONFIG and manual settings for function card 2.				
16#0201	Incorrect parameters	Check the parameter in HWCONFIG. Download the parameter again.				
16#0301	Function card 1 communication timeout	 Check if the station number and the communication format are correctly set. Check if the connection with the function card is working correctly. 				
16#0302	Function card 2 communication timeout	 Check if the station number and the communication format are correctly set. Check if the connection with the function card is working correctly. 				
16#0400	Invalid UD Link Group ID for function card 1	 Check the UD Link settings. Check the warning settings in the PLC. 				
16#0401	Invalid UD Link Group ID for function card 2	 Check the UD Link settings. Check the warning settings in the PLC. 				
16#0402	Invalid UD Link Command for function card 1	 Check the UD Link settings. Check the warning settings in the PLC. 				
16#0403	Invalid UD Link Command for function card 1	 Check the UD Link settings. Check the warning settings in the PLC. 				

12.3.4 Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Remote Module

Errors from the remote modules are regarded as warnings for AS Series CPU modules. The LED indicator of the CPU module blinks and the CPU module can still operate. Use flag SM30 to manage error presentation in the remote modules.

12.3.4.1 ERROR LED Indicators Are ON

Error codes:

Error Code	Description	Solution
16#1301	Hardware failure	 Check if the module is securely installed. Change and install a new AS00SCM or contact the factory.
16#1302	The function card setting is incorrect.	 Check if the function card is securely installed with the AS-FCOPM card. Change and install a new function card or contact the factory. Check if the setting in HWCONFIG is consistent with the function card setting. Install a new AS00SCM or contact the factory.

12.3.4.2 ERROR LED Indicators Blinking Every 0.5 Seconds

Error codes:

Error Code	Description	Solution
16#1502	Incorrect parameters	Check the parameter in HWCONFIG. Download the parameter again.
16#1503	Extension module communication timeout	Make sure the module is properly connected to the CPU module and turn the modules on again.

12.3.4.3 ERROR LED Indicators Blinking Every 0.2 Seconds

This happens when the 24 VDC power supply for the remote module is not sufficient. Check the power supply. If the power supply is normal, remove the extension module from the CPU module and then check if the SCM remote module is out of order. Error codes:

Error Code	Description	Solution
16#1303	24VDC power supply is not sufficient and then recovered from low-voltage for less than 10 ms.	Check whether the 24 V power supply to the module is normal.

12.3.5 Troubleshooting for AS01DNET Modules

Refer to sections 12.4.6 and 12.4.7 for more details.

12.4Error Codes and LED Indicators for CPU Modules

A. Columns

- **a.** Error code: If an error occurs in the system, an error code is generated.
- **b.** Description: The description of the error
- **c.** CPU status: If the error occurs, the CPU stops running, keeps running, or shows the status you defined for the error.
 - > Stop: The CPU stops running when the error occurs.
 - > Continue: The CPU keeps running when the error occurs.
- d. LED indicator status: If the error occurs, the LED indicator is ON, OFF, or blinks.
 - ERROR: System error

• Descriptions

Module Type	LED indicator	Descriptions		
CPU	Error LED	There are five types of error indicator states for of the CPU module errors, including LED indicator ON, OFF, blinking fast, blinking normally, and blinking slowly. When the LED indicator is ON, blinking fast/normally, clear the problems first in order to run the CPU module. When the LED indicator is blinking slowly, indicating a warning type of error codes, it does not require immediate action. Clear the problems when the module is powered off. Error type: ON: A serious error occurs in the module.		

12

Module Type	LED indicator	Descriptions
		Blinking fast (every 0.2 seconds): unstable power supply or hardware Failure.
		Blinking normally (every 0.5 second): system program errors or system cannot run.
		Warning type:
		Blinking slowly (every one second and off for three seconds): a warning is
		triggered, but the system can still run.
		OFF: a warning is triggered, but the system can still run. You can modify the rules of how a warning is triggered, or use the SM/SR to show the warnings.

12.4.1 Error Codes and LED Indicators for CPU Modules

Note: refer to Section 12.3 for the status descriptions of the Error LED indicators.

Error		CPU	ERROR LED indicator status				
code	Description	status	ON	Blinking fast	Blinking normally	Blinking slowly	OFF
000A	Scan timeout	Stop	V				
000C	The program in the PLC is damaged.	Stop			V		
0010	The access to the memory in the CPU is denied.	Stop			V		
0011	The PLC ID is incorrect.	Continue					V
0012	The PLC password is incorrect.	Continue					V
0026	RTC cannot keep track of the current time (the battery LED is blinking.)	Continue					
0027	Battery low (the battery LED is ON.)	Continue					
002A	24VDC power supply is not sufficient and then is recovered from low-voltage for less than 10 ms.	Continue		v			
002D	The PLC maximum password attempts exceeded.	Continue					V
002E	The access to the external memory of the CPU is denied.	Stop			V		
002F	PLC programs are not consistent with the system logs.	Stop			V		
0050	The memories in the latched special auxiliary relays are abnormal.	Continue					V
0051	The latched special data registers are abnormal.	Continue					V
0052	The memories in the latched auxiliary relays are abnormal.	Continue					V
0054	The latched counters are abnormal.	Continue					V
0055	The latched 32-bit counters are abnormal.	Continue					V
0056	The latched special auxiliary relay is abnormal.	Continue					V
0059	The latched data registers are abnormal.	Continue					V
005D	The CPU module does not detect a memory card.	Continue					V
005E	The memory card is initialized incorrectly.	Continue					V
0063	An error occurs when data is written to the memory card.	Continue					V

AS Series Hardware Manual

Error	Error		ERROR LED indicator status				
code	Description	status	ON	Blinking fast	Blinking normally	Blinking slowly	OFF
0064	A file in the memory card cannot be read.	Continue					V
0070	The actual arrangement of the function cards is not consistent with the settings.	Stop			V		
0102	The interrupt number exceeds the range.	Stop			V		
0202	The MC instruction exceeds the range.	Stop			V		
0302	The MCR instruction exceeds the range.	Stop			V		
0D03	The operands used in DHSCS are not used properly.	Stop			V		
0E05	The operands HCXXX used in DCNT are not used properly.	Stop			V		
1300 - 130F	Errors occurred in the remote modules	s Continue			V		
1402	The arrangement of the I/O modules is not consistent with the settings.	Stop			V		
140B	Number of communication modules exceeds the limit of four.	Is the Stop V		V			
140D	Number of extension modules exceeds the limit of 32.	Stop			V		
140E	Number of remote modules exceeds the limit of eight on the right side of the CPU module.	Stop			V		
1500	Connection lost in the remote modules	Continue				V	
1502 - 150F	Errors occurred in the remote modules	Continue				V	
1600	The ID of the extension module exceeds the range.	Stop			V		
1601	The ID of the extension module cannot be set.	Stop			V		
1602	The ID of the extension module is duplicated.	Stop			V		
1603	The extension module cannot be operated.	Stop			V		
1604	Extension module communication timeout	Stop			V		
1605	Hardware failure	Stop			V		
1606	Errors on the communication module function card	Stop			V		
1607	The external voltage is abnormal.	Stop			V		
1608	The Internal factory calibration or the CJC is abnormal.	Stop			V		
1609 - 160F	Reserved (Error codes for the extension modules)	Stop			V		
1800 - 180F	Errors occurred in the extension modules	Continue				V	

Error	e Description		ERROR LED indicator status				
code			ON	Blinking fast	Blinking normally	Blinking slowly	OFF
1900 - 191C	Heartbeat errors occurred in the slave of the Delta ASD-A2 control.	Continue				V	
1950	The initialization of the Delta ASD-A2 control has not yet been completed, the CANopen instructions cannot be executed.	Continue					V
2001	Not using the FCOMP card or not in the right mode for the ASDA-A2 while using the CANopen communication instruction.	Continue					V
2003	The device used in the program exceeds the device range.	Continue					V
200A	Invalid instruction	Stop			V		
200B	The operand n or the other constant operands K/H exceed the range.	Continue					V
200C	The operands overlap.	Continue					V
200D	The binary to binary-coded decimal conversion is incorrect.	Continue					V
200E	The string does not end with 00.	Continue					V
2012	Incorrect division operation	Continue					V
2013	The value exceeds the range of values which can be represented by the floating-point numbers.	Continue					V
2014	The task designated by the TKON or YKOFF instruction is incorrect, or exceeds the range.	Continue					V
2017	The instruction BREAK is written outside of the FOR-NEXT loop.	Continue					V
2027	No such position planning table number or the format is incorrect.	Continue					V
2028	The high speed output instruction is being executed. Only one instruction can be executed at a time.	Continue					V
6004	The IP address filter is set incorrectly.	Continue					V
600D	RJ45 port is not connected.	Continue					V
6010	The number of the MODBUS TCP connections exceeds the range.	Continue			V		
6011	The number of the EtherNet/IP connections exceeds the range.	Continue			V		
6012	There are devices using the same IP address.	Continue					V
6100	The email connection is busy.	Continue					V
6103	The trigger attachment mode in the email is set incorrectly.	Continue					V
6104	The attachment in the email does not exist.	Continue					V
6105	The attachment in the email is too big.	Continue					V
6106	There is an SMTP server response timeout.	Continue					V
6107	There is an SMTP server response timeout.	Continue					V
6108	SMTP verification failed	Continue					V

Error	or Description		ERROR LED indicator status				
code	Description	status	ON	Blinking fast	Blinking normally	Blinking slowly	OFF
6200	The remote communication IP address set in the TCP socket function is illegal.	Continue					v
6201	The local communication port set in the TCP socket function is illegal.	Continue					V
6202	The remote communication port set in the TCP socket function is illegal.	Continue					V
6203	The device from which the data is sent in the TCP socket function is illegal.	Continue					V
6206	The device that receives the data in the TCP socket function is illegal.	Continue					V
6208	The data that is received through the TCP socket exceeds the device range.	Continue					V
6209	The remote communication IP address set in the UDP socket function is illegal.	Continue					V
620A	The local communication port set in the UDP socket function is illegal.	Continue					V
620C	The device from which the data is sent in the UDP socket function is illegal.	which the data is sent in the UDP Continue			V		
620F	20F The device that receives the data in the UDP socket Continue				V		
6210	10 The data that is received through the UDP socket exceeds the device range.						V
6212	There is no response from the remote device after the timeout period.	after Continue			v		
6213	The data received exceeds the limit.	Continue					V
6214	The remote device refuses the connection.	Continue					V
6215	The socket is not opened.	Continue					V
6217	The socket is opened.	Continue					V
6218	The data has been sent through the socket.	Continue					V
6219	The data has been received through the socket.	Continue					V
621A	The socket is closed.	Continue					V
7011	The device communication function code in COM1 is incorrect.	Continue					V
7012	The device communication address used in COM1 is incorrect.	Continue					V
7013	The device used in COM1 exceeds the device range.	Continue					V
7014	The device length of the communication data in COM1 exceeds the limit.	Continue					v
7017	The device checksum for the communication serial port of COM1 is incorrect.	Continue					v
7021	The device communication function code in COM2 is incorrect.	Continue					V
7022	The device communication address used in COM2 is incorrect.	Continue					V

Error		CPU	ERROR LED indicator status				
code	Description	status	ON	Blinking fast	Blinking normally	Blinking slowly	OFF
7023	The device used in COM2 exceeds the device range.	Continue					V
7024	The device length of the communication data in COM2 exceeds the limit.	Continue					V
7027	The device checksum for the communication serial port of COM2 is incorrect.	Continue					V
7031	The device communication function code in Ethernet is incorrect.	Continue					V
7032	The device communication address used in Ethernet is incorrect.	Continue					V
7033	The device used in Ethernet exceeds the device range.	Continue					V
7034	The device length of the communication data in Ethernet exceeds the limit.	Continue					V
7037	The device checksum for the communication serial port of Ethernet is incorrect.	Continue					V
7041	The device communication function code in USB is incorrect.	Continue					V
7042	The device communication address used in USB is incorrect.	Continue					V
7043	The device used in USB exceeds the device range.	Continue					V
7044	The device length of the communication data in USB exceeds the limit.						V
7047	7 The device checksum for the communication serial port of USB is incorrect.						V
70B1	The device communication function code in function card 1 is incorrect.	Continue					V
70B2	The device communication address used in function card 1 is incorrect.	Continue					V
70B3	The device used in function card 1 exceeds the device range.	Continue					V
70B4	The device length of the communication data in function card 1 exceeds the limit.	Continue					V
70B7	The device checksum for the communication serial port of function card 1 is incorrect.	Continue					V
70C1	The device communication function code in function card 2 is incorrect.	Continue					V
70C2	The device communication address used in function card 2 is incorrect.	Continue					V
70C3	The device used in function card 2 exceeds the device range.	Continue					V
70C4	The device length of the communication data in function card 2 exceeds the limit.	Continue					V
70C7	The device checksum for the communication serial port of function card 2 is incorrect.	Continue					V
7203	Invalid communication function code	Continue					V

Error	Error Description CPU status		ERROR LED indicator status				
code			ON	Blinking fast	Blinking normally	Blinking slowly	OFF
8105	The contents of the downloaded program are incorrect. The program syntax is incorrect.	Continue					v
8106	The contents of the downloaded program are incorrect. The length of the execution code exceeds the limit.	Continue					v
8107	The contents of the downloaded program are incorrect. The length of the source code exceeds the limit.	Continue					v
8000 - 8FFF	Errors occur between software and PLC.	Continue					v

12.4.2 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Analog/Temperature Modules

		ERROR LED i	ndicator status
Error code	Error code Description		ERROR
16#1605	Hardware failure	OFF	ON
16#1607	The external voltage is abnormal.	OFF	ON
16#1608	The factory calibration or the CJC is abnormal.	OFF	ON
16#1801*1	The external voltage is abnormal.	OFF	Blinking
16#1802*1	Hardware failure	OFF	Blinking
16#1804*1	The factory calibration is abnormal.	RUN: Blinking STOP: OFF	Blinking
16#1807*1	The CJC is abnormal.	OFF	Blinking
16#1808	The signal received by channel 1 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).		
16#1809	The signal received by channel 2 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).	_	
16#180A	The signal received by channel 3 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).	_	
16#180B	The signal received by channel 4 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).	RUN: Blinking	Dlinking
16#180C	The signal received by channel 5 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).	STOP: OFF	Biinking
16#180D	The signal received by channel 6 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).		
16#180E	The signal received by channel 7 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).		
16#180F	The signal received by channel 8 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).		

*1: The following errors are specified as warnings to ensure the CPU module can still run even when the warnings are

triggered by its AIO modules. You can set up HWCONFIG to have the following first 4 error codes appear as errors when they occur.

Error codo Description		ERROR LED in	ndicator status
	Description	$A \rightarrow D$	ERROR
16#1605	Hardware failure (the diver board included)	OFF	ON
16#1607	The external voltage is abnormal.	OFF	ON
16#1801*1	The external voltage is abnormal.	OFF	Blinking
16#1802*1	Hardware failure	OFF	Blinking
16#1807*1	Diver board failure	OFF	Blinking
16#1808	The signal received by channel 1 exceeds the range of analog inputs or the SEN voltage is abnormal.		
16#1809	The signal received by channel 1 exceeds the weight limit.		
16#180A	The factory calibration in channel 1 is incorrect.	RUN: Blinking	Dlinking
16#180B	80B The signal received by channel 2 exceeds the range of analog inputs or the SEN voltage is abnormal. STOP: OFF		Biinking
16#180C	The signal received by channel 2 exceeds the weight limit.		
16#180D	The factory calibration in channel 2 is incorrect.		

12.4.3 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Load Cell Module AS02LC

*1: The following errors are specified as warnings to ensure the CPU module can still run even when the warnings are triggered by its AIO modules. You can set up HWCONFIG to have the following first 3 error codes appear as errors when they occur.

12.4.4 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS00SCM as a Communication Module

Error Code	Description	ERROR LED ir	ED indicator status	
	beschpion	ON	Blinking	
16#1605	Hardware failure	V		
16#1606	The setting of the function card is incorrect.	V		
16#1802	Incorrect parameters		V	
16#1803	Communication timeout		V	
16#1804	The setting of the UD Link is incorrect.		V	

12.4.5 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS00SCM as a Remote Module

Error Code	Description	ERROR	LED indicator s	tatus
Endi Code	Description	ON	Blinking	Blinking fast
16#1301	Hardware failure	V		
16#1302	The setting of the function card is incorrect.	V		

Error Code Description		ERROR LED indicator status				
Error Code	Description	ON	Blinking	Blinking fast		
16#1303	24 VDC power supply is not sufficient and then is recovered from a low-voltage less than 10ms situation.			V		
16#1502	Incorrect parameters		V			
16#1503	Extension module communication timeout		V			

12

12.4.6 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS01DNET (Master/Slave Mode)

Code	Explanation	Correction		
0~63	Node address of AS01DNET-A (in normal operation)			
80	AS01DNET-A is in STOP status.	Turn the PLC to RUN and start I/O data exchange		
F0	The node ID of AS01DNET is the same as that of other node or exceeds the allowed range.	 Ensure that the node address of AS01DNET is unique. Re-power AS01DNET. 		
F1	No slave is configured in Scan List.	Configure the scan list and then download the configuration to AS01DNET.		
F2	Too low voltage of the work power	Check if the power supply for AS01DNET and the PLC is normal.		
F3	AS01DNET enters the test mode	Switch the function switch IN1 from On to Off and re-power AS01DNET-A.		
F4	BUS-OFF	 Check if the network cable is normal and the shielded cable is grounded. Check if the baud rates of all nodes in the network are same. Check if the start and end of the network cable are both connected with a 121Ω terminal resistor. Re-power AS01DNET-A. 		
F5	No network power	 Check if the network cable is normal. Ensure that the network power is normal. 		
F6	Internal error; Flash or RAM check error	If the error still exists after re-power, send AS01DNET-A back to the factory for repair.		
F8	Error produced in factory manufacturing	If the error still exists after re-power, send AS01DNET-A back to the factory for repair.		
F9	Internal error; EEPROM access failure	If the error still exists after re-power, send AS01DNET-A back to the factory for repair.		
FA	Invalid configuration data	 Configure the network correctly and re-download it to AS01DNET-A. Check if the node address of one slave in the scan list is the same as that of AS01DNET-A. 		
E0	Identification parameters returned from the slave do not match the configuration data.	 Check if there is any change in node ID of the slave in the network. Check if some node device in the network is replaced. Re-configure the network. 		
E1	I/O Data size returned does not match that in the scan list.	Re-configure I/O data size of the slave, download the configuration to AS01DNET-A and run the PLC.		

12-26

Code	Explanation	Correction
E2	The slave device in the scan list does not exist or is offline when AS01DNET-A is in master mode. The I/O connection between the slave AS01DNET-A and the master is broken when AS01DNET-A is in slave mode.	 Check if there is a change in the node address of the slave. Check if the communication cable is disconnected or connected loosely. Check if the bus cable length exceeds the maximum transmission distance. If so, the system may not be stable.
E3	AS01DNET-A fails to transmit data.	 Make sure that the connection between AS01DNET-A and the network is normal. Check if the baud rate of AS01DNET-A is the same as that of other node in the network.
E4	Error detected in sequence of fragmented I/O data from the slave device.	Check if the slave is operating normally.
E5	The slave device returns error when AS01DNET-A attempts to communicate with it.	Check if the slave is operating normally.
E6	IO data size returned from the slave is bigger than that configured in Scan List.	Check that the IO data size of the slave should be the same as that configured in Scan List.
E7	AS01DNET-A is checking MAC ID.	 If the code is displayed long, do the troubleshooting according to the following steps. Make sure that at least two nodes work normally in the network. Check if either end of the network is connected with the terminal resistor of 121Ω. Check if the baud rates of the node devices in the network are same. Check if the communication cable is normal so as to avoid that the cable is disconnected or connected loosely. Check if the bus cable length exceeds the maximum transmission distance. If so, the system may not be stable. Check if the shielded wire of the network cable is grounded. Re-power AS01DNET-A scanner module.

12.4.7 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS01DNET (RTU Mode)

Code	Indication	How to deal with
0~63	Node ID of the scanner module (When in RUN state)	No correction needed
F0	The node ID is repeated or exceeds allowed range.	 Ensure that the node ID of AS01DNET (RTU) is unique in the DeviceNet network within the range of 0~63. Repower it on after changing the node ID.
F1	No I/O module is configured to AS01DNET (RTU) in the DeviceNet Builder software.	Add I/O modules in AS01DNET (RTU) in the DeviceNet Builder software and download the configuration data to AS01DNET (RTU) after the configuration is finished.
F2	The work voltage of AS01DNET (RTU) is too low.	Check if the power supply for AS01DNET (RTU) works normally.
F3	AS01DNET (RTU) enters the test mode.	Repower AS01DNET (RTU).

Code	Indication	How to deal with
F4	AS01DNET (RTU) is the Bus-Off state.	 Check if the network communication cable is normal and the shielded cable is grounded. Ensure the baud rates of all network nodes are same. Check if the two ends of the network are both connected with a 120Ω terminal resistor. Repower the scanner module.
F5	No network power supply for AS01DNET(RTU)	 Check if the network cable is normal. Check if the network power supply is normal. (The external 24V DC network power supply is connected between red V+ and black V- of AS01DNET (RTU) .)
F6	Internal error; An error in the internal storage units of AS01DNET (RTU)	Return the product to factory for repair if the error still exists after re-power on.
F7	Internal error; An error in the data exchange units of AS01DNET (RTU)	Return the product to factory for repair if the error still exists after re-power on.
F8	Manufacture error	Return the product to factory for repair if the error still exists after re-power on.
F9	Internal error; An error in the access of the Flash of AS01DNET (RTU)	Return the product to factory for repair if the error still exists after re-power on.
E4	Module error	Check if an error occurs in the modules connected to the right side of AS01DNET (RTU); Check if the module exists; Check if current module matches that configured in the software; Check if the unconfigured module is added.
E7	Repeated node ID detection	 If the code has emerged for a long time, please shoot troubles in the methods below. 1. Ensure that there are at least two nodes working normally in the network. 2. Check if the two ends of the network are both connected with a 121Ω terminal resistor. 3. Ensure that the baud rates of all network nodes are same. 4. Check if the network cable has a problem such as being disconnected and loosened. 5. Check if the bus communication cable length exceeds maximum transmission distance. If the maximum transmission distance is exceeded, the stability of the system can not be ensured. 6. Check if the shielded wire of the network communication cable is grounded. 7. Turn on the power of AS01DNET (RTU) again.
E9	The number of I/O modules connected to AS01DNET (RTU) exceeds the maximum 8.	Check if the number of I/O modules connected to AS01DNET (RTU) is more than 8.
80	AS01DNET (RTU) is in STOP state.	1. Check if the RUN/STOP switch of the PLC connected to the DeviceNet master is turned to RUN.

Code	Indication	How to deal with
		 Check if the value of control word of AS01DNET (RTU) is For details, refer to section 10.5.4.3.4.
83	The AS01DNET (RTU) configuration in the software is being downloading.	Wait until the download of AS01DNET (RTU) configuration data is completed.

MEMO



Appendix A Installing a USB Driver

Table of Contents

A.1 Installing the USB Driver for an AS Series CPU module in Windows XP
A.2 Installing the USB Driver for an AS Series CPU module in Windows 7 A-6
A.3 Installing the USB Driver for an AS Series CPU module in Windows 8.A-11
A.4 Installing the USB Driver for an AS Series CPU module in Windows 10A-13
A.1 Installing the USB Driver for an AS Series CPU module in Windows XP with SP3

The instructions below show how to install the USB driver for an AS Series CPU module on Windows XP. To install the USB driver on another operating system, refer to the instructions in the operating system for information on installing new hardware.

Before you install the USB driver, you must install ISPSoft version 3.00 or above on your computer.

 Supply power to the AS Series CPU module. Connect the AS Series CPU module to a USB port on your computer with a USB cable. In the Found New Hardware Wizard, select No, not this time and then click Next.



(2) The wizard displays the name of the detected USB device. Select Install from a list or specific location (Advanced) and then click Next.



(3) After you install ISPSoft version 3.00 or above, the driver for the AS CPU module is under the folder where you installed ISPSoft: ...\ISPSoft\drivers\Delta_PLC_USB_Driver\.

Select **Include this location in the search** and enter the correct path, or click **Browse** to browse for the correct folder. Click **Next** to continue the installation.

Found New Hardware Wizard				
Please choose your search and installation options.				
Search for the best driver in these locations.				
Use the check boxes below to limit or expand the default search, which includes local paths and removable media. The best driver found will be installed. Search removable media (floppy, CD-ROM) Include this location in the search: C:\Program Files\Delta Industrial Automation\ISPSoft				
O Don't search. I will choose the driver to install.				
Choose this option to select the device driver from a list. Windows does not guarantee that the driver you choose will be the best match for your hardware.				
Cancel				



(4) The system installs the driver. If the Hardware Installation message appears during the installation, click Continue Anyway.



(5) Click Finish.



(6) Open the Windows Device Manager window. If the Delta PLC port for the USB device is under Ports (COM & LPT), the installation of the driver is successful, and Windows assigns a communication port number to the USB device.



Additional remarks

- If you connect the PLC to a different USB port on the computer, the system may ask you to install the driver again. Follow the steps above, and install the driver again. After you install the driver, the communication port number that the operating system assigns to the USB device may have changed.
- If Windows XP has not been updated to the version SP3 on the computer, an error message stating the missing files will appear during the installation. Resolve this issue with one of the following steps.
 - (a) Cancel the installation, install Windows XP SP3 on the computer, and reinstall the driver according to the steps above.
 - (b) Get the file needed, and specify the path where the file is stored for the missing file in the error message window.

Δ

A.2 Installing the USB Driver for an AS Series CPU module in Windows 7

This section describes the steps to install the USB driver for an AS Series CPU module on Windows 7. To install the USB driver for an AS Series CPU module on another operating system, refer to the instructions in the operating system for information about installing new hardware.

Before you install the USB driver, you must install ISPSoft version 3.00 or above on your computer.

Supply power to the AS Series CPU module. Connect the AS Series CPU module to a USB port on the computer with a USB cable.

 Windows detects the module. From the Windows Control Panel, open the Device Manager. The name of the USB device appears in the Device Manager window. Double-click the AS300.



(2) In the AS300 Properties dialog box, click Update Driver.....

1	AS300		
-	Device type:	Other devices	
	Manufacturer:	Unknown	
	Location: Port_#0001.Hub_#0003		
Cici			
To f	ind a driver for this o	device, click Update Univer.	

(3) Click Browse my computer for driver software.

4

•	Search automatically for updated driver software Windows will search your computer and the Internet for the latest driver software for your device, unless you've disabled this feature in your device installation
1	settings.
•	Browse my computer for driver software Locate and install driver software manually.
	₽.

Δ

(4) After you install ISPSoft version 3.00 or later, the driver for the AS Series CPU module is under the folder where you installed ISPSoft ...\ISPSoft\drivers\Delta_PLC_USB_Driver\. Enter the path to the driver, or click Browse to browse to the correct folder.

Specify the correct path. If you installed the driver for the AS series CPU module to another location, specify the corresponding path. Click **Next** to continue the installation.

Industrial Automa Include subfolde	tion\ISPSoft 3.02\drivers\Delta_PLC_USB_D	
Include subfolde		Browse
Let me pic This list will st	from a list of device drivers on	my computer
software in th	same category as the device.	ten ene device, and an onver
		Next
	_	
	マケ	
	elect the folder that contains drivers for	your hardware.
	elect the folder that contains drivers for	your hardware.
	elect the folder that contains drivers for	your hardware.
	elect the folder that contains drivers for	your hardware.
	elect the folder that contains drivers for	your hardware.
	elect the folder that contains drivers for CANopenBuilder CANopenBuilder Data Data DataLogger	your hardware.
	elect the folder that contains drivers for	your hardware.

(5) Click **OK**. The system installs the driver. If the **Windows Security** window appears during the installation, click **Install this driver software anyway**.



(6) When the installation completes, click **Close**.



A-9

Close

(7) Open the Device Manager window again. If the name of the Delta USB device appears under Ports (COM & LPT), the installation of the driver is successful. The operating system assigns a communication port number to the USB device.



Additional remarks

• If you connect the PLC to a different USB port on the computer, the system may ask you to install the driver again. Install the driver again. After you install the driver, the communication port number that the operating system assigns to the USB device may have changed.

A.3 Installing the USB Driver for an AS Series CPU module in Windows 8

Windows 8 driver signature enforcement provides a way to improve the security of the operating system by validating the integrity of a driver or system file each time it is loaded into memory. Because the Delta PLC USB driver does not include the driver signature, this section shows you how to disable driver signature enforcement in Windows 8 to successfully install the Delta PLC USB driver. Once you disable the driver signature enforcement setting, it returns to its original state after you restart Windows.

Follow these steps to disable driver signature enforcement in Windows 8.

- 1. Press the Windows button [WIN] + [I] on your keyboard to display the **Settings** window. Click **Change PC settings**.
- 2. The PC settings window appears. Click General and then click Restart now under Advanced startup.

Settings Delatop	
Control Panel Personalization IPC info Help	PC settings Language Activate Windows Attractory input lentration (report lentration) and input lentration (report lentration) Personalize Available storage Users Available storage Notifications Mersonalize Share Refressin your PC without affecting your files Share Refressin your PC without affecting your files Privacy Privacy Devices Refressin time were then used time preservery time and report affect in an electry or case the instance were then used time preservery time and report affect in an electry meres
Affilie Image: Section 2014 Notifications Image: Section 2014 Notifications Power Keyboard	Ease of Access Sync your settings HomeGroup Windows Update

3. After the computer restarts, under Choose an option, click Troubleshoot. Under Troubleshoot, click Advanced options.



- Α
- On the Advanced options page, click Startup Settings, and then on the Startup Settings page, click Restart to restart the computer.

	S	© Startup Settings
Use a response point recorded on your PC to restore Windows	Command Prompt Use the Command Prompt for advanced troubles/conting	Restart to change Windows options such as:
System Image Recovery Prover Windows saling a specific system image file	Change Windows startup behavior	Enable debugging mode Enable debugging Enable Soft Mode Dicable drive optimizer w forcoment. Dicable and yourshift in official and your default Dicable and yourshift in optimizer gradiection Dicable and endemic restart on system failure
Automatic Repair Fix problems that keep Windows from loading	12	Ner

5. Press the 7 or F7 key on your keyboard to choose **Disable driver signature enforcement**. Press Enter and the system directs you back to the Windows 8 operating system. Install the Delta PLC USB driver now by connecting the AS Series CPU module to your computer's USB port. Refer to Section A2 for the steps to install the USB driver.



A.4 Installing the USB Driver for an AS Series CPU module in Windows 10

Windows 10 driver signature enforcement provides a way to improve the security of the operating system by validating the integrity of a driver or system file each time it is loaded into memory. Because the Delta PLC USB driver does not include the driver signature, this section shows you how to disable driver signature enforcement in Windows 10 to successfully install the Delta PLC USB. Once you disable the driver signature enforcement setting, it returns to its original state after restarting Windows.

This section describes the steps to disable driver signature enforcement in Windows 10.

- 1. Click the Windows **Start** button and then click **Settings**.
- A (Setting) B (Update & Security) Windows Settings Buser Baser Bower Ask me anything B Ask me anything
- 2. In the Settings window, click Update & Security.

3. In the Settings window, click Recovery, and then click Restart now.



4. After the computer restarts, under **Choose an Option**, click **Troubleshoot**, and then click **Advanced options**.



5. On the Advanced options page, click Startup Settings. On the Startup Settings page click Restart to restart the computer.



6. On your keyboard, press 7 or F7 to choose **Disable driver signature enforcement**, and the system directs you to the Windows 10 operating system page. Install the Delta PLC USB driver.



 Install the USB driver for the AS Series CPU module by connecting the AS Series CPU module to your computer's USB port. Refer to Section A2 for the steps to install the USB driver. MEMO





Appendix B Device Addresses

Table of Contents

B.1	Device Addresses	B-2
-----	------------------	-----

B.1 Device Addresses

Standard Modbus device addresses:

Dovico	Turno	Format	Device range	Modbus address	AS300 Address
Device	Type			(Decimal number)	(Hexadecimal number)
v	Bit	DD.DD	X0.0-X63.15	124577-125600	6000-63FF
	Word	DD	X0-X63	332769-332832	8000-803F
Y	Bit	DD.DD	Y0.0-Y63.15	040961-041984	A000-A3FF
	Word	DD	Y0-Y63	440961-441024	A000-A03F
М	Bit	DDDD	M0-M8191	000001-008192	0000-1FFF
SM	Bit	DDDD	SM0-SM4095	016385-020480	4000-4FFF
SR	Word	DDDD	SR0-SR2047	449153-451200	C000-C7FF
D	Word	DDDDD	D0-D29999	400001-430000	0000-752F
S	Bit	DDDD	S0-S2047	020481-022528	5000-57FF
т	Bit	DDD	T0-T511	057345-057856	E000-E1FF
	Word	DDD	T0-T511	457345-457856	E000-E1FF
с	Bit	DDD	C0-C511	061441-061952	F000-F1FF
	Word	DDD	C0-C511	461441-461952	F000-F1FF
нс	Bit	DDD	HC0-HC255	064513-064768	FC00-FCFF
	DWord	DDD	HC0-HC255	464513-464768	FC00-FCFF
E	Word	DD	E0-E9	465025-465039	FE00-FE09